

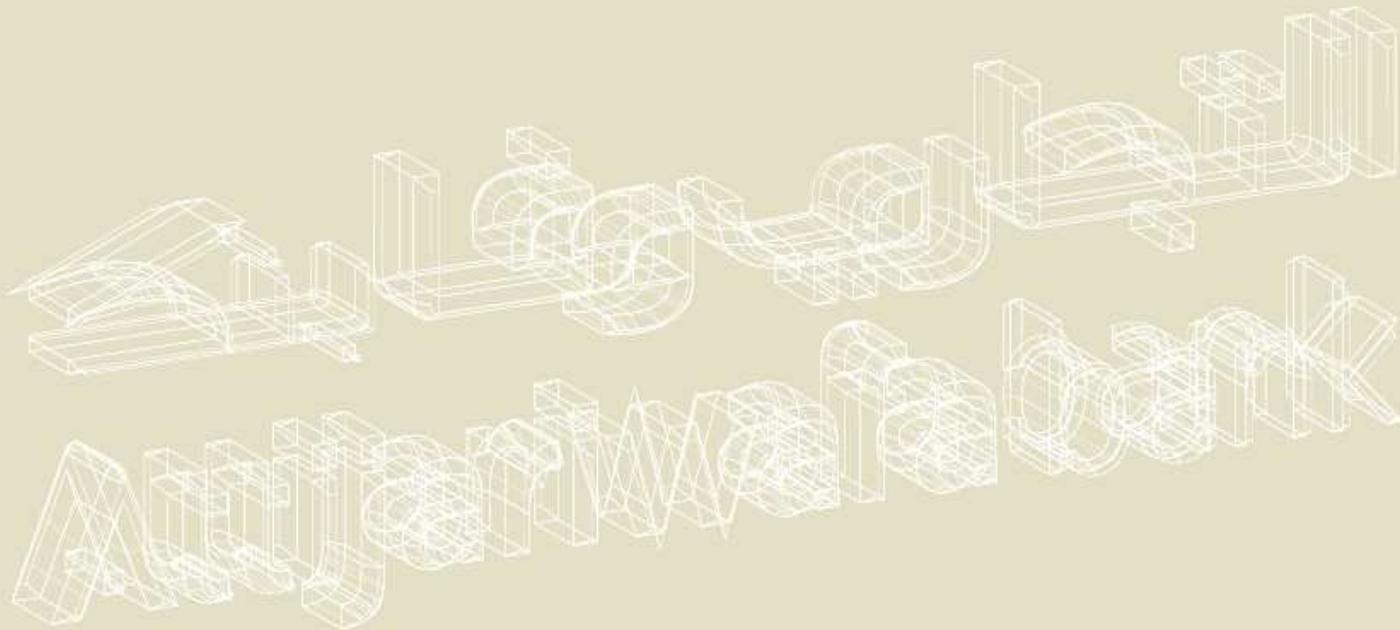


التجاري وفا بنك
Attijariwafa Bank

RESULTS PRESENTATION

As of 31 December

13



Agenda

Overview of the economic environment

IFRS consolidated financial statements as of December 31st, 2013

Analysis of the main contributors

Attijariwafa bank share price performance

Macro-economic environment in 2013

Africa

Real GDP growth

	2012	2013 ^E	2014 ^F
Africa	6.6%	4.8%	5.3%
North Africa	9.5%¹	3.9%	4.3%
West Africa	6.6%	6.7%	7.4%
WAEMU ²	5.8%	6.0%	6.3%
Central Africa	5.7%	4.0%	5.4%
EMCCA ³	5.5%	3.7%	5.3%
East Africa	4.5%	5.2%	5.6%
Southern Africa	3.7%	4.1%	4.6%

Economic trends in Africa

Economic growth in Africa: 4.8% in 2013^E vs. 6.6% in 2012
(excluding Libya, economic growth up from 4.2% to 4.5%)

North Africa:

- Slowdown in North African economic growth (**3.9% in 2013^E vs. 9.5%¹ in 2012**)
 - Morocco: **4.5% in 2013^E vs. 2.7% in 2012**
 - Egypt: **2.0% in 2013^E vs. 2.2% in 2012**
 - Algeria: **3.2% in 2013^E vs. 2.5% in 2012**
 - Tunisia: **2.7% in 2013^E vs. 3.6% in 2012**
 - Libya: **15.0% in 2013^E vs. 95.5% in 2012**

WAEMU⁽²⁾:

- **GDP growth rate of 6.0% in 2013^E vs. 5.8% in 2012**
- **Inflation rate at 1.6% in 2013^E vs. 2.4% in 2012**

EMCCA⁽³⁾ :

- **GDP growth of 3.7% in 2013^E vs. 5.5% in 2012**
- **Inflation rate of 2.5% in 2013^E vs. 3.5% in 2012**

Source BAD, FMI

(1) 4.7% excluding Libya

(2) WAEMU: Senegal, Burkina Faso, Mali, Ivory-Coast, Benin, Niger, Togo and Guinea-Bissau,

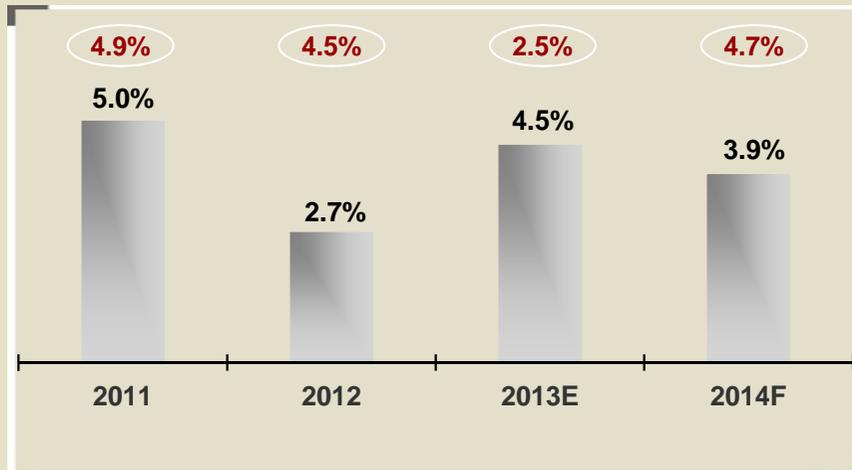
(3) EMCCA: Cameroon, Congo, Gabon, Equatorial Guinea, Central African Republic and Chad

Macro-economic environment in 2013 Morocco (1/2)

