PROSPECTUS SUMMARY



ATTIJARIWAFA BANK S.A

ISSUE OF SUBORDINATED BONDS FOR A TOTAL AMOUNT OF MAD 500,000,000

The AMMC-approved prospectus consists of:

- The Operation Prospectus
- Attijariwafa bank's Reference Document registered by the AMMC on June 10, 2020 under reference EN/EM/004/2020

	Tranche A (Listed)	Tranche B (Listed)	Tranche C (Not listed)	Tranche D (Not listed)	Tranche E (Listed)	Tranche F (Not listed)
Ceiling	MAD 500,000,000	MAD 500,000,000	MAD 500,000,000	MAD 500,000,000	MAD 500,000,000	MAD 500,000,000
Number of securities	5,000 subordinated bonds	5,000 subordinated bonds	5,000 subordinated bonds	5,000 subordinated bonds	5,000 subordinated bonds	5,000 subordinated bonds
Nominal value	MAD 100,000	MAD 100,000	MAD 100,000	MAD 100,000	MAD 100,000	MAD 100,000
Maturity	7 years	7 years	7 years	7 years	7 years	7 years
Face interest rate	Fixed, the reference to the nominal rate is the 7-year Treasury Bonds rate computed on the secondary market yield curve, as published by Bank Al-Maghrib on June 2, 2020, i.e. 2.59% increased by a risk premium, i.e. between 3.19% and 3.29%.	Revisable on an annual basis, the reference rate for the nominal interest rate is the 52-week Treasury Bills rate (monetary rate) as computed on the secondary yield curve as published by Bank Al-Maghrib on June 2, 2020, i.e. 2.18%, increased by a risk premium, i.e. between 2.73% and 2.83% for the first year.	Fixed, the reference to the nominal rate is the 7-year Treasury Bonds rate computed on the secondary market yield curve, as published by Bank Al-Maghrib on June 2, 2020, i.e. 2.59% increased by a risk premium, i.e. between 3.19% and 3.29%.	Revisable on an annual basis, the reference rate for the nominal interest rate is the 52-week Treasury Bills rate (monetary rate) as computed on the secondary yield curve as published by Bank Al-Maghrib on June 2, 2020, i.e. 2.18%, increased by a risk premium, i.e. between 2.73% and 2.83% for the first year.	Fixed, the reference to the nominal rate is the 7-year Treasury Bonds rate computed on the secondary market yield curve, as published by Bank Al-Maghrib on June 2, 2020, i.e. 2.47% increased by a risk premium, i.e. between 2.97% and 3.07%.	Fixed, the reference to the nominal rate is the 7-year Treasury Bonds rate computed on the secondary market yield curve, as published by Bank Al-Maghrib on June 2, 2020, i.e. 2.47% increased by a risk premium, i.e. between 2.97% and 3.07%.
Principle repayment	In fine	In fine	In fine	In fine	Constant linear annual amortization, with a 2-year grace period	Constant linear annual amortization, with a 2-year grace period
Risk premium	Between 60 and 70 bps	Between 55 and 65 bps	Between 60 and 70 bps	Between 55 and 65 bps	Between 50 and 60 bps	Between 50 and 60 bps
Repayment guarantee	None	None	None	None	None	None
Allocation method	French		or tranche E and F (fixed d then for tranches B and		or tranches A and C (fixed	d rate),
Tradability of securities	Tradable in the Casablanca Stock Exchange	Tradable in the Casablanca Stock Exchange	Over-the-counter (off-market)	Over-the-counter (off-market)	Tradable in the Casablanca Stock Exchange	Over-the-counter (off-market)

Subscription period: from June 18 to22,2020 included

Issue reserved to qualified investors under Moroccan Law as defined in this Operation prospectus

Advising Agency Attijari Finances Corp. Agency in charge of the placement



Attijariwafa bank



APPROVAL OF THE MOROCCAN CAPITAL MARKET AUTHORITY (AMMC)

In accordance with the provisions of the AMMC circular, issued pursuant to Article 5.of the Dahir Law No. 1 -12-55 dated December 28, 2012, promulgating Law No. 44-12 on public offerings and information required of legal entities and savings organizations, this prospectus has been approved by the AMMC onJune 10, 2020 under reference VI/EM/009/2020.

The AMMC-approved prospectus consists of:

- The Operation Prospectus
- Attijariwafa bank's Reference Document registered by the AMMC on June 10, 2020 under reference EN/EM/004/2020



DISCLAIMER

<u>The</u> Moroccan Capital Market Authority (AMMC) approved, on June 10, 2020 a prospectus summary related to the issue of subordinated bonds by Attijariwafa bank

The perpetual subordinated bond differs from a conventional bond because of, on the one hand, the rank of the claims contractually defined by the subordination clause and, on the other hand, its indefinite duration. The effect of the subordination clause is to make the repayment of the loan conditional, in the event of liquidation of the issuer, on the repayment of all other debts, including fixed-term subordinated bonds that have been issued and that may be issued in the future. The investment in perpetual subordinated bonds includes clauses for the depreciation of the nominal value of the securities and cancellation of interest payments.

The AMMC-approved prospectus is available at any time at the following places:

- Attijariwafa bank headquarters: 2, boulevard Moulay Youssef -Casablanca.
 Phone: 05.22.29.88.88, and on its website: http://ir.attijariwafabank.com/;
- Attijari Finances Corp.: 163, avenue Hassan II Casablanca. Phone: 05.22.47.64.35.

The prospectus is available to the public on AMMC website (www.ammc.ma) and on Casablanca Stock Exchange (www.casablancabourse.com)

This summary has been translated by LISSANIAT SARL under the joint responsibility of the said translator and Attijariwafa bank. In the event of any discrepancy between the contents of this summary and the AMMC-approved prospectus, only the approved prospectus will prevail.





PART I: PRESENTATION OF THE OPERATION

I. OBJECTIVES OF THE OPERATION

The main objective of this issue is to:

- strengthen the current regulatory capital and, consequently, strengthen the solvency ratio of Attijariwafa bank;
- finance the bank's organic development in Morocco and abroad;
- anticipate the various regulatory changes in the countries of presence.

In accordance with Bank Al-Maghrib's Circular 14/G/2013 on the calculation of the regulatory capital requirements of credit institutions, as amended and supplemented, funds collected through this operation will be classified as Tier2 capital.

II. STRUCTURE OF THE OFFER

Attijariwafa bank intends to issue 5,000 subordinated bonds with a nominal value of MAD 100,000. The total amount of the operation amounts to MAD 500,000,000 divided as follow:

- tranche "A" with a 7-year maturity and a fixed rate, listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, ceiled at MAD 500,000,000 and with a MAD 100,000 nominal value(repayment of the principalin fine);
- tranche "B" with a 7-year maturity and an annually revisable rate, listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, ceiled at MAD 500,000,000 and with a MAD 100,000 nominal value(repayment of the principalin fine);
- tranche "C" with a 7-year maturity and a fixed rate, not listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, ceiled at MAD 500,000,000 and with a MAD 100,000 nominal value(repayment of the principalin fine);
- tranche "D" with a 7-year maturity and an annually revisable rate, not listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, ceiled at MAD 500,000,000 and with a MAD 100,000 nominal value (repayment of the principalin fine);
- tranche "E" with a 7-year maturity and a fixed rate, listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, ceiled at MAD 500,000,000 and with a MAD 100,000 nominal value(repayment of principal by constant linear annual amortization beyond the 2ndyear);
- tranche "F with a 7-year maturity and a fixed rate, not listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, ceiled at MAD 500,000,000 and with a MAD 100,000 nominal value(repayment of principal by constant linear annual amortization beyond the 2ndyear).

The total amount allotted over the six tranches shall in no case exceed the amount of MAD 500,000,000.





III. INFORMATION RELATED TO ATTIJARIWAFA BANK'S SUBORDINATED BONDS

Disclaimer:

The subordinated bond is distinguished from the classical bond by the rank of loans contractually defined by the subordination clause. The effect of the subordination clause is to condition, in case of liquidation of the issuer, the repayment of the funds borrowed to all secured or unsecured creditors.

Characteristics of tranche A (Fixed rate, 7-year maturity, with a repayment in fine of the principal, and listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange)

Subordinated bonds listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange dematerialized by registration with the central securities depositary (Maroclear) and entered into account at the chartered financial intermediaries.
Bearer bond
MAD 500,000,000
5,000 subordinated bonds
MAD 100,000
100%, i.e. MAD 100,000
100%, i.e. MAD 100,000
7 years
From June 18to22,2020included
June 29, 2020
June 29, 2027
French Auction with a priority for tranche E and F (fixed rate), then for tranches A and C (fixed rate, amotizable), and then for tranches B and D (annually revisable rate)
Fixed rate
The face interest rate is determined in reference to the 7-year Treasury Bonds rate computed on the secondary market yield curve as published by Bank Al-Maghrib on June 2, 2020, i.e. 2.59%. A risk premium ranging from 60 to 70 bps will be added, i.e. between 3.19% and 3.29%.
The rate is determined through linear interpolation using the two points framing the full 7-year maturity (actuarial basis).
The selected face interest rate will be published in an LAG by Attijariwafa bank and on its website, no later than June 29, 2020.
Between 60 and 70 basis points





Interests	Interests will be served annually at the anniversary dates of the possession date of the loan, i.e. June 29 of each year. Their payment will take place on the same day or the first business day following June 29, if this day is not a business day. Interests on subordinated bonds will cease to accrue from the date when Attijariwafa bank will reimburse the principal. No postponement of the interest will be possible under this operation.
	Interests will be calculated as per the following formula:
	[Nominal x facialrate].
Listing of securities	The subordinated bonds of tranche A will be listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange and will be subject to a request for listing in the D compartment of the Casablanca Stock Exchange Their listing date is planned on June 24, 2020under Ticker OATWU.
	To be listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, the amount allocated to Tranche A must be greater than or equal to an amount of MAD 20,000,000.
	If, at the end of the subscription period, the amount allocated to Tranche A is less than MAD 20,000,000, the subscriptions relating to this Tranche will be cancelled.
Procedure of first listing	The listing of tranche A will be made by direct listing in accordance with articles 2.4.13, 2.4.14 and 2.4.15 of the General Regulation of the Stock Exchange.
Amortization/ Regular repayment	Tanche A will be subject of a repayment in fine of the principal amount.
	In the event of a merger, demerger or partial contribution of assets from of Attijariwafa bank taking place during the term of the loan and resulting in the universal transfer of the assets in favor of a distinct legal entity, the rights and obligations in connection with the subordinated bonds will be automatically transferred to the legal entity substituted in the rights and obligations of Attijariwafa bank.
	The repayment of capital is, in case of liquidation of Attijariwafa bank, subordinated to all classical, secured or unsecured debts.
Early repayment	Attijariwafa bank undertakes not to go through an advance repayment of the subordinated loan bond, stated on the present prospectus.
	However, the bank keeps the right to carry out, with the prior consent of Bank Al Maghrib, the buyback of subordinated bonds in the secondary market, provided the conditions established by the legal and regulatory provisions. This repurchase is any inconsequential to the subscriber who wishes to keep its securities until due date and without any incident on the regular amortization schedule. The redeemed subordinated bonds will be cancelled after the consent of Bank Al Maghrib.
	In case of cancellation, the issuer has to inform the stock exchange, the AMMC and the bondhonlders'body representative of the cancelled bonds.
Entity in charge of the registration of the operation in the Casablanca Stock Exchange	Attijari Intermédiation



Tradability of securities	The subordinated bonds, subject of tranche A, are freely tradable at Casablanca Stock Exchange.
	There is no restriction imposed by the conditions of the issue to the free tradability of the subordinated bonds.
Assimilation clauses	There is no assimilation of the subordinated bonds, subject of the present prospectus, to the subordinated bonds from a previous issue of securities.
	In case Attijariwafa bank would subsequently issue new securities enjoying, in all regards, the rights that are identical to those of the present issue, it may, without requiring the bearers' consent, carry out the assimilation of all the securities of the successive issues, thus unifying all their management and trading operations.
Loan rank / subordination	The capital and the interest will be the subject of a subordination clause.
	The application of this clause will not adversely affect and by any means whatsoever, the legal rules concerning the accounting principles of loss allocation, the obligations of the shareholders and the obtained rights of the subscribers, the payment of its securities in capital and interest.
	In case of liquidation of Attijariwafa bank, the capital and interests of the subordinated securities of the present issue will be paid back only after the compensation of all the classical, secured or unsecured creditors. The repayment of the subordinated securities will take place on the same ranking basis as all the other subordinated loans that have been and that may be issued subsequently by Attijariwafa bank both in Morocco and abroad, proportionally to their amount, if applicable.
Maintenance of the loan's rank	Attijariwafa bank is committed, until the effective repayment of all the securities of this loan, not to institute on behalf of other subordinated securities that it could issue at a later stage, any priority as to their rank of repayment in case of liquidation, without granting the same rights to the subordinated securities of the present loan.
Repayment guarantee	The present issue has not been subject to a special guarantee.
Rating	The present issue has not been subject to any rating request.