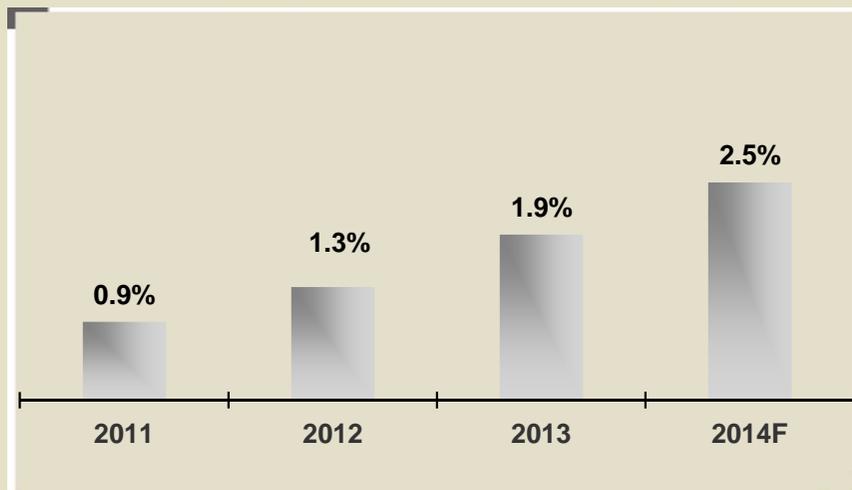
X%

Non agricultural
GDP growth rate

Real GDP growth



Inflation



Economic growth

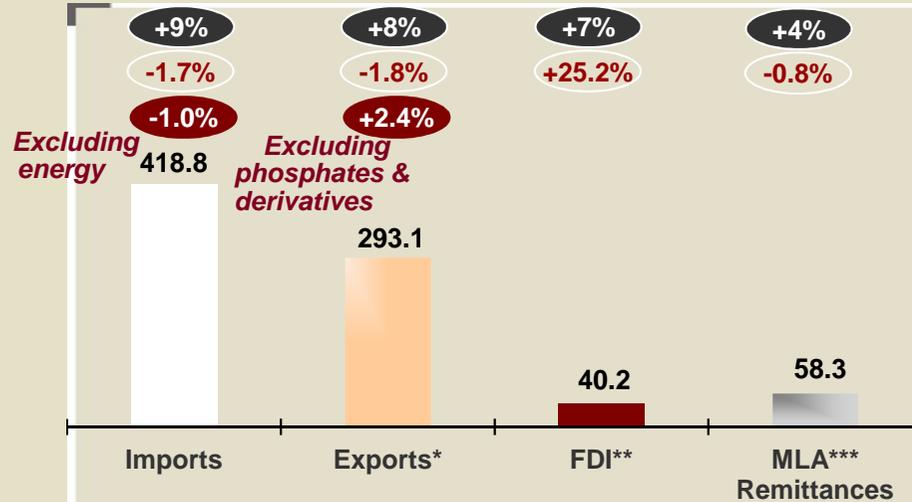
- **GDP growth of 4.5% in 2013^E** which is one of the highest rates in the MENA region:
 - Weaker **non agricultural activity (2.5% in 2013^E vs 4.5% in 2012)**
 - Strong **growth of agricultural GDP (+15.5%)** thanks to a good **cereal harvest (97 million quintals in 2013^E vs. 50.7 million quintals in 2012)**
 - **Increase of Moroccan domestic private consumption: +5.6%** in 2013 vs. 3.6% in 2012 benefiting primarily from the improvement of the agricultural activity
 - **Stagnation of external demand to Morocco (+0.5% in 2013 vs. -0.5% in 2012)** due to the ongoing European recession

Inflation & Monetary policy

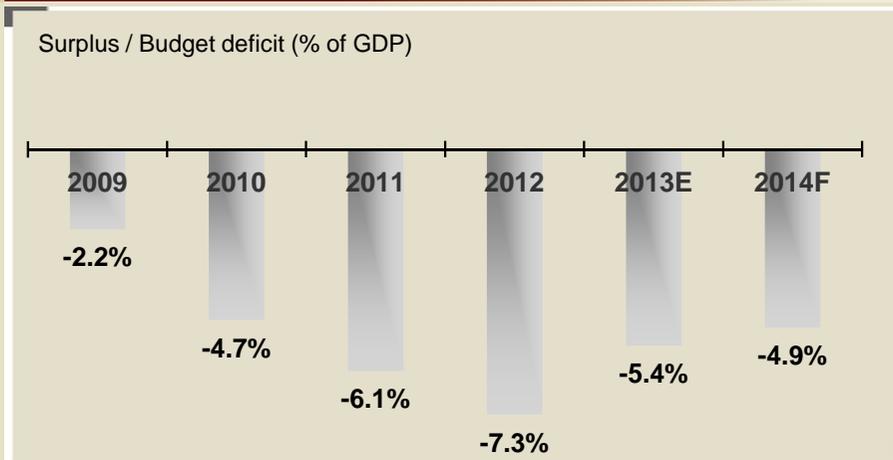
- Stable central bank **key interest rate at 3.0% in 2013** after a cut of 25 basis points in March 2012)
- Slight increase of **Inflation** from **1.3%** in 2012 to **1.9%** in 2013: +2.4% in food items and +1.5% in non food items

Macro- economic environment in 2013 Morocco (2/2)

Trends in Balance of payments' main components (MAD billion)



Public Finance



Source: Ministry of Finance, HCP, Exchange Control Office, (xx) Net International Reserve (NIR)
(* including tourism, (** private foreign loan and investment remittances ; (***) Moroccan Living Abroad

Balance of payments

- **Improvement of Trade balance** (goods and services) (G&S) deficit by MAD 2.1 billion (-1.7% compared to 2012) due to a simultaneous contraction in imports G&S (-1.7%) and exports G&S (-1.8%)
- Favorable trends excluding energy and phosphates:
 - Imports excluding energy **decreased by 1.0%**
 - Exports excluding phosphates and derivatives **increased by +2.4%** despite the recession in Europe
- **MLA remittances** remained **stable at MAD 58.3 billion** (-0.8%)
- **Foreign Direct Investment** rose by **25.2% to MAD 40.2 billion** confirming the attractiveness of Morocco

Public Finance

- **Budget deficit** reduced at **5.4%** of GDP in 2013^E (vs 7.3% in 2012):
 - Payroll increased by **2.0%** to **MAD 98.6 Billion** between 2012 and 2013
 - Subsidies expenses **fell from MAD 54.8 Billion** (-24%) to **MAD 41.6 Billion** between 2012 and 2013

Moroccan financial market (1/2)

X% CAGR
 X% nov13/dec12 growth rate

Financial market trends 2013

Yield curve trend between December 2011 and December 2013



Rise of government bond yields

- Increase of government bond yields between 12-31-2012 et 12-31-2013 (maturities above 52w) mainly due to high public deficit and tight liquidity
- Easing in bond yields since December 2013

Public debt

MAD billion



Increasing public debt

- Treasury's debt rose by 12.6% Ytd to MAD 554 billion as of November 2013 (62.5% of GDP)
- Issuance of a USD 750 million bond in May 2013 (0.75% of GDP) after 1.5 billion US bond issued in December 2012 (1.5% of 2012 GDP)

Moroccan financial market (2/2)

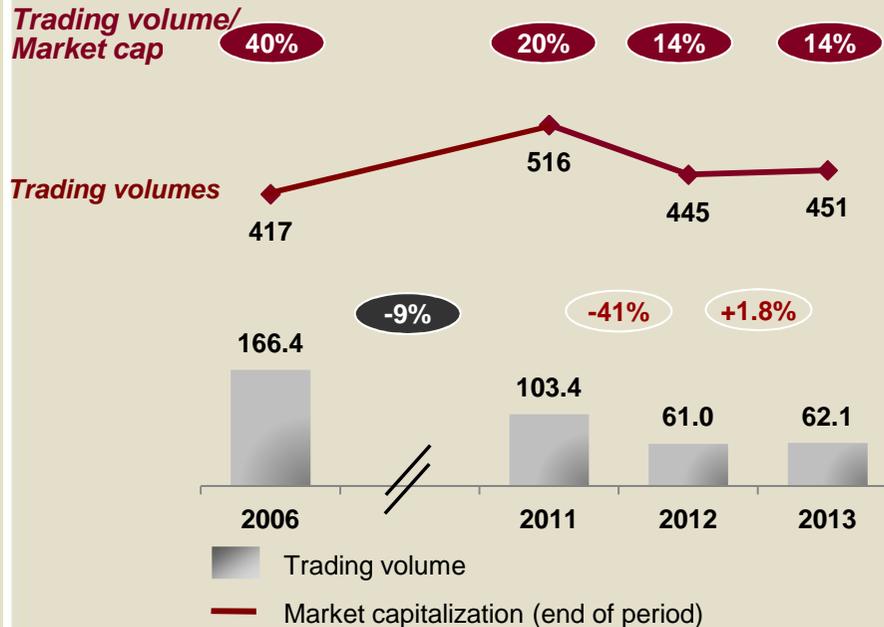
X% CAGR

X% Growth rate

Financial market trends in 2013

Stock market: Capitalization and volume

MAD billion



X% Trading volume / Market capitalisation (end of period)

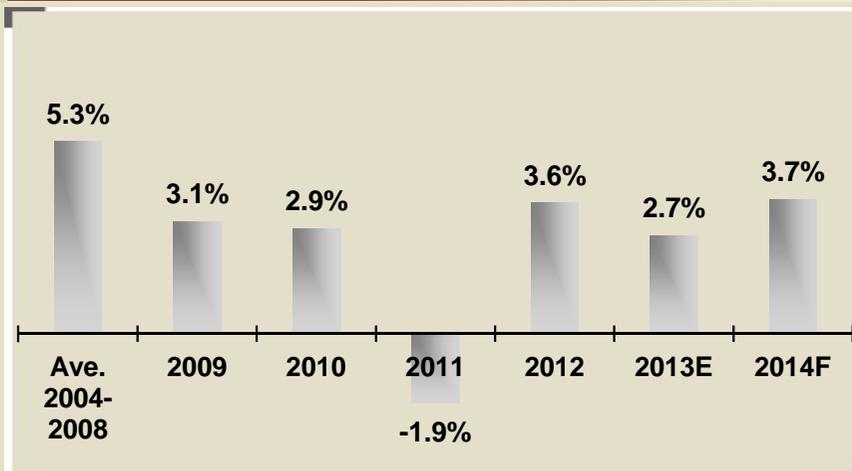
Slight increase in stock market activity in 2013 in terms of market capitalization and volumes:

- Moroccan All Shares Index (MASI) fell by 2.6% YoY in 2013
- 1.8% increase in volume of transactions traded on the Casablanca stock exchange to **MAD 62.1 billion** in 2013
- 1.3% YoY improvement in market capitalization to **MAD 451 billion** as of 31 December 2013

Macro-economic environment in 2013

Tunisia - Senegal

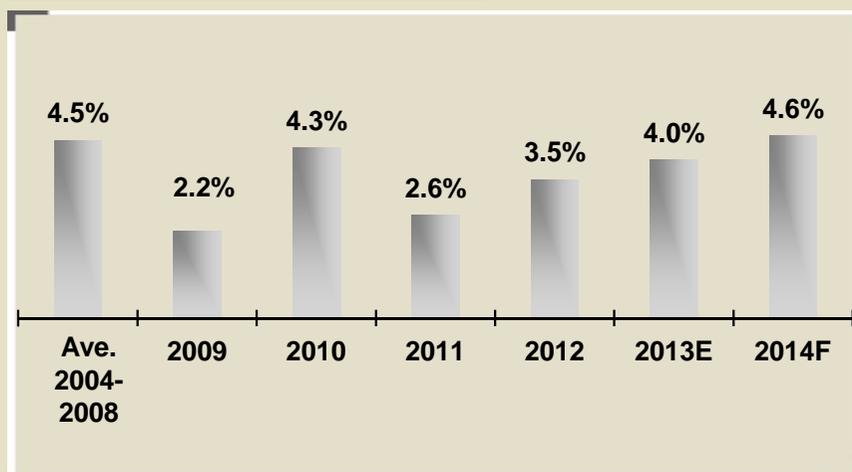
Tunisia: Real GDP growth



Tunisia

- **GDP growth of 2.7%** in 2013^E following a growth of 3.6% in 2012 (+3.0% en 2014^F)
- **6.0% inflation** in 2013^E vs. **5.6%** in 2012 (5.4% in 2014^F)
- In this context, the Tunisian Central Bank increased its key interest rate by 50 bps to **4.5%** while it reduced the mandatory reserves rate to **2%** in December 2013
- Depreciation of TND/MAD by an average of **6%** between 2012 and 2013

Senegal: Real GDP growth



Senegal

- **GDP growth of 4.0%** in 2013^E vs. **3.5%** in 2012 (4.6% in 2014^F)
- **1.2% inflation** in 2013^E vs. **1.4%** in 2012

Source : IMF

Moroccan banking sector

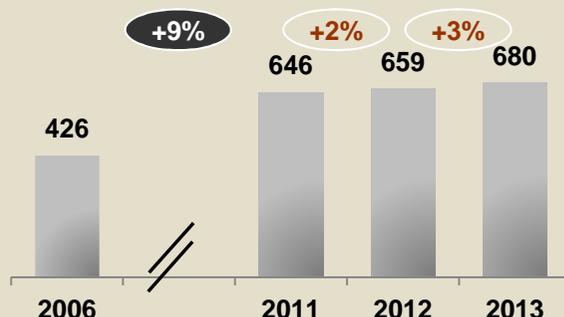
X% CAGR

X% +/-

Banking sector growth as of December 31, 2013

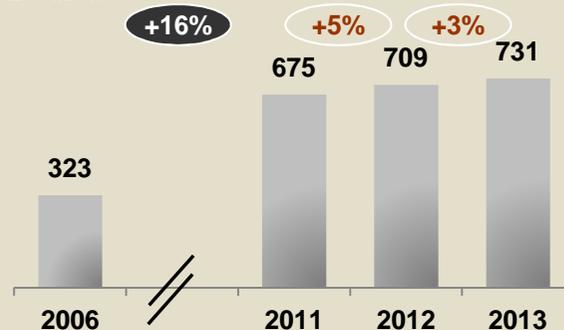
Trend in customer deposits

in MAD billion



Trend in customer loans

in MAD billion



- **Deposits YoY growth** of **+3%** compared to **+2%** between 2011 and 2012
- **Slowdown in loans growth** (**+3%** between 2012 and 2013 vs. **+5%** between 2011 and 2012 and **+16%** p.y. between 2006 and 2011):
 - Deposits-Loans deficit of MAD **51** billion as of December 2013 vs MAD **50** billion in 2012 and a surplus of MAD **103** billion in 2006
 - **Loan-to-Deposit ratio of 108%** as of December 2013 (**108%** in 2012 and **76%** in 2006)
- **Moroccan banks access to financial markets:** 2.1% increase in **subordinated debt** outstanding between 2012 and 2013 (MAD **22.8** billion as of December 2013), and **3.6% decrease** in **certificates of deposit** outstanding (MAD 58.7 billion as of December 2013)
- Main regulatory evolutions:
 - New Capital Adequacy ratios minimum requirements: **9% in Tier1** and **12% in CAR** (June 2013) instead of 10% previously
 - **Compliance with Basel 3 rules** regarding liquidity (LCR*) capital adequacy** (**from June 2014**)
 - **Ongoing transition to Basel 2 advanced approach**

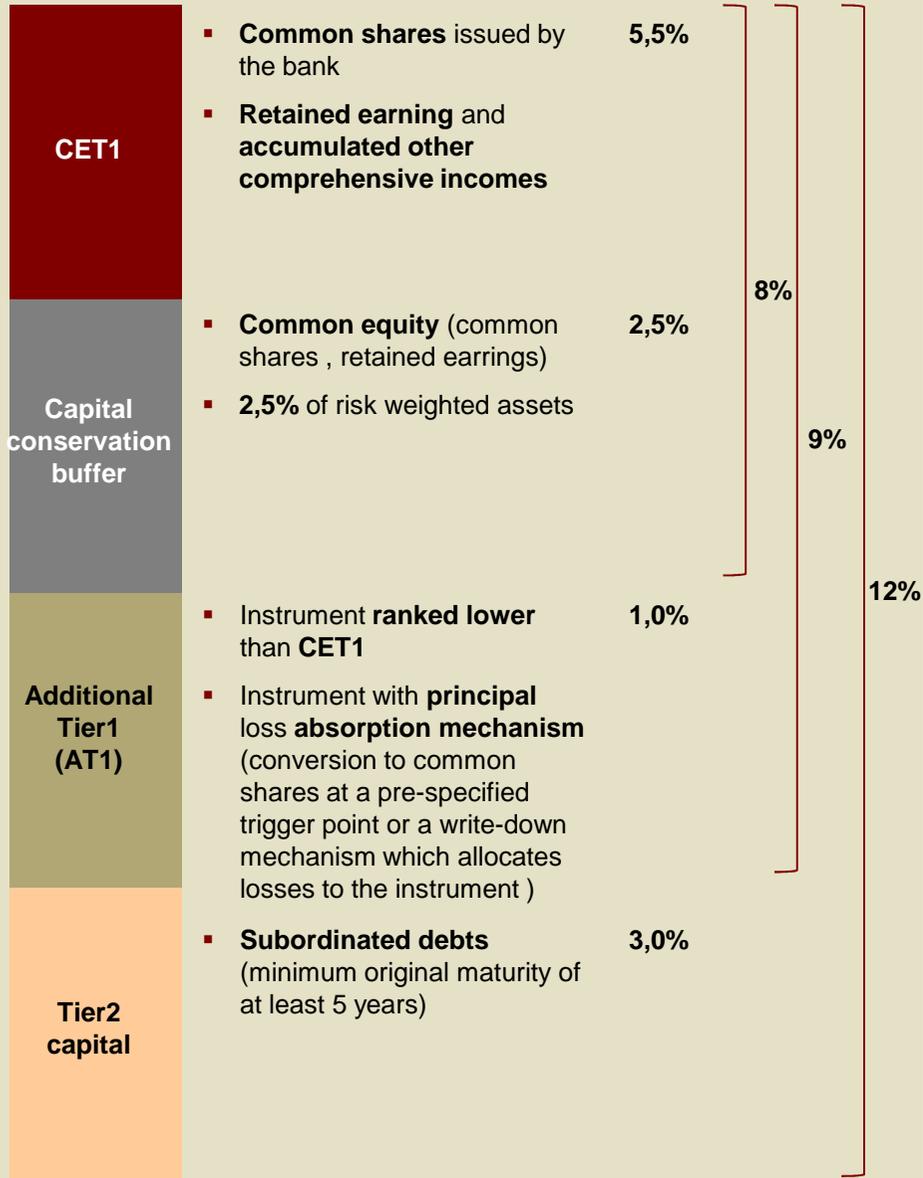
(*) Liquidity Coverage Ratio ; minimum requirements: 60% in 2015, 70% in 2016, 80% in 2017, 90% in 2018 and 100% in 2019