Representation of the bondholders' body

The Board of Directors held on June 4, 2020, and pending the occurrence of the General Meeting of bondholders, has designated Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid as a temporary representative. This decision will take effect concurrently with the beginning of the subscription period. To be noted that the temporary representative appointed is the same for the tranches A, B, C, D, E and F, which are grouped together in one and same body.

In addition, the Board of Directors takes the engagement of calling a General Meeting of bondholders to appoint a permanent representative of the bondholders within a period of one year, starting from the opening of the subscription.

Moreover, Attijariwafa bank has no capital or business ties with Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid.

Furthermore, Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid is the permanent representative of the bond holders of the issues made by Attijariwafa bank between 2014 and 2018. He is also the provisional representative of the bondholders of the issue carried out by Attijariwafa bank in June and December 2019.

Applicable law

Moroccan law.

Competent jurisdiction

Trade Court of Casablanca.



¹The appointment of Mr. Mohammed Hdid as representative of the group of the three 2019-subordinated bond issues is proposed to the general meetings of bondholders on June 22, 2020.



Characteristics of tranche B (Annually revisable rate, 7-year maturity, with a repayment in fine
of the principal, and listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange)

Nature of securities	Subordinated bonds listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, dematerialized by registration with the central securities depositary (Maroclear) and entered into account at the chartered financial intermediaries.
Legal form	Bearer bond
Tranche ceiling	MAD 500,000,000
Maximum number of securities to be issued	5,000 subordinated bonds
Nominal value	MAD 100,000
Issue price	100%, i.e. MAD 100,000
Repayment price	100%, i.e. MAD 100,000
Loan maturity	7 years
Subscription period	From June 18 to 22,2020 included
Possession date	June 29, 2020
Maturity date	June 29, 2027
Allocation method	French Auction with a priority for tranche E and F (fixed rate, amortizable), then for tranches A and C (fixed rate), and then for tranches B and D (annually revisable rate)
Face interest rate	Revisable on an annual basis.
	For the first year, the reference rate for the face interest rate is the 52-week Treasury Bills rate (monetary rate) as computed on the secondary market yield curve as published by Bank Al-Maghrib on June 2, 2020, i.e. 2.18%. A risk premium ranging from 55 to 65 basis points will be added to this rate, thus resulting in a rate between 2.73% and 2.83% for the first year.
	The selected interest rate will be published by Attijariwafa bank on its website and in an LAG by Attijariwafa bank, no later than June 29, 2020.
	For the following years, the reference rate is the full 52-week rate (monetary rate) as computed by linear interpolation on the secondary market yield curve, as published by Bank Al-Maghrib at least 5 business days before the anniversary date of the coupon payment.
	A risk premium ranging from 55 to 65 basis points (fixed at the end of the auction) will then be added to this rate. The final rate will then be communicated by Attijariwafa bank on its websiteto bondholders and to the Stock Exchange at least 5 trading days before the anniversary date.





Reference rate calculation method	The rate is determined by Attijariwafa bank through linear interpolation using the two points covering the full maturity of 52 weeks (on a monetary basis).
	This linear interpolation will be done after the conversion of the next higher level of the 52-week maturity (actuarially) to the equivalent monetary rate.
	The formula is:
	(((Actuarial rate + 1) $^(k / \text{exact number of days *})) - 1) x 360 / k;$
	k is the maturity of the actuarial rate immediately greater than 52 weeks
	* Exact number of days: 365 or 366 days.
Risk premium	Between 55 and 65 basis points
Interest rate determination date	The coupon will be revised on an annual basis on the anniversary dates of the vesting dates, i.e. June 29 of each year.
	The new rate will be communicated by the issuer on its website to the Casablanca Stock Exchange at least 5 trading days before the anniversary date.
	The revised rate will be published in the Official Bulletin of Casablanca Stock Exchange.
Interests	Interests will be annually served at the anniversary dates of the date of possession of the loan, i.e. June 29 of each year. Payment of interests will take place on the same day or the first business day following June 29 if it is not a business day. Interests on subordinated bonds will cease to accrue from the date when Attijariwafa bank will reimburse the principal. No deferral of interests will be possible as part of this operation.
	Interests will be calculated using the following formula:
	[Nominal x Face rate x Exact number of days/ 360].
Listing of securities	The subordinated bonds, subject of tranche B, will be listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange and will be subject to a request for listing in the D compartment of Casablanca Stock Exchange. Their listing date is planned on June 24, 2020under Ticker AOTWV.
	To be listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, the amount allocated to Tranche B must be greater than or equal to an amount of MAD 20,000,000.
	If, at the end of the subscription period, the amount allocated to Tranche B is less than MAD 20,000,000, the subscriptions relating to this Tranche will be cancelled.
Procedure of first listing	The listing of tranche A will be made by direct listing in accordance with articles 2.4.13, 2.4.14 and 2.4.15 of the General Regulation of the Stock Exchange.





Amortization/ Regular repayment	Tranche B will be subject of a repayment in fine of the principal amount.
	In the event of a merger, demerger or partial contribution of assets from of Attijariwafa bank taking place during the term of the loan and resulting in the universal transfer of the assets in favor of a distinct legal entity, the rights and obligations in connection with the subordinated bonds will be automatically transferred to the legal entity substituted in the rights and obligations of Attijariwafa bank.
	The repayment of capital is, in case of liquidation of Attijariwafa bank, subordinated to all classical, secured and unsecured debts.
Early repayment	Attijariwafa bank undertakes not to go through an advance repayment of the subordinated loan bond, stated on the present prospectus.
	However, the bank keeps the right to carry out, with the prior consent of Bank Al Maghrib, the buyback of subordinated bonds in the secondary market, provided the conditions established by the legal and regulatory provisions. This repurchase is any inconsequential to the subscriber who wishes to keep its securities until due date and without any incident on the regular amortization schedule. The redeemed subordinated bonds will be cancelled after the consent of Bank Al Maghrib.
	In case of cancellation, the issuer has to inform the stock exchange, the AMMC and the bondholders' body representative of the cancelled bonds.
Entity in charge of the registration of the operation in the Casablanca Stock Exchange	Attijari Intermédiation
Tradability of securities	The subordinated bonds, subject of tranche B, are freely tradable at Casablanca Stock Exchange.
	There is no restriction imposed by the conditions of the issue to the free tradability of the subordinated bonds.
Assimilation clauses	There is no assimilation of the subordinated bonds, subject of the present prospectus, to the subordinated bonds from a previous issue of securities.
	In case Attijariwafa bank would subsequently issue new securities enjoying, in all regards, the rights that are identical to those of the present issue, it may, without requiring the bearers' consent, carry out the assimilation of all the securities of the successive issues, thus unifying all their management and trading operations.





Loan rank/subordination	The capital and the interest will be the subject of a subordination clause.
	The application of this clause will not adversely affect and by any means whatsoever, the legal rules concerning the accounting principles of loss allocation, the obligations of the shareholders and the obtained rights of the subscribers, the payment of its securities in capital and interest.
	In case of liquidation of Attijariwafa bank, the capital and interests of the subordinated securities of the present issue will be paid back only after the compensation of all the classical, secured or unsecured creditors. The repayment of the subordinated securities will take place on the same ranking basis as all the other subordinated loans that have been and that may be issued subsequently by Attijariwafa bank both in Morocco and abroad proportionally to their amount, if applicable.
Maintenance of the loan's rank	Attijariwafa bank is committed, until the effective repayment of all the securities of this loan, not to institute on behalf of other subordinated securities that it could issue at a later stage, any priority as to their rank of repayment in case of liquidation without granting the same rights to the subordinated securities of the present loan.
Repayment guarantee	The present issue has not been subject to a special guarantee.
Rating	The present issue has not been subject to any rating request.
Representation of the bondholders' body	The Board of Directors held on June 4, 2020 and pending the occurrence of the General Meeting of bondholders, has designated Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid as a temporary representative. This decision will take effect concurrently with the beginning of the subscription period. To be noted that the temporary representative appointed is the same for the tranches A, B, C, D, E and F, which are grouped together in one and same body.
	In addition, the Board of Directors takes the engagement of calling a General Meeting of bondholders to appoint a permanent representative of the bondholders within a period of one year, starting from the opening of the subscription.
	Moreover, Attijariwafa bank has no capital or business ties with Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid.
	Furthermore, HDID Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed HDID is the permanent representative of the bond holders of the issues made by Attijariwafa bank between 2014 and 2018. He is also the provisional representative of the bondholders of the issue carried out by Attijariwafa bank in June and December 2019. ²
Applicable law	Moroccan law.
Competent jurisdiction	Trade Court of Casablanca.

Attijariwafa bank Prospectus Summary - Subordinated Bond Issue

²The appointment of Mr. Mohammed Hdid as representative of the group of the three 2019-subordinated bond issues is proposed to the general meetings of bondholders on June 22, 2020.



Characteristics of tranche C (Fixed rate, 7-year maturity, with a principle repayment *in fine*, and not listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange)

Nature of securities	Subordinated bonds listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, dematerialized by registration with the central securities depositary (Maroclear) and entered into account at the chartered financial intermediaries.
Legal form	Bearer bond
Tranche ceiling	MAD 500,000,000
Maximum number of securities to be issued	5,000 subordinated bonds
Nominal value	MAD 100,000
Issue price	100%, i.e. MAD 100,000
Repayment price	100%, i.e. MAD 100,000
Loan maturity	7 years
Subscription period	From June 18 to 22,2020 included
Possession date	June 29, 2020
Maturity date	June 29, 2027
Allocation method	French Auction with a priority for tranche E and F (fixed rate, amortizable), then for tranches A and C (fixed rate), and then for tranches B and D (annually revisable rate)
Face interest rate	Fixed rate
	The face interest rate is determined in reference to the 7-year Treasury Bonds rate computed on the secondary market yield curve as published by Bank Al-Maghrib on June 2, 2020, i.e. 2.59%. A risk premium ranging from 60 to 70 bps will be added, i.e. between 3.19% and 3.29%.
	The reference rate is determined through linear interpolation using the two points framing the full 7-year maturity (actuarial basis).
	The selected face interest rate will be published in an LAG by Attijariwafa bank and on its website, no later than June 29, 2020.
Risk premium	Between 60 and 70 basis points
Interests	Interests will be served annually at the anniversary dates of the possession date of the loan, i.e. June 29, of each year. Their payment will take place on the same day or the first business day following June 29, if this day is not a business day. Interests on subordinated bonds will cease to accrue from the date when Attijariwafa bank will reimburse the principal. No postponement of the interest will be possible under this operation.
	Interests will be calculated as per the following formula:
	[Nominal x facial rate].





Amortization/ Regular repayment	Tanche C will be subject of a repayment in fine of the principal amount.
	In the event of a merger, demerger or partial contribution of assets from of Attijariwafa bank taking place during the term of the loan and resulting in the universal transfer of the assets in favor of a distinct legal entity, the rights and obligations in connection with the subordinated bonds will be automatically transferred to the legal entity substituted in the rights and obligations of Attijariwafa bank.
	The repayment of capital is, in case of liquidation of Attijariwafa bank, subordinated to all classical, secured and unsecured debts.
Early repayment	Attijariwafa bank undertakes not to go through an advance repayment of the subordinated loan bond, stated on the present prospectus.
	However, the bank keeps the right to carry out, with the prior consent of Bank Al Maghrib, the buyback of subordinated bonds in the secondary market, provided the conditions established by the legal and regulatory provisions. This repurchase is any inconsequential to the subscriber who wishes to keep its securities until due date and without any incident on the regular amortization schedule. The redeemed subordinated bonds will be cancelled after the consent of Bank Al Maghrib.
	In case of cancellation, the issuer has to inform the stock exchange, the AMMC and the bondholders' representative of the cancelled bonds.
Tradability of securities	Over-the-counter.
	There is no restriction imposed by the conditions of the issue to the free tradability of the subordinated bonds.
Assimilation clauses	There is no assimilation of the subordinated bonds, subject of the present prospectus, to the subordinated bonds from a previous issue of securities.
	In the case Attijariwafa bank would subsequently issue new securities enjoying, in all regards, rights that are identical to those of the present issue, it may, without requiring the bearers' consent, carry out the assimilation of all the securities of the successive issues, thus unifying all their management and trading operations.
Loan rank/subordination	The capital and the interest will be the subject of a subordination clause.
	The application of this clause will not adversely affect and by any means whatsoever, the legal rules concerning the accounting principles of loss allocation, the obligations of the shareholders and the obtained rights of the subscribers, the payment of its securities in capital and interest.
	In case of liquidation of Attijariwafa bank, the capital and interests of the subordinated securities of the present issue will be paid back only after the compensation of all classical, secured or unsecured creditors. The repayment of the subordinated securities will take place on the same ranking basis as all the other subordinated loans that have been and that may be issued subsequently by Attijariwafa bank both in Morocco and abroad, proportionally to their amount if applicable.



Maintenance of the loan's rank	Attijariwafa bank is committed, until the effective repayment of all the securities of this loan, not to institute on behalf of other subordinated securities that it could issue at a later stage, any priority as to their rank of repayment in case of liquidation, without granting the same rights to the subordinated securities of this loan.
Repayment guarantee	The present issue has not been subject to a special guarantee.
Rating	The present issue has not been subject to any rating request.
Representation of the bondholders' body	The Board of Directors held on June 4, 2020, and pending the occurrence of the General Meeting of bondholders, has designated Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid as a temporary representative. This decision will take effect concurrently with the beginning of the subscription period. To be noted that the temporary representative appointed is the same for the tranches A, B, C, D, E and F, which are grouped together in one and same body.
	In addition, the Board of Directors takes the engagement of calling a General Meeting of bondholders to appoint a permanent representative of the bondholders within a period of one year, starting from the opening of the subscription.
	Moreover, Attijariwafa bank has no capital or business ties with Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid.
	Furthermore, HDID Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed HDID is the permanent representative of the bond holders of the issues made by Attijariwafa bank between 2014 and 2018. He is also the provisional representative of the bondholders of the issue carried out by Attijariwafa bank in June and December 2019. ³
Applicable law	Moroccan law.
Competent jurisdiction	Trade Court of Casablanca.
Characteristics of tranche D (Annure payment in fine, and not listed on the Nature of securities	ually revisable rate, 7-year maturity with a principle of Casablanca Stock Exchange) Subordinated bonds listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, dematerialized by registration with the central securities depositary (Maroclear) and entered into account at the chartered financial intermediaries.
Legal form	Bearer bond
Tranche ceiling	MAD 500,000,000
Maximum number of securities to be issued	5,000 subordinated bonds
	(**)**********************************
Nominal value	MAD 100,000

³The appointment of Mr. Mohammed Hdid as representative of the group of the three 2019-subordinated bond issues is proposed to the general meetings of bondholders on June 22, 2020.

Attijariwafa bank Prospectus Summary –Subordinated Bond Issue



Repayment price	100%, i.e. MAD 100,000
Loan maturity	7 years
Subscription period	From June 18 to 22, 2020 included
Possession date	June 29, 2020
Maturity date	June 29,2027
Allocation method	French Auction with a priority for tranche E and F (fixed rate amortizable), then for tranches A and C (fixed rate), and then for tranches B and D (annually revisable rate)
	Revisable on an annual basis.
Face interest rate	For the first year, the reference rate for the face interest rate is the 52-week Treasury Bills rate (monetary rate) as computed on the secondary market yield curve as published by Bank Al-Maghrib on June 2, 2020, i.e. 2.18%. A risk premium ranging from 55 to 65 basis points will be added to this rate, thus resulting in a rate between 2.73% and 2.83% for the first year.
	The selected interest rate will be published by Attijariwafa bank on its website and in an LAG, no later than June 29, 2020.
	For the following years, the reference rate is the full 52-week rate (monetary rate) as computed by linear interpolation on the secondary market yield curve, as published by Bank Al-Maghrib at least 5 business days before the anniversary date of the coupon payment.
	A risk premium ranging from 55 to 65 basis points (fixed at the end of the auction) will then be added to this rate. The final rate will then be communicated by Attijariwafa bank, on its website, to bondholders and to the Stock Exchange at least 5 trading days before the anniversary date.
Reference rate calculation method	The reference rate is determined by Attijariwafa bank through linear interpolation using the two points covering the full maturity of 52 weeks (on a monetary basis).
	This linear interpolation will be done after the conversion of the next higher level of the 52-week maturity (actuarially) to the equivalent monetary rate.
	The formula is:
	(((Actuarial rate + 1) $^(k / \text{exact number of days *})) - 1) x 360 / k;$
	k is the maturity of the actuarial rate immediately greater than 52 weeks
	* Exact number of days: 365 or 366 days.
Risk premium	Between 55 and 65 basis points
Interest rate determination date	The coupon will be revised on an annual basis on the anniversary dates of the vesting dates, i.e. June 29 of each year.
	The new rate will be communicated by the issuer to the bondholders, via its website, at least 5 trading days before the anniversary date.



Interests	Interests will be annually served at the anniversary dates of the date of possession of the loan, i.e. June 29 of each year. Payment of interests will take place on the same day or the first business day following June 29 if it is not a business day. Interests on subordinated bonds will cease to accrue from the date when Attijariwafa bank will reimburse the principal. No deferral of interests will be possible as part of this operation.
	Interests will be calculated using the following formula:
	[Nominal x Face rate x Exact number of days/ 360].
Amortization/ Regular repayment	Tranche D will be subject of a repayment in fine of the principal amount.
	In the event of a merger, demerger or partial contribution of assets from of Attijariwafa bank taking place during the term of the loan and resulting in the universal transfer of the assets in favor of a distinct legal entity, the rights and obligations in connection with the subordinated bonds will be automatically transferred to the legal entity substituted in the rights and obligations of Attijariwafa bank.
	The repayment of capital is, in case of liquidation of Attijariwafa bank, subordinated to all classical, secured and unsecured debts.
Early repayment	Attijariwafa bank undertakes not to go through an advance repayment of the subordinated loan bond, stated on the present prospectus.
	However, the bank keeps the right to carry out, with the prior consent of Bank Al Maghrib, the buyback of subordinated bonds in the secondary market, provided the conditions established by the legal and regulatory provisions. This repurchase is any inconsequential to the subscriber who wishes to keep its securities until due date and without any incident on the regular amortization schedule. The redeemed subordinated bonds will be cancelled only after the consent of Bank Al Maghrib.
	In the event of cancellation, the issuer must inform the AMMC and the representative of the bondholder body of the cancelled bonds.
Tradability of securities	Over-the-counter.
	There is no restriction imposed by the conditions of the issue to the free tradability of the subordinated bonds.
Assimilation clauses	There is no assimilation of the subordinated bonds, subject of the present prospectus, to the subordinated bonds from a previous issue of securities.
	In case Attijariwafa bank would subsequently issue new securities enjoying, in all regards, the rights that are identical to those of the present issue, it may, without requiring the bearers' consent, carry out the assimilation of all the securities of the successive issues, thus unifying all their management and trading operations.





Loan rank/subordination	The capital and the interest will be the subject of a subordination clause.
	The application of this clause will not adversely affect and by any means whatsoever, the legal rules concerning the accounting principles of loss allocation, the obligations of the shareholders and the obtained rights of the subscribers, the payment of its securities in capital and interest.
	In case of liquidation of Attijariwafa bank, the capital and interests of the subordinated securities of the present issue will be paid back only after the compensation of all classical, secured or unsecured creditors. The repayment of the subordinated securities will take place on the same ranking basis as all the other subordinated loans that have been and that may be issued subsequently by Attijariwafa bank both in Morocco and abroad, proportionally to their amount if applicable.
Maintenance of the loan's rank	Attijariwafa bank is committed, until the effective repayment of all the securities of this loan, not to institute on behalf of other subordinated securities that it could issue at a later stage, any priority as to their rank of repayment in case of liquidation, without granting the same rights to the subordinated securities of this loan.
Repayment guarantee	The present issue has not been subject to a special guarantee.
Rating	The present issue has not been subject to any rating request.
Representation of the bondholders' body	The Board of Directors held on June 4, 2020 and pending the occurrence of the General Meeting of bondholders, has designated Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid as a temporary representative. This decision will take effect concurrently with the beginning of the subscription period. To be noted that the temporary representative appointed is the same for the tranches A, B, C, D, E and F, which are grouped together in one and same body.
	In addition, the Board of Directors takes the engagement of calling a General Meeting of bondholders to appoint a permanent representative of the bondholders within a period of one year, starting from the opening of the subscription.
	Moreover, Attijariwafa bank has no capital or business ties with Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid.
	Furthermore, Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid is the permanent representative of the bond holders of the issues made by Attijariwafa bank between 2014 and 2018. He is also the provisional representative of the bondholders of the issue carried out by Attijariwafa bank in June and December 2019. ⁴
Applicable law	Moroccan law.
Competent jurisdiction	Trade Court of Casablanca.

⁴The appointment of Mr. Mohammed Hdid as representative of the group of the three 2019-subordinated bond issues is proposed to the general meetings of bondholders on June 22, 2020.



Nature of securities	Subordinated bonds listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, dematerialized by registration with the central securities depositary (Maroclear) and entered into account at the chartered financial intermediaries.
Legal form	Bearer bond
Tranche ceiling	MAD 500,000,000
Maximum number of securities to be issued	5,000 subordinated bonds
Nominal value	MAD 100,000
Issue price	100%, i.e. MAD 100,000
Repayment price	100%, i.e. MAD 100,000
Loan maturity	7 years
Subscription period	From June 18 to 22,2020 included
Possession date	June 29, 2020
Maturity date	June 29, 2027
Allocation method	French Auction with a priority for tranche E and F (fixed rate, amortizable), then for tranches A and C (fixed rate), and then for tranches B and D (annually revisable rate)
Face interest rate	Fixed rate
	The face interest rate is determined in reference The face interest rate is determined by reference to the sovereign rate of equivalent maturity (7 years, fixed and amortizable annually) computed on the secondary market yield curve as published by Bank Al-Maghrib on June 2, 2020, i.e. 2.47%. A risk premium ranging from 50 and 60 bps will be added, i.e. between 2.97% and 3.07%.
	The selected face interest rate will be published in an LAG by Attijariwafa bank and on its website, no later than June 29, 2020.
Risk premium	Between 50 and 60 basis points
Interests	Interests will be served annually at the anniversary dates of the possession date of the loan, i.e. June 29, of each year. Their payment will take place on the same day or the first business day following June 29, if this day is not a business day. Interests on subordinated bonds will cease to accrue from the date when Attijariwafa bank will reimburse the principal. No postponement of the interest will be possible under this operation.
	Interests will be calculated as per the following formula:
	[Outstanding capital x facial rate].