(**) Focus on Basel 3 capita adequacy page 10

Focus on Basel 3 main impacts in Morocco

Capital Adequacy

Regulatory capital framework



Main impacts on Attijariwafa bank

- Capital requirements**
 - Minimum of 8% of CET1 instead of 9% in Basel 2
- Criteria for classification as CET1**
 - Non eligibility of instruments directly or indirectly funded by the bank (the issuer)
- Holding in financial institutions**
 - Deduction of 100% of the aggregated amount of holdings in financial institutions¹ from CET1 vs. 50% from T1 and 50% from T2 in Basel 2
- Minority interests**
 - Exclusion of the amount of the surplus CET1 attributable to minority shareholders in each banking subsidiary

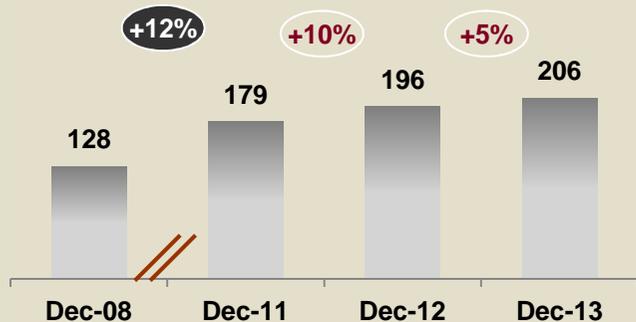
(1) Holdings above 10% of common shares of the subsidiary

 AWB market shares in Morocco
 CAGR
 +/-

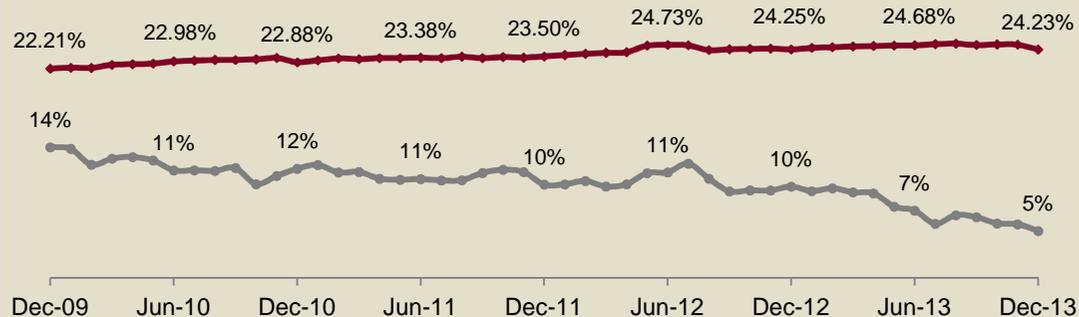
Moroccan banking sector

Focus on loans growth between 2008 and 2013

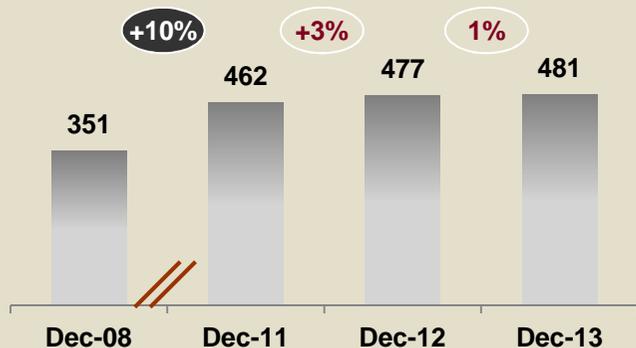
Retail loans⁽¹⁾ (MAD billion)



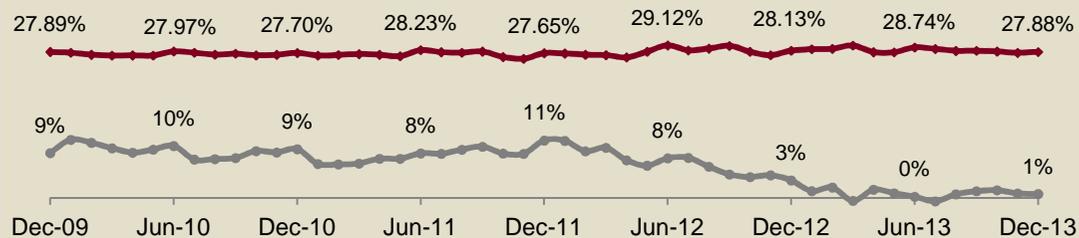
Retail loans: YoY growth



Corporate loans⁽²⁾ (MAD billion)



Corporate loans : YoY growth



(1) Mortgage loans+ consumer loans

(2) Loans to financial institutions + equipment and investment loans + property development loans + short-term and treasury loans + other loans

Focus on NPL ratio in Morocco

NPL ratio



- **Decrease** of the NPL ratio in Morocco from **19.62%** in 2004 to **4.99%** in 2012 thanks to a **strong growth of loans and a healthy economic activity**
- **Deterioration** of NPL ratio in December 2013 reaching **6.21% in January 2014** (+122 bps compared to December 2012)

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IFRS consolidated financial statements as of December 31st, 2013

Analysis of the main contributors

Attijariwafa bank share price performance

Attijariwafa bank Group key figures as of December 31, 2013

Total assets: MAD 385.6 billion



+4.7%

Total savings*: MAD 315.7 billion



+1.7%

Deposits : +4.7%

Total loans: MAD 250.7 billion



+1.3%

Consolidated shareholders' equity : MAD 37.9 billion



+7.2%

NBI: MAD 17.9 billion



+4.9%

Gross operating income: MAD 9.9 billion



+6.0%

Net consolidated income: MAD 5.1 billion



-4.6%
(-0.3%)**

Net income group share: MAD 4.1 billion



-8.0%
(-3.7%)**

16,081 employees



+5.2%
+792 employees

3,197 branches



+10.9%
+315 branches

Number of countries covered



23

Number of customers



6.8 million
+0.6 million

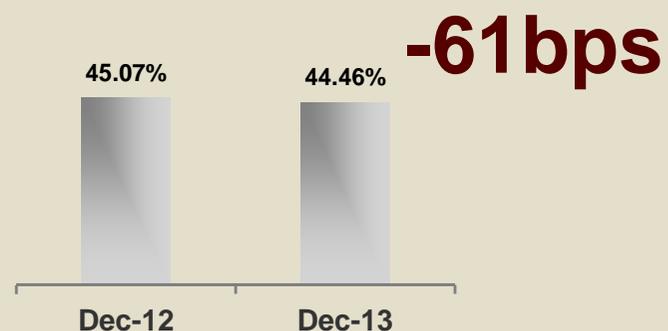
(*) Deposits+ assets under management + bancassurance assets