Listing of securities	The subordinated bonds of tranche E will be listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange and will be subject to a request for listing in the D compartment of the Casablanca Stock Exchange. Their listing date is planned on June 24, 2020under Ticker OATWW.
	To be listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, the amount allocated to Tranche E must be greater than or equal to an amount of MAD 20,000,000.
	If, at the end of the subscription period, the amount allocated to Tranche E is less than MAD 20,000,000, the subscriptions relating to this Tranche will be cancelled.
Procedure of first listing	The listing of tranche E will be made by direct listing in accordance with articles 2.4.13, 2.4.14 and 2.4.15 of the General Regulation of the Stock Exchange.
Amortization/ Regular repayment	Repayment of principal on a straight-line basis, with a deferral for the first two years.
	Beyond the 2 nd year of the vesting date, the repayment of the principal of Tranche E of the subordinated bond loan, which is the subject of this information note, will be made annually and on a straight-line basis (annual amortization of 20% from the 3 rd year) on each anniversary date of the date on which the issue takes effect or on the 1st business day following that date if it is not a business day.
	In the event of a merger, demerger or partial contribution of assets of Attijariwafa bank occurring during the term of the loan and resulting in the universal transfer of the assets to a separate legal entity, the rights and obligations under the subordinated obligations will automatically be transferred to the legal entity substituted in the rights and obligations of Attijariwafa bank.
	The repayment of the capital is, in the event of the liquidation of Attijariwafa bank, subordinated to all classical, secured and unsecured debts.
Early repayment	Attijariwafa bank undertakes not to go through an advance repayment of the subordinated loan bond, stated on the present prospectus.
	However, the bank keeps the right to carry out, with the prior consent of Bank Al Maghrib, the buyback of subordinated bonds in the secondary market, provided the conditions established by the legal and regulatory provisions. This repurchase is any inconsequential to the subscriber who wishes to keep its securities until due date and without any incident on the regular amortization schedule. The redeemed subordinated bonds will be cancelled after the consent of Bank Al Maghrib.
	In the event of cancellation, the issuer must inform the AMMC and the representative of the bondholder body of the cancelled bonds.
Entity in charge of the registration of the operation in the Casablanca Stock Exchange	Attijari Intermédiation
Tradability of securities	The subordinated bonds, subject of tranche E, are freely tradable at Casablanca Stock Exchange.
	There is no restriction imposed by the conditions of the issue to the free tradability of the subordinated bonds.



There is no assimilation of the subordinated bonds, subject of the **Assimilation clauses** present prospectus, to the subordinated bonds from a previous issue of securities. In case Attijariwafa bank would subsequently issue new securities enjoying, in all regards, the rights that are identical to those of the present issue, it may, without requiring the bearers' consent, carry out the assimilation of all the securities of the successive issues, thus unifying all their management and trading operations. The capital and the interest will be the subject of a subordination Loan rank/Subordination clause. The application of this clause will not adversely affect and by any means whatsoever, the legal rules concerning the accounting principles of loss allocation, the obligations of the shareholders and the obtained rights of the subscribers, the payment of its securities in capital and interest. In case of liquidation of Attijariwafa bank, the capital and interests of the subordinated securities of the present issue will be paid back only after the compensation of all the classical, secured or unsecured creditors. The repayment of the subordinated securities will take place on the same ranking basis as all the other subordinated loans that have been and that may be issued subsequently by Attijariwafa bank both in Morocco and abroad, proportionally to their amount, if applicable. Attijariwafa bank is committed, until the effective repayment of all Maintenance of the loan's rank the securities of this loan, not to institute on behalf of other subordinated securities that it could issue at a later stage, any priority as to their rank of repayment in case of liquidation, without granting the same rights to the subordinated securities of the present loan. The present issue has not been subject to a special guarantee. Repayment guarantee The present issue has not been subject to any rating request. Rating The Board of Directors held on June 4, 2020 and pending the Representation of the bondholders' body occurrence of the General Meeting of bondholders, has designated Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid as a temporary representative. This decision will take effect concurrently with the beginning of the subscription period. To be noted that the temporary representative appointed is the same for the tranches A, B, C, D, E and F, which are grouped together in one and same body. In addition, the Board of Directors takes the engagement of calling a General Meeting of bondholders to appoint a permanent representative of the bondholders within a period of one year, starting from the opening of the subscription. Moreover, Attijariwafa bank has no capital or business ties with

Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid.

Furthermore, Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid is the permanent representative of the bond holders of the issues made by Attijariwafa bank between 2014 and 2018. He is also the

provisional representative of the bondholders of the issue carried out by Attijariwafa bank in June and December 2019.5

⁵The appointment of Mr. Mohammed Hdid as representative of the group of the three 2019-subordinated bond issues is proposed to the general meetings of bondholders on June 22, 2020.



Applicable law	Moroccan law.	
Competent jurisdiction	Trade Court of Casablanca.	





Characteristics of tranche F (Fixed rate, 7-year maturity with repayment of principal by constant linear amortization beyond the 2nd year, and not listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange)

Nature of securities	Subordinated bonds listed on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, dematerialized by registration with the central securities depositary (Maroclear) and entered into account at the chartered financial intermediaries.
Legal form	Bearer bond
Tranche ceiling	MAD 500,000,000
Maximum number of securities to be issued	5,000 subordinated bonds
Nominal value	MAD 100,000
Issue price	100%, i.e. MAD 100,000
Repayment price	100%, i.e. MAD 100,000
Loan maturity	7 years
Subscription period	From June 18 to 22,2020 included
Possession date	June 29, 2020
Maturity date	June 29, 2027
Allocation method	French Auction with a priority for tranche E and F (fixed rate, amortizable), then for tranches A and C (fixed rate), and then for tranches B and D (annually revisable rate)
Face interest rate	Fixed rate
	The face interest rate is determined in reference The face interest rate is determined by reference to the sovereign rate of equivalent maturity (7 years, fixed and amortizable annually) computed on the secondary market yield curve as published by Bank Al-Maghrib on June 2, 2020, i.e. 2.47%. A risk premium ranging from 50 and 60 bps will be added, i.e. between 2.97% and 3.07%.
	The selected face interest rate will be published in an LAG by Attijariwafa bank and on its website, no later than June 29, 2020.
Risk premium	Between 50 and 60 basis points
Interests	Interests will be served annually at the anniversary dates of the possession date of the loan, i.e. June 29, of each year. Their payment will take place on the same day or the first business day following June 29, if this day is not a business day. Interests on subordinated bonds will cease to accrue from the date when Attijariwafa bank will reimburse the principal. No postponement of the interest will be possible under this operation.
	Interests will be calculated as per the following formula:
	[Outstanding capital x facialrate].





Amortization/ Regular repayment	Repayment of principal on a straight-line basis, with a deferral for the first two years.	
	Beyond the 2 nd year of the vesting date, the repayment of the principal of Tranche E of the subordinated bond loan, which is the subject of this information note, will be made annually and on a straight-line basis (annual amortization of 20% from the 3 rd year) on each anniversary date of the date on which the issue takes effect or on the 1st business day following that date if it is not a business day.	
	In the event of a merger, demerger or partial contribution of assets of Attijariwafa bank occurring during the term of the loan and resulting in the universal transfer of the assets to a separate legal entity, the rights and obligations under the subordinated obligations will automatically be transferred to the legal entity substituted in the rights and obligations of Attijariwafa bank.	
	The repayment of the capital is, in the event of the liquidation of Attijariwafa bank, subordinated to all classical, secured and unsecured debts.	
Early repayment	Attijariwafa bank undertakes not to go through an advance repayment of the subordinated loan bond, stated on the present prospectus.	
	However, the bank keeps the right to carry out, with the prior consent of Bank Al Maghrib, the buyback of subordinated bonds in the secondary market, provided the conditions established by the legal and regulatory provisions. This repurchase is any inconsequential to the subscriber who wishes to keep its securities until due date and without any incident on the regular amortization schedule. The redeemed subordinated bonds will be cancelled after the consent of Bank Al Maghrib.	
	In the event of cancellation, the issuer must inform the AMMC and the representative of the bondholder body of the cancelled bonds.	
Tradability of securities	Over-the-counter.	
	There is no restriction imposed by the conditions of the issue to the free tradability of the subordinated bonds.	
Assimilation clauses	There is no assimilation of the subordinated bonds, subject of the present prospectus, to the subordinated bonds from a previous issue of securities.	
	In case Attijariwafa bank would subsequently issue new securities enjoying, in all regards, the rights that are identical to those of the present issue, it may, without requiring the bearers' consent, carry out the assimilation of all the securities of the successive issues, thus unifying all their management and trading operations.	





Loan rank/Subordination	The capital and the interest will be the subject of a subordination clause.
	The application of this clause will not adversely affect and by any means whatsoever, the legal rules concerning the accounting principles of loss allocation, the obligations of the shareholders and the obtained rights of the subscribers, the payment of its securities in capital and interest.
	In case of liquidation of Attijariwafa bank, the capital and interests of the subordinated securities of the present issue will be paid back only after the compensation of all classical, secured or unsecured creditors. The repayment of the subordinated securities will take place on the same ranking basis as all the other subordinated loans that have been and that may be issued subsequently by Attijariwafa bank both in Morocco and abroad, proportionally to their amount if applicable.
Maintenance of the loan's rank	Attijariwafa bank is committed, until the effective repayment of all the securities of this loan, not to institute on behalf of other subordinated securities that it could issue at a later stage, any priority as to their rank of repayment in case of liquidation, without granting the same rights to the subordinated securities of this loan.
Repayment guarantee	The present issue has not been subject to a special guarantee.
Rating	The present issue has not been subject to any rating request.
Representation of the bondholders' body	The Board of Directors held on June 4, 2020 and pending the occurrence of the General Meeting of bondholders, has designated Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid as a temporary representative. This decision will take effect concurrently with the beginning of the subscription period. To be noted that the temporary representative appointed is the same for the tranches A, B, C, D, E and F, which are grouped together in one and same body.
	In addition, the Board of Directors takes the engagement of calling a General Meeting of bondholders to appoint a permanent representative of the bondholders within a period of one year, starting from the opening of the subscription.
	Moreover, Attijariwafa bank has no capital or business ties with Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid.
	Furthermore, Hdid Consultants represented by Mr. Mohamed Hdid is the permanent representative of the bond holders of the issues made by Attijariwafa bank between 2014 and 2018. He is also the provisional representative of the bondholders of the issue carried out by Attijariwafa bank in June 2019.
Applicable law	Moroccan law.
Competent jurisdiction	Trade Court of Casablanca.

Attijariwafa bank Prospectus Summary - Subordinated Bond Issue

⁶The appointment of Mr. Mohammed Hdid as representative of the group of the three 2019-subordinated bond issues is proposed to the general meetings of bondholders on June 22, 2020.



I. RISK RELATED TO SUBORDINATED BONDS

- Liquidity risk: Subscribers to Attijariwafa bank's subordinated bonds may be subject to a liquidity
 risk of the security on the secondary market of private debt. Indeed, depending on the market
 conditions (liquidity, evolution of the yield curve, etc.) the liquidity of Attijariwafa bank's
 subordinated bonds can be momentarily affected.
- Interest rate risk: The bond issue covered by this prospectus provides for fixed-rate tranches (tranches A, C, E and F), calculated on the basis of the secondary market curve for Treasury Bills as published by Bank Al Maghrib on June 2, 2020. As a result, the value of the fixed-rate bonds could vary upwards or downwards, depending on the evolution of the secondary yield curve published by Bank Al Maghrib.
- Subordination risk: The bond issue is subject to a subordination clause, according to which, in the event of liquidation of the issuer, the repayment of the capital and interest of the subordinated securities of this issue will only take place after all conventional, secured or unsecured creditors have been paid.
- Default risk: The bonds covered by this prospectus may present a risk that the issuer may not be able to honor its contractual commitments to the bondholders, resulting in the non-payment of coupons and the non-repayment of principal.

IV. SCHEDULE OF THE OPERATION

This operation schedule is as follows:

Orders	Stages	Timeline
1	Receipt of the complete file by the Casablanca Stock Exchange	June8, 2020
2	Approval of the issue by the Casablanca Stock Exchange	June 10, 2020
3	Receipt by the Casablanca Stock Exchange of the prospectus approved by AMMC	June 10, 2020
4	Publication of the prospectus extract on the issuer's website (http://ir.attijariwafabank.com/)	June 10, 2020
5	Publication of the operation in the official bulletin of the Casablanca Stock Exchange	June 11, 2020
6	Publication of an abstract of the prospectus in an LAG	June 12, 2020
7	Opening of the subscription period	June 18, 2020
8	Closing of the subscription period	June 22, 2020
9	Receipt by the Casablanca Stock Exchange of the results of the operation and the rates retained per tranche, before 10:00 am	June 23, 2020
	Listing of bonds	
10	Publication of the operation results in the official bulletin of the Casablanca Stock Exchange	June 24, 2020
11	Registration of the operation in the Stock Exchange	June 29, 2020
11	Payment / Delivery	June 29, 2020
12	Publication by the issuer of the operation results and the used rates in an LAG and on its website	June 29, 2020





PART II: OVERVIEW OF ATTIJARIWAFA BANK

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

Company name	Attijariwafa bank
Headquarters	2, boulevard Moulay Youssef - Casablanca 20 000
Phone / Fax	Phone: 0522.29.88.88 Fax: 0522.29.41.25
Web site	www.attijariwafabank.com// http://ir.attijariwafabank.com/
Email	ir@attijariwafa.com
Legal form	Limited Company with Board of Directors
Incorporation date	1911
Company lifetime	May 31st, 2060 (99 years)
Commercial Register	Casablanca Commercial Register No.333
Financial Year	From January 1 to December 31
Company objective (article 5 of statutes)	"The purpose of the company is in all countries, to perform all banking, finance, credit, commission operations and generally, under the restrictions stipulated by the applicable legal provisions, any operations directly or indirectly related to this purpose, mainly, the following operations, the list of which is not exhaustive: Receive from the public denosits on accounts or otherwise whether

Receive from the public deposits on accounts or otherwise whether interest bearing or not, repayable on demand, upon notice or maturity;

- Discount all commercial papers, exchange letters, promissory notes, checks, warrants, instruments, vouchers issued by the Public Treasury or Local or semi-public authorities, and generally any commitments resulting from industrial, agricultural, commercial or financial operations or other operations conducted by public administrations, negotiate or rediscount the aforementioned items and provide and accept all orders, exchange letters, promissory notes, or checks, etc.;
- Grant all types of loans with or without guarantees, issue advances on Moroccan or foreign annuities, on securities issued by the State, public or semi-public authorities and on securities issued by Moroccan or foreign industrial, agricultural, commercial or financial companies;
- Receive deposits of all securities and objects; accept or proceed to the payment and recovery of exchange letters, promissory notes, checks, warrants, interest or dividend coupons, act as intermediary for the purchase or sale of all kinds of public funds, securities, bonds or profit shares:
- Accept or at times in conjunction with loans or borrowings, grant mortgages and any other types of guarantee, underwrite any guarantee sureties or endorsements commitments, proceed to all acquisitions, real estate or personal property as well as financial leases or rental of buildings;
- Proceed to or participate in the issue, investment, introduction in the market, to the negotiation of any securities of the public or private authorities, submit any borrowings of these authorities, acquire or dispose of any annuities, public sector securities, shares, bonds or securities of all kinds belonging to the said authorities, ensure the creation of corporate entities and consequently accept any offices or powers, and when possible contribute to the capital of the said companies;
- Establish in any place inside or outside Morocco, subsidiaries, branches, offices and affiliates required to perform the aforementioned operations;
- Acquire stakes in already existing businesses or companies in the process of creation, provided adherence to the limits set with regard to shareholders' equity and registered capital or voting rights of the issuing



	 company in accordance with the applicable regulations. And generally, all operations that fall under its corporate purpose."
Share capital as of December 31, 2019	209,859,679 shares with a nominal value of MAD 10 per share.
Legal documents	The legal documents of the company, including the articles of associations companies' articles and General Meetings and auditors' reports may be consulted at Attijariwafa bank's Headquarters.
List of the laws applicable on the issuer	Due to its legal form, Attijariwafa bank is governed by Moroccan law and Law No. 17-95, promulgated by Dahir No. 1-96-124 of August 30 th , 1996 on public limited Companies as amended and supplemented;
	Due to its activity, Attijariwafa bank is governed by the Dahir No. 1-14-193 of Rabii I 1 st , 1436 promulgating Law No. 103-12 on credit institutions and similar bodies (Banking Act).
	Due to its listing on the Casablanca Stock Exchange, it is subject to all applicable laws and regulations related to the financial markets, including:
	 Dahir providing Law No. 19-14 relating to the stock exchange, brokerage companies and financial investment advisors;
	 General Rules of the Stock Exchange approved by the Order of the Minister of Economy and Finance No. 2208-19 of July 7, 2019;
	 Law No. 44-12 relating to public offerings and the information required from legal entities and organizations making public offerings;
	 Law 43-12 relating to the AMMC;
	 General Rules of AMMC as approved by the Decree of the Minister of Economy and Finance No. 2169-16;
	 AMMC circulars;
	 Dahir No. 1-95-03 of January 26th, 1995 promulgating the Law No. 35-94 or some tradable debt securities and the Decree of the Ministry of Finance and Foreign Investments No. 2560-95 of October 9th, 1995 on tradable debt securities;
	Dahir No. 1-96-246 of January 9 th , 1997 promulgating the law No. 35-96 relating to the creation of the Central Depository and the establishment of a general system of registration in accounts of some securities, amended and supplemented;
	General rules of the Central Depository approved by the Ordinance of the Minister of Economy and Finance No. 932-98 dated April 16 th , 1998 and amended by the Ordinance of the Minister of Economy, Finance, Privatization and Tourism No. 1961-01 of October 30 th , 2001;
	Dahir No. 1-04-21 of April 21 st , 2004 promulgating the Law No. 26-03 relating to public offerings on the stock market and amended.
Tax system	As a credit institution, Attijariwafa bank is subject to the corporate tax (37%) and the VAT (10%).

Trade Court of Casablanca

Competent court in the event of dispute



II. Information on the issuer's share capital 7

As of December 31, 2019, the capital of Attijariwafa bank amounted to MAD 2,098,596,790, divided into

209,859,679 shares with a nominal value of MAD 10 each. The capital allocation is presented as follows:

	Address	Number of held securities	% of capital	% of voting rights
1- National shareholders		154 960 974	73.84%	73.84%
1-1- Al Mada	Angle rue d'Alger et Duhaume - Casablanca	97 433 137	46.43%	46.43%
1-2- Insurance companies		31 399 579	14.96%	14.96%
MAMDA	bd Mohammed VI - Rabat	6 958 584	3.32%	3.32%
MCMA	bd Mohammed VI - Rabat	7 737 148	3.69%	3.69%
RMA-Watanya	83 avenue des FAR - Casablanca	2 683 942	1.28%	1.28%
Wafa Assurance	1 rue Abdelmoumen - Casablanca	13 226 583	6.30%	6.30%
Axa Assurances Maroc	120 avenue hassan II - Casablanca	793 322	0.38%	0.38%
1-3- Other institutions		26 128 258	12.45%	12.45%
Caisse de Dépôt et de Gestion (CDG)	140 Place My El Hassan - Rabat	3 576 531	1.70%	1.70%
Caisse Marocaine de Retraite	Avenue Al Araar, BP 2048, Hay Riad, Rabat	474 087	0.23%	0.23%
CIMR	100 Bd Abdelmoumen - Casablanca	8 560 380	4.08%	4.08%
RCAR	Hay Riad - BP 2038 - Rabat	13 517 260	6.44%	6.44%
2- Foreign shareholders		10 715 614	5.11%	5.11%
Santusa Holding	Paseo de la Castellana n°24 - Madrid (Espagne)	10 715 614	5.11%	5.11%
3- Flot		44 183 091	21.05%	21.05%
UCITS and others	NA*	38 066 651	18.14%	18.14%
Bank directors	NA*	700	0.00%	0.00%
Bank staff	NA*	6 115 740	2.91%	2.91%
Total		209 859 679	100.00%	100.00%

Source: Attijariwafa bank - * Not applicable. The Board of Directors of Attijariwafa bank proposes in the draft resolution of the General Meeting of June 29, 2020 to proceed to the conversion of bearer shares into registered shares.



⁷ Al Mada became Attijariwafa bank's reference shareholder with a 46.43% stake, mainly following the merger of ONA into Al Mada on 31 December 2010.



III. ATTIJARIWAFA BANK BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As of March 31, 2020, Attijariwafa bank is managed by a Board of Directors composed of 10 members and chaired by Mr. Mohamed El Kettani.

Directors	Appointment date ^l	Expiry of office term
Mr. Mohamed El Kettani CEO of the Attijariwafa bank Group, Chairman of the Board of Directors	2014	OGM called to approve the 2019 financial year*
SIGER Represented by Mr. Mounir El Majidi, CEO of SIGER ² , Director - Attijariwafa bank	2015	OGM called to approve the 2020 financial year
Al Mada Represented by Mr Hassan Ouriagli, CEO of Al Mada, Director - Attijariwafa bank	2017	OGM called to approve the 2022 financial year
Mr. Abdelmjid Tazlaoui CEO of AMETYS ³ , Director - Attijariwafa bank	2017	OGM called to approve the 2022 financial year
Mr. Aymane Taud Deputy Managing Director of AL Mada, Director - Attijariwafa bank	2016	OGM called to approve the 2021 financial year
Mr. José Reig Director - Attijariwafa bank	2018	OGM statuant sur les comptes de l'exercice 2023
Mr. Abed Yacoubi Soussane Chairman of the MAMDA/MCMA Supervisory Board, Director - Attijariwafa bank	2017	OGM called to approve the 2022 financial year
Mr. Aldo Olcese Santonja Independent director, PhD in Financial Economics	2014	OGM called to approve the 2019 financial year*
Santander Represented by Mr. Jose Manuel Varela, Ex Deputy Managing Director, Director - Attijariwafa bank	2014	OGM called to approve the 2019 financial year*
Mr. Lionel Zinsou Managing Partner Southbridge, Independent director	2019	OGM called to approve the 2024 financial year

Source: Attijariwafa bank - *The Board of Directors of Attijariwafa Bank proposes in the draft resolution of the General Assembly of June 29, 2020 to proceed to the renewal of these mandates for the statutory duration of six years. The Board of Directors also proposes the appointment of a new Director.

(1) Appointment or reappointment - the year corresponds to the year in which the General Meeting called to approve the financial statements for the previous financial year is held

(2) Siger is a shareholder of Al Mada

(3) AMETYS is a sister company of Attijariwafa bank





III. ATTIJARIWAFA BANK ADMINISTRATIVE CHART

L'organigramme du groupe Attijariwafa bank, au 31 mars 2020, se décline comme suit :



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IV. ACTIVITY OF ATTIJARIWAFA BANK

IV.1. Evolution of loans

The outstanding loans of Attijariwafa bank evolved over the period under review as follows:

	2017	2018	2019	Var.18/17	Var.19/18
Loans to credit institutions and similar entities (C1)	35 622	33 043	33 288	-7.2%	0.7%
Demand	6 724	4 036	5 796	-40.0%	43.6%
Term	28 898	29 007	27 492	0.4%	-5.2%
Customer loans (C2)	179 238	203 544	210 376	13.6%	3.4%
Treasury and consumer loans	45 876	53 719	55 766	17.1%	3.8%
Investment loans	61 961	64 824	63 301	4.6%	-2.4%
Mortgage loans	59 193	60 948	62 683	3.0%	2.8%
Other loans	7 693	7 478	12 176	-2.8%	62.8%
Factoring loans	2	10 777	10 940	>100.0%	1.5%
Past due receivables net of provision	3 040	4 217	4 066	38.7%	-3.6%
Accrued interest receivable	1 475	1 580	1 444	7.1%	-8.6%
Total loans (C1) + (C2)	214 860	236 587	243 664	10.1%	3.0%

MAD million - Source: Attijariwafa bank - Social accounts

As of December 31, 2019, the outstanding loans of Attijariwafa bank amounted to MAD 243.7 billion, i.e. an increase of 3.0% compared to end December 2018. This evolution is explained by the following combined elements:

- The improvement of the outstanding customer loans by 3.4% to nearly MAD 210.4 billion as of end 2019, this evolution is mainly due to:
 - ✓ the increase of 62.8% in other loans, whose outstanding amount as of end 2019 amounted to MAD 12.3 billion.
 - ✓ Mortgage loans increased by MAD 1.7 billion in 2019;
 - ✓ the 3.8% (+ MAD 2.0 billion) increase in cash and consumer loans.
- the improvement in loans to credit and similar institutions by 0.7% (+ MAD 0.2 billion) over the period under review.