(**) Excluding non-recurring items: the settlement of a tax inspection of Wafa Assurance and the IFRS impact of the employees' stock ownership plan over a period of 12 months in 2013 (vs. 8 months only in 2012)

IFRS consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2013

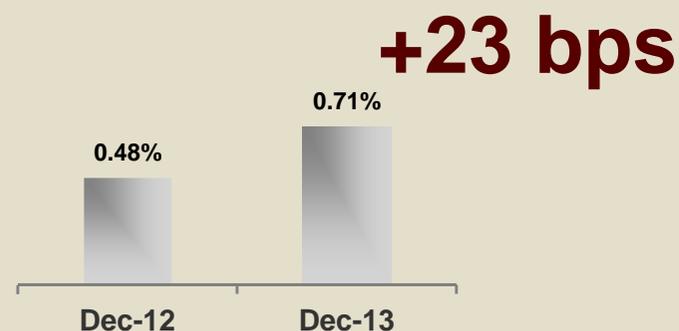
Stable Cost-income ratio and higher cost of risk

Cost-Income ratio



- **Improvement of the cost-income ratio** despite the various investment and development programs

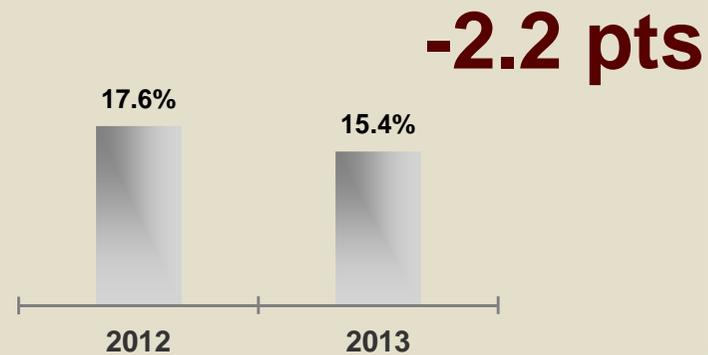
Cost of risk



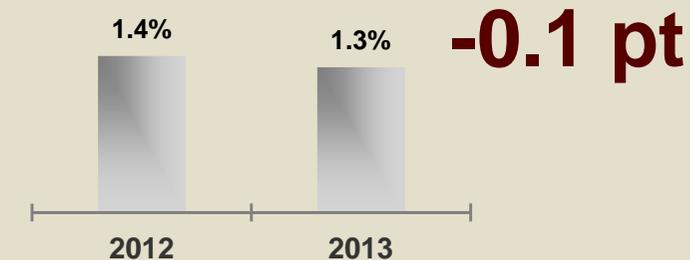
- **Increase of cost of risk to 0.71% (+23 bps)**
- **Increase of non-performing loans ratio by 1.2 pt (6.3% as of December 31, 2013 vs. 5.1% as of December 31, 2012)**

IFRS consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2013

RoE



RoA



RoE = Net consolidated income/Consolidated shareholders' equity excluding net income

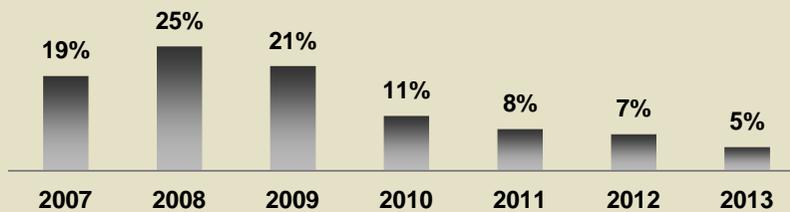
RoA = Net consolidated income/Total balance sheet

**Profitability ratios in line with
best standards**

- Shareholders' equity up 7% YoY and RoA stable :
 - Capital increase of MAD 685.2 million through optional conversion of 2012 dividends into new shares
 - Shareholders' equity growth (+7% YoY) outpaced total assets growth (+5% YoY)
 - RoE down -2.2 points to 15.4%
 - RoA down -0.1 point to 1.3%

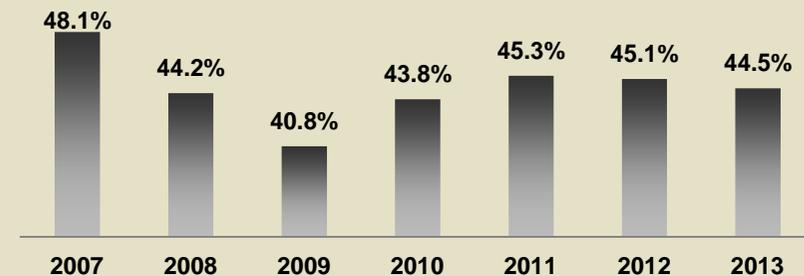
Superior Operating Performance

NBI Growth



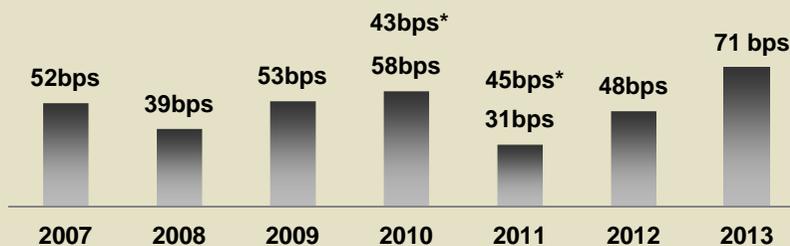
- AWB has managed to sustain a strong NBI growth

Efficiency Ratios (Cost-Income ratio)



- AWB managed to constrain its Cost-Income ratio over the years thanks to a continuous focus on cost control
- AWB Cost-Income among the lowest within the industry

Cost of Risk (in bps)



- AWB prudent underwriting approach and provisioning policy have allowed it to maintain its CoR in check while it was expanding outside of its original high end positioning
- In 2013, the cost of risk increased to 71 pbs reflecting AWB's conservative provisioning policy

RoE and RoA



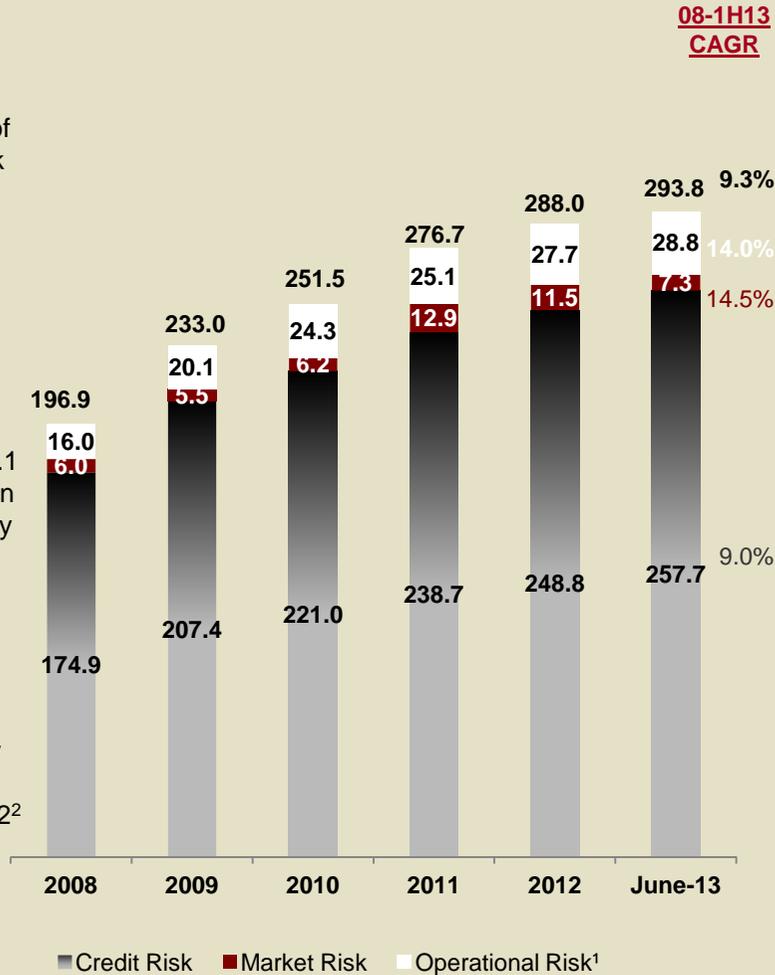
- AWB has managed to improve its profitability as it gained scale and weathered seamlessly the economic and financial crisis – both in terms of return on equity and in terms of return on asset