In 2018, the outstanding loans of Attijariwafa bank amounted to nearly MAD 236.6 billion, an increase of 10.1% (+ MAD 21.7 billion) compared to 2017. This evolution is explained by the following main combined elements:

- the improvement in outstanding customer loans by 13.6% (+ MAD 24.3 billion) to more than MAD 203.5 billion as of end 2018, this evolution is mainly due to:
 - the increase in cash and consumer loans by 17.1% (+ MAD 7.8 billion) compared to 2017;
 - the increase in equipment loans by 4.6% (+ MAD 2.9 billion) to reach MAD 64.8 billion as of end 2018;
 - the increase in outstanding mortgage loans by 3.0% (MAD 1. billion) to reach MAD 64.8 billion as of end December 31 2018.
 - the increase in receivables acquired by factoring by MAD 10.8 billion, mainly due to the financing of the VAT credit (MAD 11 billion of production in 2018);
 - the increase in overdue receivables net of provisions by 38.7% (+ MAD 1.2 billion).
- the decrease in outstanding receivables from credit and similar institutions by 7.2% (- MAD 2.6 billion) to nearly MAD 33.0 billion as of end 2018. This situation is the result of a 40.0% (- MAD 2.7 billion) decrease in outstanding demand loans.



IV.2. Evolution of deposits

The outstanding debts of Attijariwafa bank evolved as follows over the period under review:

	2017	2018	2019	Var.18/17	Var.19/18
Debts to credit institutions (D1)	27 433	38 673	37 493	41.0%	-3.1%
Demand	6 578	4 010	3 759	-39.0%	-6.3%
Term	20 855	34 663	33 734	66.2%	-2.7%
Debts to customers (D2)	225 369	234 508	233 129	4.1%	-0.6%
Current accounts payable	141 414	146 965	152 229	3.9%	3.6%
Savings accounts	27 861	28 407	29 213	2.0%	2.8%
Term deposits	39 040	41 060	36 462	5.2%	-11.2%
Other accounts payable	16 370	17 440	14 637	6.5%	-16.1%
Accrued interest payable	683	636	587	-6.9%	-7.7%
Total debts (D1+D2)	252 802	273 181	270 622	8.1%	-0.9%

MAD million- Source: Attijariwafa bank - Social accounts

At the end of the 2019 financial year, debts to customers stood at nearly MAD 270.6 billion, a decrease of 0.9% compared to the end of December 2018. This evolution is mainly explained by the following combined elements:

- The increase in demand payable accounts by 3.6% (+5.3 billion MAD)
- The increase of MAD 806.0 million in savings accounts to reach more than MAD 29.2 billion as of end 2019;
- The decrease of 11.2% in term deposits (- MAD 4.6 billion);
- The decrease in other accounts payable by 16.1% (- MAD 2.8 billion).

Outstanding debts to credit institutions fell by 3.1% (- MAD 1.2 billion) to reach more than MAD 37.5 billion as of end 2019. The decrease in the outstanding term deposits by MAD 0.93 billion to reach MAD 33.7 billion in 2019 remains the main reason for this evolution.

At the end of the 2018 financial year, debts to customers amounted to more than MAD 234.5 billion, up 4.1% (+MAD 9.1 billion) compared to 2017. This change is mainly due to the following combined factors:

- the increase in term deposits by 5.2% (+MAD 2.0 billion);
- the increase in credit current accounts by 3.9% (+MAD 5.6 billion);
- the evolution of other accounts payable by 6.5% (+MAD 1.1 billion) to reach more than MAD 17.4 billion in 2018;

On the other hand, outstanding debts to credit institutions increased by 41.0% (+MAD 11.2 billion), to reach nearly MAD 38.7 billion in 2018. The increase in outstanding term deposits by MAD +13.8 billion to MAD 34.7 billion remains the main reason for this change. This increase is mainly explained by the increase in 7-day repos at Bank Al Maghrib.





V. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ATTIJARIWAFA BANK'S SOCIAL ACCOUNTS

V.1. 2017-2019 balance sheet

建筑的 的复数的现在分词	2017	2018	2019	Var.18/17	Var.19/18
Assets	319 371	350 620	360 798	9.8%	2.9%
Cash in hand, Central banks, Treasury, Postal cheque service	9 143	8 094	10 466	-11.5%	29.3%
Loans to credit institutions and similar entities	35 622	33 043	33 288	-7.2%	0.7%
Loans to customers	179 238	192 683	199 390	7.5%	3.5%
Factoring loans	0	10 861	10 986	>100.0%	1.2%
Transaction and investment securities	59 556	66 340	67 908	11.4%	2.4%
Other assets	3 782	5 486	3 885	45.1%	-29.2%
Investment securities	6 840	8 752	8 489	27.9%	-3.0%
Equity securities and similar uses	19 105	18 833	19 272	-1.4%	2.3%
Fixed assets held under finance leases and rental contracts	395	672	997	70.1%	48.4%
Intangible assets	2 088	2 121	2 413	1.6%	13.8%
Tangible assets	3 603	3 735	3 703	3.7%	-0.9%
Liabilities	319 371	350 620	360 798	9.8%	2.9%
Central banks, Treasury, Postal cheque service	1	-	-	Ns	Ns
Debts owed to credit institutions and similar institutions	27 433	38 673	37 493	41.0%	-3.1%
Customer deposits	225 369	234 508	233 129	4.1%	-0.6%
Debt securities issued	5 879	8 547	12 969	45.4%	51.7%
Other liabilities	7 080	12 789	16 877	80.6%	32.0%
Provisions for risks and charges	3 253	3 563	3 677	9.5%	3.2%
Regulated provisions	E E	-	12	Ns	Ns
Subordinated debts	13 320	11 043	13 044	-17.1%	18.1%
Equity	37 038	41 498	43 609	12.0%	5.1%

MAD million- Source: Attijariwafa bank - Social accounts





V.2. 2017 - 2019 income statement

	2017	2018	2019	Var.18/17	Var.19/18
Banking operating income	17 721	18 203	18 791	2.7%	3.2%
Interest and similar income on transactions with credit institutions	1 030	985	1 022	-4.3%	3.7%
Interest and income on customer transactions	8 926	9 591	9 960	7.4%	3.9%
Interest and similar income on debt securities	305	257	295	-15.9%	14.8%
Income on equities and Sukuks certificates	1 513	1 610	1 666	6.4%	3.5%
Income on fixed assets under finance leases and rental contracts	24	154	251	>100.0%	62.5%
Commissions on services provided	1 635	1 806	1 937	10.4%	7.2%
Other banking income	4 288	3 800	3 661	-11.4%	-3.7%
Banking operating expenses	6 218	6 017	5 946	-3.2%	-1.2%
Interest and similar expenses on transactions with credit institutions	592	875	888	47.6%	1.5%
Interest and expenses on customer transactions	2 451	2 413	2 221	-1.6%	-8.0%
Interest and similar charges on debt securities issued	207	199	313	-3.9%	57.4%
Expenses on fixed assets under finance leases and rental contracts	31	36	110	15.4%	>100.0%
Other banking expenses	2 937	2 495	2 413	-15.1%	-3.3%
Net banking income	11 503	12 187	12 844	5.9%	5.4%
Non-banking operating income	52	96	52	84.6%	-45.8%
Non-banking operating expenses	- 3	- 2	-	-45.6%	-98.3%
General operating expenses	4 508	4 717	4 935	4.7%	4.6%
Personnel expenses	2 068	2 196	2 314	6.2%	5.4%
Taxes and duties	123	147	107	20.1%	-27.5%
External expenses	1 886	1 867	1 867	-1.0%	0.0%
Other general operating expenses	19	60	75	>100.0%	25.8%
Depreciation, amortization and provisions for intangible assets	412	448	571	8.6%	27.7%
Provisions and losses on bad debts	2 798	2 995	1 610	7.0%	-46.2%
Allocation to provisions on non-performing loans and commitments by signature	1 338	1 228	1 160	-8.2%	-5.5%
Losses on bad debts	970	1 336	99	37.7%	-92.6%
Other provisions charges	489	430	350	-12.2%	-18.5%
Reversals of provisions and recoveries on amortized receivables	2 046	1 911	648	-6.6%	-66.1%
Prov. Reversal for non-performing loans & commitments by signature	1 310	1 725	330	31.6%	-80.9%
Recoveries on amortized receivables	63	55	65	-11.7%	18.5%
Other provisions reversals	673	131	253	-80.5%	92.9%
Current income	6 292	6 480	7 000	3.0%	8.0%
Non-current income	1	12	5	>100.0%	-59.5%
Non-current expenses	531	13	148	-97.5%	>100.0%
Pre-tax income	5 762	6 479	6 857	12.5%	5.8%
Income tax	1 604	1 875	2 017	16.9%	7.6%

MAD million- Source: Attijariwafa bank - Social accounts





VI. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTSUNDER IFRS

VI.1. 2017 -2019 consolidated balance sheet

	12.2017	.01.2018	12.2018	12.2019	Var 12.18/01.18	Var.19/18
Assets	475 660	471 475	509 926	532 602	8.2%	4.4%
Cash in hand, Central banks, Treasury, Postal cheque service	18 225	18 225	18 537	24 732	1.7%	33.4%
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	65 875	60 765	61 567	55 788	1.3%	-9.4%
Hedging derivative instruments	8₩8	3 €8	-		Ns	Ns
Financial assets at fair value through equity		46 208	43 191	51 845	-6.5%	20.0%
Available-for-sale financial assets	39 267	-	1.5	-	Ns	Ns
Securities at amortized cost	(-)	9 402	15 101	16 120	60.6%	6.7%
Loans and receivables from credit institutions and similar entities	25 304	25 268	28 791	23 394	13.9%	-18.7%
Customer loans and receivables	285 995	279 682	305 060	323 753	9.1%	6.1%
Asset revaluation difference on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk		-	£ *	-	Ns	Ns
Held-to-maturity investments	8 746	<u> </u>	154	6 2 7.	Ns	Ns
Current tax assets	124	124	182	142	47.1%	-22.1%
Deferred tax assets	636	3 012	2 867	2 935	-4.8%	2.4%
Accruals and other assets	8 675	8 649	13 667	11 112	58.0%	-18.7%
Deferred policyholder profit sharing	2 672			_	Ns	Ns
Non-current assets held for sale	114	114	97	75	-15.1%	-22.6%
Investments in companies accounted for by the equity method	107	107	87	84	-18.9%	-3.3%
Investment properties	2 247	2 247	2 523	2 466	12.2%	-2.2%
Intangible assets	5 551	5 551	5 688	7 289	2.5%	28.2%
Tangible assets	2 125	2 124	2 617	2 953	23.2%	12.8%
Goodwill on acquisitions	9 996	9 996	9 952	9 913	-0.4%	-0.4%