(* *) Excluding the provisions related to Tunisia and Ivory Coast

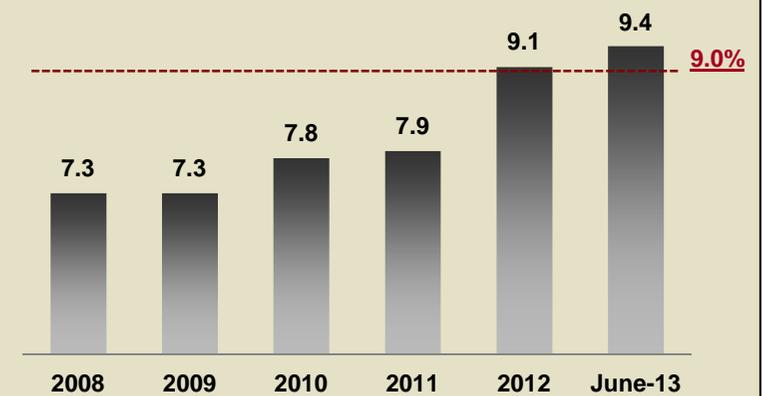
Conservative Approach to Capital Management

All Data Based on Basel II

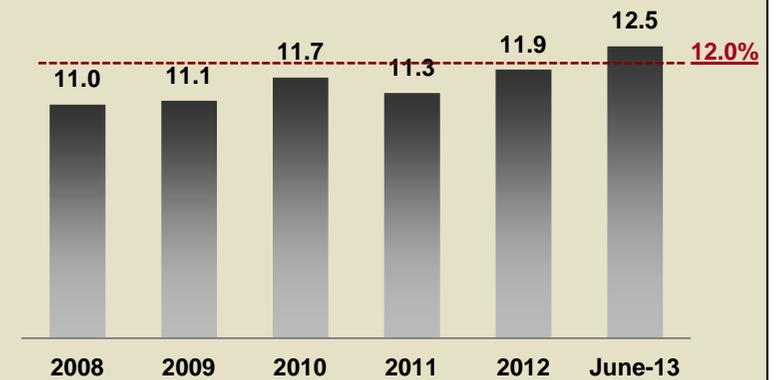
RWA Growth (MADbillion)



Core Tier 1 Ratio (%)



Total Capital Ratio (%)

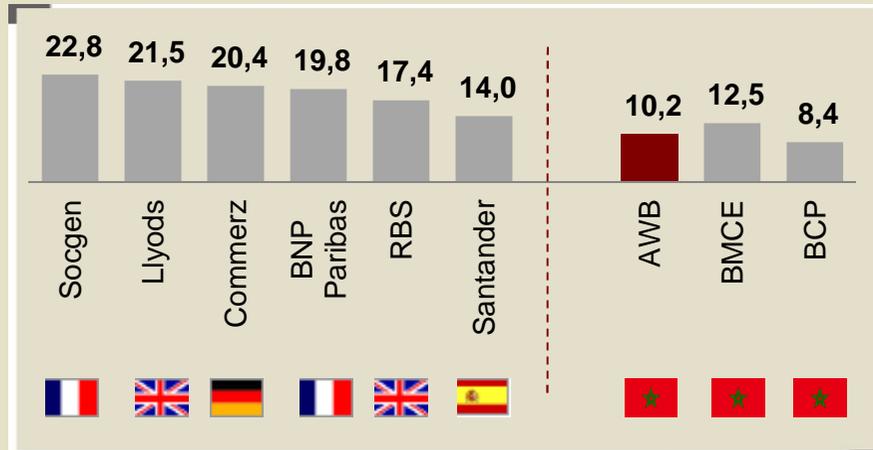


- AWB is fully compliant with the requirements of its local regulator (Bank Al Maghrib) which are amongst the most stringent worldwide
- AWB Tier 1 capital is composed of common equity and does not contain hybrid instruments
- In addition to a MAD 2.1 billion capital increase in 2012, AWB successfully increased its capital by MAD 685.2 million through optional conversion of 2012 dividends into new shares in 2013, complying with the new regulatory ratios (9% and 12%) under Basel 2² and future regulatory requirements under Basel 3³.

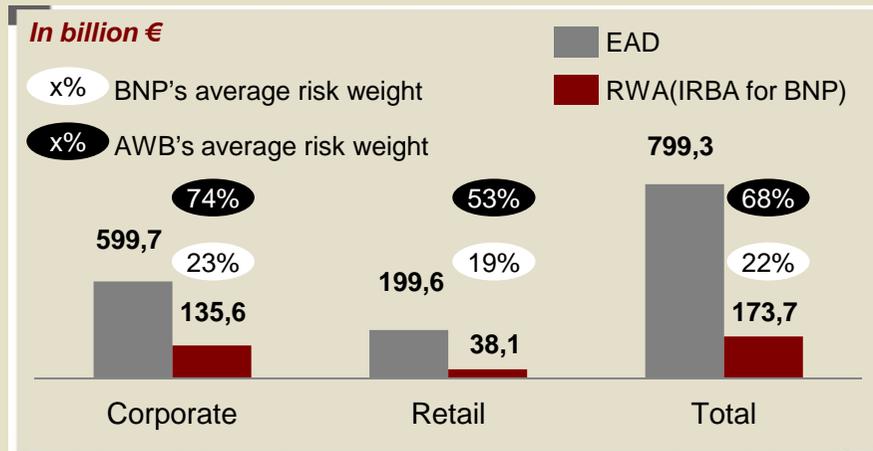
1) Operational RWA calculated as 15% of the three year average annual NBI as per the Basic Indicator Approach
 2) From June 2013
 3) From June 2014

Focus on leverage ratios and credit risk mitigation

AWB leverage¹ ratio vs. international benchmark



AWB average risk weight vs. BNP Paribas



- **AWB Tier 1 capital is free of hybrid instruments**
- **AWB's leverage ratio is much lower than international benchmark**
 - **AWB's risk weighted assets** under the standardized approach is a **conservative risk measure** compared to the IRBA approach
 - A **narrow range** of eligible **CRM** guarantees and collaterals under the **standardized approach**
- Ongoing evolutions
 - **Optimization of capital requirement** in case of AT1 issuance in compliance with Moroccan regulatory framework
 - **Implementation of the advanced approach** (IRBF for corporate)
 - **Increasing utilization of CRM²** in line with the development of financial markets in Morocco

(1) Total assets/Equity (on a consolidated basis) ; (2) Credit Risk Mitigation

Agenda

Overview of the economic environment

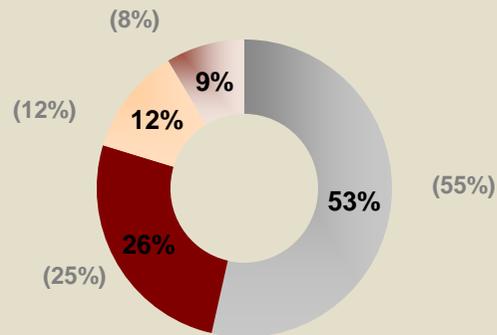
IFRS consolidated financial statements as of December 31st, 2013

Analysis of the main contributors

Attijariwafa bank share price performance

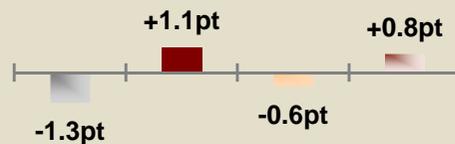
IFRS consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2013

Structure of NBI as of December, 2013



(xx%) Structure December 2012

Change in the structure of NBI between 2012 and 2013

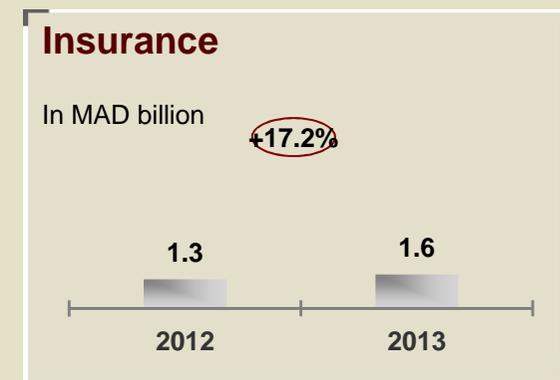
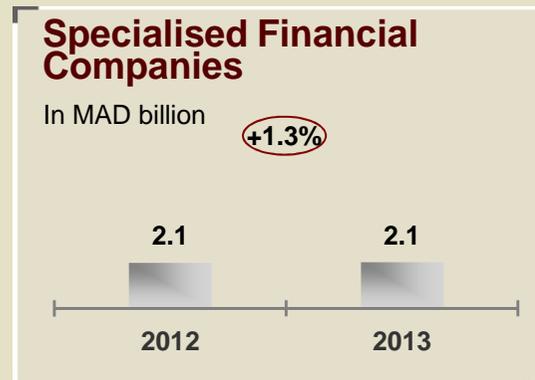
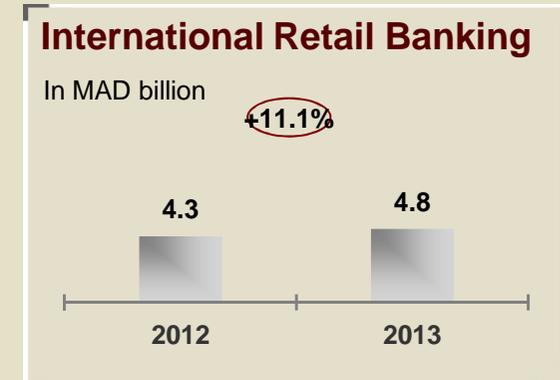
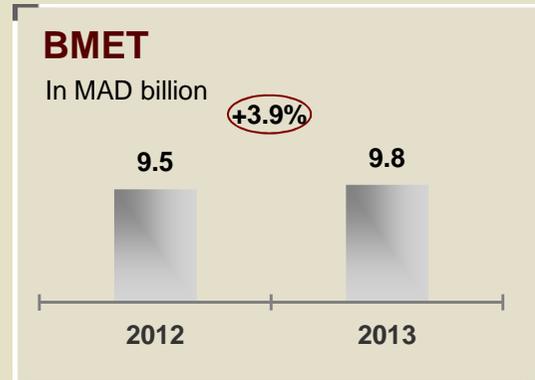
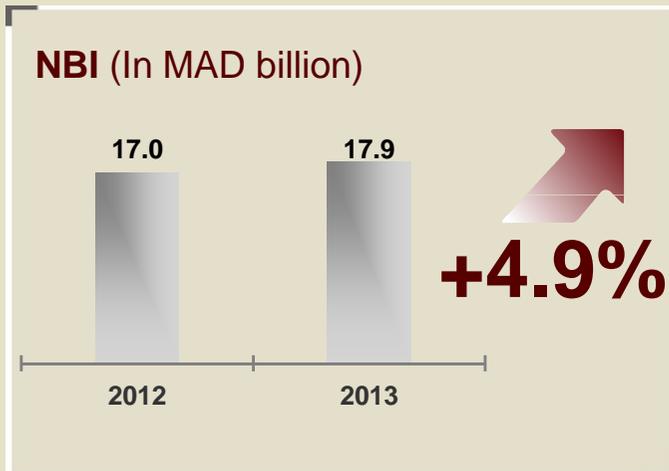


Contributions to consolidated NBI by activity as of December 31, 2013

- Slight change in the NBI structure:
 - 1.3 pt for Banking in Morocco, Europe & Offshore
 - +1.1 pt for International Retail Banking
 - 0.6 pt for Specialised Financial Subsidiaries
 - +0.8 pt for Insurance

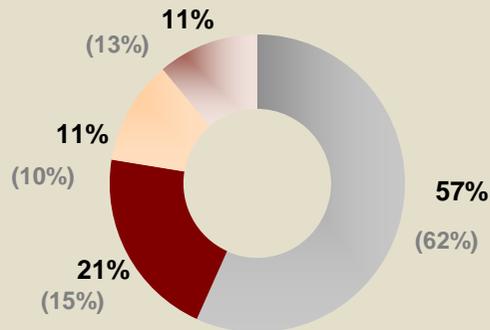
Growth of NBI by business lines

x% Growth rate



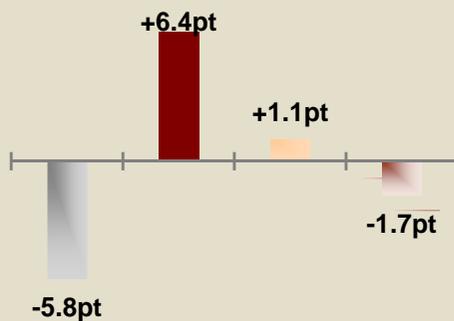
IFRS consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2013

Structure of NIGS as of December, 2013



(xx%) Structure December 2012

Change in the structure of NIGS between 2012 and 2013



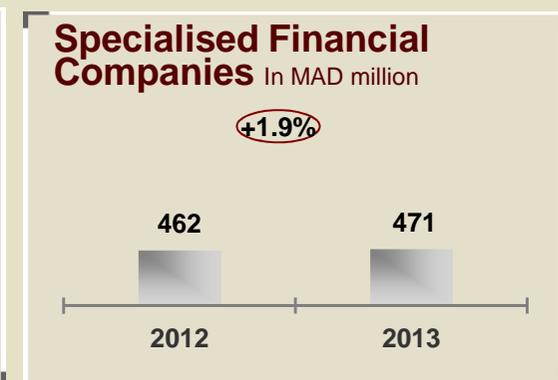
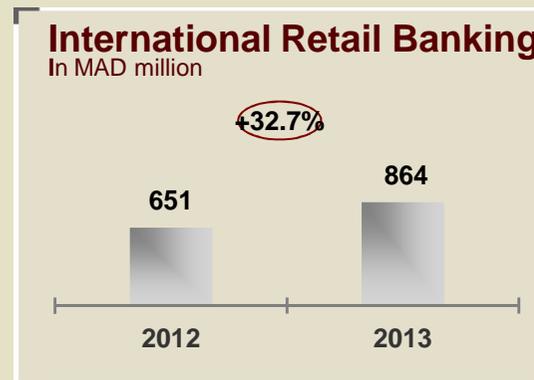
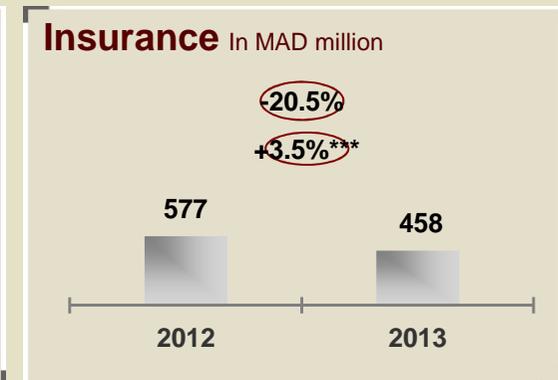
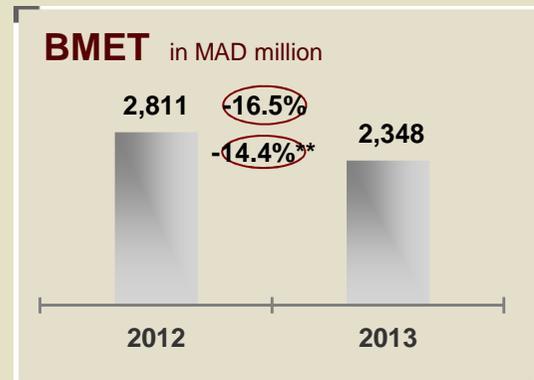
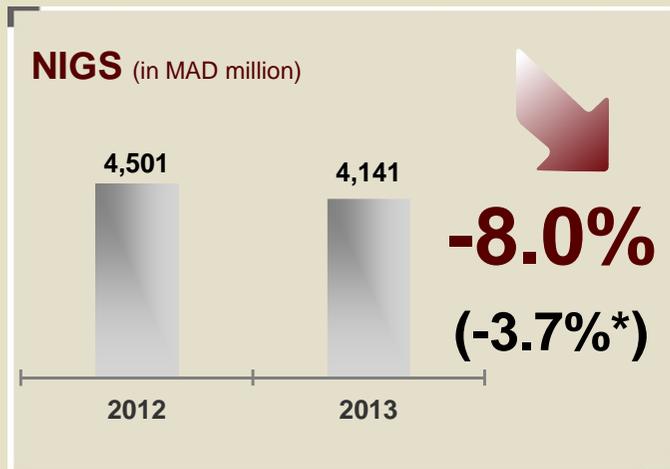
Contributions to consolidated NIGS by activity as of December 31, 2013