MAD million - Source: Attijariwafa bank - Consolidated accounts





	12.2017	01.2018	12.2018	12.2019	Var 12.18/01.18	Var 19/18
Liabilities	475 660	471 475	509 926	532 602	8.2%	4.4%
Central banks, Treasury, Postal cheque service	97	97	3	4	-96.9%	44.2%
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	717	717	401	688	-44.1%	71.8%
Hedging derivative instruments	0	0	0	0	Ns	Ns
Amounts owed to credit institutions and similar entities	37 652	37 652	47 315	45 995	25.7%	-2.8%
Amounts owed to customers	316 210	316 210	332 006	335 577	5.0%	1.1%
Debt securities issued	11 120	11 120	15 508	21 994	39.5%	41.8%
Passive revaluation difference on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk	0	0	0	0	Ns	Ns
Current tax liabilities	614	614	865	1 179	40.9%	36.3%
Deferred tax liabilities	2 576	2 436	1 976	2 604	-18.9%	31.8%
Accruals and other liabilities	10 729	10 715	12 307	16 614	14.9%	35.0%
Liabilities related to non-current assets held for sale	-	-	-		Ns	Ns
Technical provisions for insurance contracts	28 635	28 635	33 639	36 482	17.5%	8.5%
Provisions for risks and charges	1 734	15 2	1 9	2 <u>4</u> 2	Ns	Ns
Provisions	ř	2 446	2 608	2 762	6.6%	5.9%
Subsidies, allocated public funds and special guarantee funds	129	-	-	-	Ns	Ns
Subordinated debts	14 646	-		-	Ns	Ns
Subsidies and similar funds		129	361	157	>100.0%	-56.5%
Subordinated debts and special guarantee funds	0	14 646	12 466	14 622	-14.9%	17.3%
Equity	50 801	46 059	50 471	53 925	9.6%	6.8%
Capital and related reserves	10 152	10 152	12 552	12 552	23.6%	0.0%
Consolidated reserves	33 247	33 764	29 388	31 792	-13.0%	8.2%
Group share	27 337	28 640	25 596	28 210	-10.6%	10.2%
Minority interests	5 910	5 124	3 791	3 581	-26.0%	-5.5%
Unrealized or deferred gains or losses	819	2 143	1 797	2 631	-16.2%	46.4%
Group share	819	830	665	1 050	-19.8%	57.8%
Minority interests	3/2/	1 314	1 132	1 581	-13.8%	39.7%
Net income for the financial year	6 584	-	6 735	6 951	Ns	3.2%
Group share	5 391		5 706	5 816	Ns	1.9%
Minority interests	1 193	_	1 029	1 135	Ns	10.3%

MAD million - Source: Attijariwafa bank - Consolidated accounts

VI.2. 2017 -2019 consolidated income statements

	2017	2018	2019	Var. 18/17	Var 19/18
Interest and similar income	18 819	20 911	21 901	11.1%	4.7%
Interest and similar expenses	5 911	6 916	6 965	17.0%	0.7%
Interest margin	12 908	13 995	14 937	8.4%	6.7%
Commissions received	5 405	5 836	5 964	8.0%	2.2%
Commissions paid	618	802	816	29.7%	1.8%
Commission margin	4 787	5 034	5 148	5.2%	2.3%
Net gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	2 870	3 115	3 066	8.5%	-1.6%
Net gains or losses on available-for-sale financial assets	1 036	726	643	-29.9%	-11.4%
Income from market activities	3 906	3 841	3 709	-1.7%	-3.4%
Income from other activities	7 926	8 699	9 544	9.8%	9.7%



Expenses from other activities	7 882	9 198	9 865	16.7%	7.2%
Net banking income	21 645	22 371	23 473	3.4%	4.9%
General operating expenses	9 044	9 648	9 679	6.7%	0.3%
Depreciation, amortization and impairment of intangible and tangible assets	937	1 065	1 544	13.7%	45.0%
Gross operating income	11 664	11 658	12 250	-0.1%	5.1%
Cost of risk	-2 168	-1 724	1 589	20.5%	>100.0%
Operating income	9 496	9 934	10 661	4.6%	7.3%
Share of income from companies accounted for by the equity method	16	12	13	-27.7%	11.5%
Net gains or losses on other assets	23	53	31	>100.0%	-41.6%
Changes in the value of goodwill	0	0	0	Ns	Ns
Pre-tax income	9 536	9 999	10 705	4.9%	7.1%
Income tax	2 952	3 263	3 754	10.6%	15.0%
Net income	6 584	6 735	6 951	2.3%	3.2%
Income from non-group companies	1 193	1 029	1 135	-13.7%	10.3%
Net income, group share	5 391	5 706	5 816	5.8%	1.9%
		117777			200000000000000000000000000000000000000

In MAD thousands - Source: Attijariwafa bank - Consolidated accounts





VII. SUMMARY STATEMENTS OF QUARTERLY CORPORATE ACCOUNTS

VII.1. Balance sheet

Assets	31/12/2019	31/03/2020	Var. T1 20 /19
Cash in hand, Central banks, Treasury, Postal cheque service	10 466	12 243	17.0%
Loans to credit institutions and similar entities	33 288	34 923	4.9%
Demand	5 796	7 737	33.5%
Term	27 492	27 185	-1.1%
Debts owed to customers	199 390	199 601	0.1%
Participatory cash and customer Credits and Financing	56 296	57 361	1.9%
Participatory equipment credits and financing	64 159	64 981	1.3%
Participatory mortgage credits and financing	62 686	63 296	1.0%
Other participatory credits and financing	16 248	13 965	-14.1%
Factoring loans	10 986	10 323	-6.0%
Transaction and investment securities	67 908	66 040	-2.8%
Bills and similar securities	43 130	44 016	2.1%
Other debt securities	9 402	6 788	-27.8%
Equities	15 246	15 107	-0.9%
SUKUKUS certificates	129	129	0.0%
Other assets	3 885	4 987	28.4%
Investment securities	8 488	8 501	0.2%
Bills and similar securities	8 488	8 501	0.2%
Other debt securities	-	150	Ns
SUKUKUS certificates	*	15	Ns
Equity securities and similar uses	19 272	19 298	0.1%
Participation in associated companies	18 253	18 253	0.0%
Other equity securities and similar uses	1 019	1 045	2.6%
Moudaraba and Moucharaka securities	-	-	Ns
Subordinated debt		•	Ns
Placed investment deposits		-	Ns
Fixed assets held under finance leases and rental contracts	997	931	-6.6%
Fixed Assets in Ijara	3%	10 0 0	Ns
Intangible assets	2 413	2 379	-1.4%
Tangible assets	3 703	3 659	-1.2%
Total Assets	360 798	362 887	0.6%

MAD million - Source: Attijariwafa bank





Liabilities	31/12/2019	31/03/2020	Var. T1 20 / 19
Central banks, Treasury, postal cheque service			Ns
Amounts owed to credit institutions and similar entities	37 493	40 842	8.9%
Demand	3 759	3 135	-16.6%
Term	33 734	37 707	11.8%
Customer deposits	233 129	230 635	-1.1%
Accounts payable	153 597	156 410	1.8%
Savings accounts	29 344	29 304	-0.1%
Term deposits	37 017	34 564	-6.6%
Other accounts payable	13 171	10 357	-21.4%
Debts to customers on participatory products	<u> </u>	472	Ns
Debt securities issued	12 969	13 073	0.8%
Negotiable debt securities	12 969	13 073	0.8%
Bond issues	-	-	Ns
Other debt securities issued	10. ** 1	38	Ns
Other liabilities	16 877	16 524	-2.1%
Provisions for risks and charges	3 677	3 739	1.6%
Regulated provisions	(-)	-	Ns
Subsidies, allocated public funds and special guarantee funds	S .	54	Ns
Subordinated debts	13 044	13 165	0.9%
Investment deposits received	(-)	(=)	Ns
Revaluation differences	0.42	0.42	0.0%
Reserves and premiums related to capital	34 794	34 794	0.0%
Capital	2 099	2 099	0.0%
Shareholders. Unpaid capital (-)	17 - Jan 100 - 00 5	######################################	Ns
Balance forward (+/-)	1 876	1 876	0.0%
Net income pending allocation (+/-)	(<u>*</u>	4 840	Ns
Net income for the financial year (+/-)	4 840	1 298	-73.2%
Total Liabilities	360 798	362 887	0.6%

MAD million - Source: Attijariwafa bank





VII.2. Income statement

	31/03/201 9	31/03/2020	Var. T1 20 / T1 19
Banking operating income	5 027	5 598	11.4%
Interest and similar income on transactions with credit institutions	267	256	-4.1%
Interest and income on customer transactions	2 445	2 5 1 0	2.7%
Interest and similar income on debt securities	70	74	5.7%
Income on equities and Sukuks certificates	651	833	28.0%
Income on Moudaraba and Moucharaka equities	628	12	Ns
Income on fixed assets under finance leases and rental contracts	44	24	-45.5%
Income on fixed Assets in Ijara	-	-	Ns
Other banking income	456	491	7.7%
Commissions on services provided	1 094	1 408	28.7%
Transfer of expenses on investment deposits received	0	0	Ns
Banking operating expenses	1 491	2 250	50.9%
Interest and similar expenses on transactions with credit institutions	244	185	-24.2%
Interest and expenses on customer transactions	557	533	-4.3%
Interest and similar charges on debt securities issued	63	89	41.3%
Expenses on Moudaraba and Moucharaka equities	-		Ns
Expenses on fixed assets under finance leases and rental contracts	19	35	84.2%
Expenses on fixed Assets in Ijara	-	-	Ns
Other banking expenses	609	1 408	131.29
Transfer of expenses on investment deposits received			Ns
Net banking income	3 536	3 347	-5.3%
Non-banking operating income	8	29	262.5%
Non-banking operating expenses	(<u>-</u>)	2	Ns
General operating expenses	1 189	1 209	1.7%
Personnel expenses	555	562	1.3%
Taxes and duties	32	24	-25.0%
External expenses	463	462	-0.2%
Other general operating expenses	5	17	240.0%
Depreciation, amortization and provisions for intangible assets	132	144	9.1%
Provisions and losses on bad debts	356	679	90.7%
Allocation to provisions on non-performing loans and commitments by signature	238	579	143.3%
Losses on bad debts	21	22	4.8%
Other provisions charges	97	78	-19.6%
Reversals of provisions and recoveries on amortized receivables	105	155	47.6%
Prov. Reversal for non-performing loans & commitments by signature	87	110	26.4%
Recoveries on amortized receivables	3	30	900.0%
Other provisions reversals	15	15	0.0%
Current income	2 104	1 643	-21.9%
Non-current income	4	0.3	>100%
Non-current expenses	33	39	18.2%
Pre-tax income	2 075	1 604	-22.7%
Income tax	564	306	-45.7%
2014/05/1949/90/05/05/	1 511	1 298	-14.1%

Mdh - Source: Attijariwafa bank





VIII. SUMMARY STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED QUARTERLY CORPORATE ACCOUNTS

VIII.1. Balance sheet

ASSETS UNDER IFRS	31/12/2019	31/03/2020	Var. T1 20/19
Cash in hand, Central banks, Treasury, Postal cheque service	24 732	29 860	20.7%
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	55 788	55 147	-1.1%
Financial assets held for trading	54 324	53 686	-1.2%
Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1 464	1 460	-0.3%
Hedging derivatives		<u>u</u>	Ns
Financial assets at fair value through equity	51 845	54 921	5.9%
Debt instruments recognized at fair value through recyclable equity	13 756	17 283	25.6%
Equity instruments carried at fair value through non-recyclable equity	2 184	2 271	4.0%
Financial assets at fair value through recyclable equity (Insurance)	35 905	35 366	-1.5%
Securities at amortized cost	16 120	16 121	0.0%
Loans and receivables from credit institutions and similar, at amortized cost	23 394	23 935	2.3%
Loans and receivables from customers, at amortized cost	323 753	327 044	1.0%
Asset revaluation difference on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk	l la	1.5	Ns
Insurance business investments		-	Ns
Current tax assets	142	298	109.9%
Deferred tax assets	2 935	3 095	5.5%
Deferred policyholder profit sharing	11 112	11 256	1.3%
Non-current assets held for sale	75	77	2.7%
Investments in companies accounted for by the equity method	84	85	1.2%
Investment properties	2 466	2 570	4.2%
Intangible assets	7 289	7 185	-1.4%
Tangible assets	2 953	2 973	0.7%
Goodwill on acquisitions	9 913	9 979	0.7%
TOTAL ASSETS UNDER IFRS	532 602	544 549	2.2%

MAD million - Source: Attijariwafa bank - (*) Property, plant and equipment and rental liabilities include the impact of the application of IFRS 16 of MAD 1.5 billion.