- **Slight change in the NIGS structure:**
 - 5.8 pts for Banking in Morocco, Europe & Offshore
 - +6.4 pts for International Retail Banking
 - +1.1 pt for Specialised Financial Companies
 - 1.7 pt for Insurance

■ Banking in Morocco, Europe and Offshore
 ■ Specialised Financial Subsidiaries
■ International Retail Banking
 ■ Insurance

Growth of NIGS by business lines

x% Growth rate



(*) Excluding non-recurring items: the settlement of a tax inspection of Wafa Assurance and the IFRS impact of the employees' stock ownership plan over a period of 12 months in 2013 (vs. 8 months only in 2012)

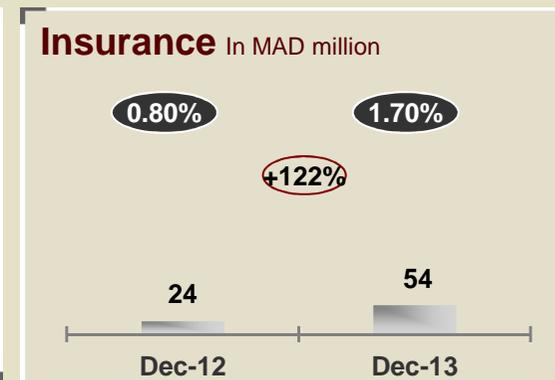
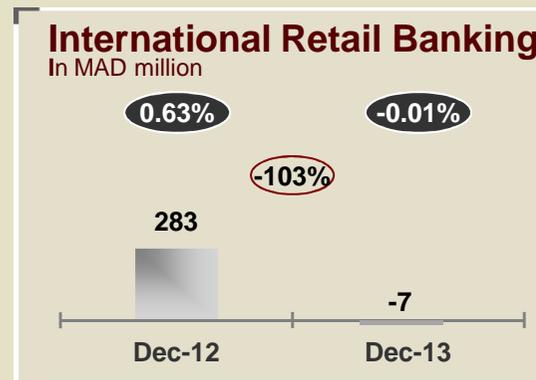
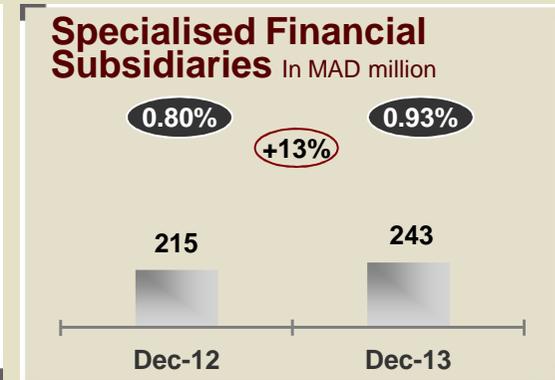
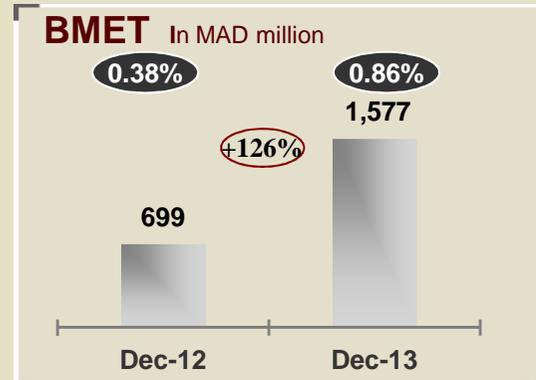
(**) Excluding the IFRS impact of the employees' stock ownership plan over a period of 12 months in 2013 (vs. 8 months only in 2012)

(***) Excluding the settlement of a tax inspection of Wafa Assurance

Growth of Cost of Risk by business lines

x% Growth rate

X% CoR (%)



Main contributors to net banking income in 2013

in MAD million

Subsidiaries	Contribution 2013	Contribution weight	Growth Rate
Attijariwafa bank	9,129	49.8%	2.6%
Wafa Assurance	1,580	8.6%	17.2%
Attijari bank Tunisie	1,335	7.3%	4.3%
Wafasalaf	1,033	5.6%	-5.1%
CBAO (Senegal)	891	4.9%	15.9%
SIB (Ivory Coast)	614	3.3%	11.1%
SCB (Cameroon)	579	3.2%	18.0%
UGB (Gabon)	495	2.7%	2.9%
Total	15,656	87.8%	5.9%
Total net banking income before intra-group netting	18,332		
Total net banking income	17,877		

Main contributors to net income group share in 2013

in MAD million

Subsidiaries	Contribution 2013	Contribution weight	Growth Rate
Attijariwafa bank	2,272	54.9%	-16.7%
Wafa Assurance	458	11.1%	-20.5%
Attijari bank Tunisie	290	7.0%	41.4%
Wafasalaf	160	3.9%	-8.3%
CBAO (Senegal)	123	3.0%	22.9%
CDC (Congo)	107	2.6%	33.7%
Wafabail	100	2.4%	-14.2%
SIB (Ivory-Coast)	98	2.4%	18.0%
Wafacash	88	2.1%	29.5%
SCB (Cameroon)	82	2.0%	33.4%
Wafa Immobilier	80	1.9%	19.4%
UGB (Gabon)	78	1.9%	25.8%
Total	3,936	95.0%	
Total net income group share	4,141		

Agenda

Overview of the economic environment

IFRS consolidated financial statements as of December 31st, 2013

Analysis of the main contributors

Attijariwafa bank share price performance

Attijariwafa bank share price performance

Attijariwafa bank vs MASI from 12-31-09 to 10-03-14



- Share price as of 31 December 2013: **MAD 305**
- Share price as of 21 March 2013: **MAD 315**
- Largest market capitalisation in the banking sector and the 2nd largest in Morocco: **MAD 62.1 billion**
- Attijariwafa bank shares down 2.6% in 2013 at the same level of the **MASI index (-2,6%)**

Attijariwafa bank market indicators

Attijariwafa bank	12/31/2012	12/31/2013
Share price	313	305
Year High	377	345
Year Low	304	300
P/B (*)	2.04x	1.87x
P/E (*)	14.00x	14.99x
DY	2.88%	3.11%**
Number of shares	201,243,086	203,527,226
Market capitalisation(**)	62,989	62,076

(**) in MAD million

- Attijariwafa bank trades at a favorable P/E ratio compared to Moroccan peers :
 - P/E as of 31st December 2013 of 14.99x versus an average of 19.05x for the sector

(*) The P/E and P/B multiples are calculated based on net income group share and shareholders' equity

P/E = Share price/EPS for the current year; P/B = Share price/Consolidated shareholders' equity per share; DY = Dividend/Share price

(**) Based on a dividend per share of 9.5 DH (proposed by the board of Directors to the General Meeting)