LIABILITIES UNDER IFRS	31/12/2019	31/03/2020	Var. T1 20/ 19
Central banks, Treasury, Postal cheque service	4	4	0.0%
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	688	1074	56.1%
Financial liabilities held for trading	688	1 074	56.1%
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss under option	2 <u>0</u>	2	Ns
Hedging derivative instruments	1075	-	Ns
Amounts owed to credit institutions and similar entities	45 995	52 805	14.8%
Amounts owed to customers	335 577	336 830	0.4%
Debt securities issued	21 994	23 743	8.0%
Passive revaluation difference on portfolios hedged against interest rate			
risk	() = (•	Ns
Current tax liabilities	1 179	854	-27.6%
Deferred tax liabilities	2 604	2 062	-20.8%
Accruals and other liabilities	16 614	16 895	1.7%
Liabilities related to non-current assets held for sale	-	-	Ns
Liabilities related to insurance contracts	36 482	37 100	1.7%
Provisions	2 762	2 796	1.2%
Subsidies and similar funds	157	386	145.9%
Subsidies, allocated public funds and special guarantee funds	14 622	14 569	-0.4%
Equity	53 925	55 429	2.8%
Capital and related reserves	12 552	12 552	0.0%
Consolidated reserves	31 791	39 550	24.4%
Group share	28 210	34 615	22.7%
Minority interests	3 581	4 935	37.8%
Gains and losses recognized directly in equity	2 631	1 987	-24.5%
Group share	1 049	820	-21.8%
Minority interests	1 581	1 167	-26.2%
Net income for the financial year	6 951	1 341	> 100%
Group share	5 816	1 085	>100%
Minority interests	1 135	256	>100%
TOTAL LIABILITIES UNDER IFRS	532 602	544 549	2.2%

MAD million - Source: Attijariwafa bank - (*) Property, plant and equipment and rental liabilities include the impact of the application of IFRS 16 of MAD 1.5 billion.

VIII.2. Consolidated income statements

	31/03/2019	31/03/2020	Var.T1 20/T1 19
Interest and similar income	5 391	5 643	4.7%
Interest and similar expenses	-1 788	-1 745	-2.4%
Interest margin	3 602	3 897	8.2%
Commissions received	1 439	1 464	1.7%
Commissions paid	-171	-198	15.8%
Commission margin	1 269	1 266	-0.2%
Net gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss			Ns
Net gains or losses on available-for-sale financial assets	929	596	-35.8%
Net gains or losses on trading assets/liabilities	929	596	-35.8%
Net gains or losses on other assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	=	1	>100%
Net gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through equity	46	-23	-150.0%
Net gains or losses on debt instruments recognized in recyclable equity Remuneration of equity instruments recognized in non-recyclable equity	7	3	-57.1%
(dividends) Remuneration of financial assets recognized at fair value through recyclable	31	38	22.6%
equity (Insurance)	8	-64	<100%
Net gains or losses resulting from the derecognition of financial assets at	-1	-	Ns



amortized cost			
Net gains or losses resulting from the reclassification of financial assets at			
JV by CP to financial assets at fair value	30 0	- 1	Ns
Income from other activities	2 099	2 402	14.4%
Expenses from other activities	-1 993	-2 097	5.2%
Net banking income	5 952	6 041	1.5%
General operating expenses	-2 352	-2 447	4.0%
Depreciation, amortization and impairment of intangible and tangible assets	-363	-376	3.6%
Gross operating income	3 236	3 219	-0.5%
Cost of credit risk	-621	-1 134	82.6%
Operating income	2 615	2 084	-20.3%
Share of net income of associates and joint ventures accounted for by the		100	L. Color
equity method	3	1	-66.7%
Net gains or losses on other assets	5	4	-20.0%
Changes in the value of goodwill	10To	- 4	Ns
Pre-tax income	2 622	2 090	-20.3%
Income tax expense	-944	-750	-20.6%
Net income from discontinued operations or operations in the process of being sold		- 1	Ns
Net income	1 677	1 341	-20.0%
Minority interests	-254	-256	0.8%
Net income of the group	1 423	1 085	-23.8%
Earnings per share	0.068	0.052	-23.5%
Diluted earnings per share	0.068	0.052	-23.5%

MAD million - Source: Attijariwafa bank - (*) Including the impact of the application of IFRS 16 of MAD 10 million.





PART III: RISK FACTORS

Attijariwafa bank's risk management is centralized at the Global Risk Management (GGR) division level, which is responsible for supervising, controlling and measuring the risks incurred by the Group, with the exception of operational risks.

The independence of this structure from other divisions and lines of business ensures optimal objectivity in the risk taking proposals it submits to the Credit Committee and to their control.

I. INTEREST RATE AND CURRENCY RISK

In 2005, Attijariwafa bank decided to set up a specific market risk control system as part of the overall Internal Control system in accordance with the provisions of Bank Al-Maghrib's circular No. 6/G/2001.

This system focuses on three action levels:

- first-level internal control, carried out by Front Office operators who are required to comply with regulatory provisions and the bank's risk monitoring and management policy;
- risk monitoring by the Middle Office, which ensures daily compliance with limits relating to foreign exchange, interest rate and counterparty risks. It periodically informs Management and other control entities through a reporting system. On the other hand, the "Market Risk Monitoring and Surveillance" unit is responsible for detecting, analyzing and monitoring the bank's various interest rate and currency positions, then streamlining these positions through formal authorizations and finally being notified of any deviation from these positions. This monitoring is carried out in particular through the following means:
 - monthly monitoring of currency risk exposure allows the retrospective calculation of the Value at Risk (VaR), which measures the maximum potential loss related to the institution's exposure to currency risk;
 - b. a monthly reporting summarizes the bank's exposure to currency risk in relation to the limits set.
- the control bodies carry out critical and independent analyses of the quality of the system, either as part of audit assignments or on an ad hoc basis at the request of the General Management.

The VaR model ⁸ was developed by Attijariwafa bank's global risk management department. It covers the Dirham interest rate risk as well as spot and forward exchange rate risk. The choice of the RiskMetrics method developed by JP Morgan to capture a VaR measure has several advantages: it is easy to implement, takes into account existing correlations between asset prices and takes into account recent and historical price fluctuations. Therefore, the RiskMetrics method is based on a matrix of variances and covariance of the returns on the portfolio assets and their composition within the portfolio.

Global risk management produces detailed monthly reports that track the calculation and evolution of VaR and the control of regulatory and internal limits. The model allows back-testing, which is a technique used to test the validity of the VaR calculation model. It consists in using historical operations to calculate the VaR and then seeing whether this VaR actually managed the potential loss realized by comparing it to the theoretical P&L.

Furthermore, the bank has set up a system of internal limits to measure and control market risks. These limits relate to the trading portfolio, foreign exchange position, commodities and currency options.

I.1. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk corresponds to the risk of changes in the value of positions or the risk of changes in future cash flows of a financial instrument due to changes in market interest rates.

Attijariwafa bank Prospectus Summary - Subordinated Bond Issue

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⁸ Value at Risk represents the maximum potential loss on the value of a financial asset or portfolio of financial assets and liabilities over a holding period and a confidence interval.



The table below shows the positions of the Trading portfolio as of end 2019 as well as the 1-day and 10-day VaR of the foreign exchange, property and bond & UCITS activities:

Activities	Position	I-day VaR	Regulatory 10-day VaR
Foreign exchange	-820 480	1 778	5 622
Equities	203 442	3 148	9 957
Bonds and UCITS	51 751 313	46 598	147 356

In MAD thousand - Source: Attijariwafa bank

I.2. Currency risk

All banking institutions are exposed to currency risk arising from the bank's various activities (shareholdings, foreign subsidiaries, foreign currency loans, foreign currency securities, foreign currency borrowings, swaps, currency options, forward exchange contracts, etc.). Banks may notice a change in future exchange rates to their disadvantage and consequently record a reduction in their projected margin. Attijariwafa bank's foreign exchange risk, as of December 31, 2019, can be analyzed according to the following table:

Currencies	Position in currencies	Exchange rate	Counter-value (MAD thousand)	% of equity
EUR	18 002	10.8	193 783	0.50%
USD	337 798	9.6	3 240 564	8.30%
GBP	207	12.6	2 618	0.01%
CAD	387	7.4	2 849	0.01%
CHF	349	9.9	3 463	0.01%
JPY	-15 314	0.1	-1 354	0.00%
DKK	3 871	1.4	5 577	0.01%
NOK	7 257	1.1	7 922	0.02%
SEK	-63	1.0	-65	0.00%
SAR	941	2.6	2 406	0.01%
AED	5 114	2.6	13 356	0.03%
KWD	-28	31.7	-886	0.00%
TND	-2 722	3.4	-9 315	-0.02%
DZD	13 117	0.1	1 056	0.00%
LYD	51	7.6	389	0.00%

In thousands - Source: Attijariwafa bank

As of end 2019, forward exchange position amounted to MAD 39. 044 billion, broken down as follows:

AN ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	< 3 months	3 months - 6 months	> 6 months
Hedging (MAD thousand)	13 930 942	2 379 541	7 783 964
Source: Attijariwafa bank			

As of end 2019, the currency options position amount to MAD 5.047 billion.

I.3. Asset and Liability Management

Structural ALM risks relate to risks of loss of economic value or decline in future interest margins due to interest rate differentials and maturities between the bank's assets and liabilities.

ALM provides indicators for monitoring the risks and expected returns on the various balance sheet items and sets out management rules to limit the bank's balance sheet exposure to risks and to manage its positions optimally.



Attijariwafa bank's Asset and Liability Management has a set of ALM models and agreements based on the reality of the bank's outstanding and taking into account market and economic factors that have an influence on the behavior of the bank's balance sheet lines.

These financial assumptions are dynamic and are reviewed regularly at least once a year to ensure that they truly reflect the evolution of the bank's uses and resources. Indeed, the measurement of liquidity, interest rate and exchange rate risks requires effective management of the intrinsic characteristics of the contracts, in this case maturity, the nature of the interest rate (fixed/revisable/variable rate) and the currency of each balance sheet item must be identified.

Moreover, in addition to the contractual characteristics of balance sheet items, hidden balance sheet options (e.g. early repayment options) and customer behavior (e.g. in terms of the holding period of deposit accounts) have been modeled.

The approach adopted is based on the production and static and dynamic projection of balance sheet items over time until the outstanding amounts in stock and new production from the bank's budget and strategic plan have been used up.

II. LIQUIDITY RISK

The transformation activity, which is specific to banking institutions, necessarily involves liquidity risk. The maturities of uses and resources, all of which differ from one another, create gaps in the bank's balance sheet between the volume of assets and liabilities that are at the origin of liquidity risk.

In the event of structural upheavals, the bank may not be able to obtain liquidity under normal volume and interest rate conditions. In such a case, future refinancing needs may reduce the projected margins.

The regulatory liquidity ratio is the ratio between, on the one hand, available assets realizable in the short term and commitments by signature received and, on the other hand, demand and short-term liabilities and commitments by signature given.

The regulatory liquidity ratio is as follows:

Date	Liquidity ratio Morocco	Evolution
31- March-06	92.80%	
30- June-06	87.20%	-5.60 pts
31- Dec-06	96.40%	+9.20 pts
31- March-07	77.60%	-18.80 pts
30- June-07	131.40%	+53.80 pts
31- Dec-07	107.90%	-23.50 pts
30- June-08	101.60%	-6.30 pts
31- Dec-08	100.60%	-1.00 pt
31- March-09	121.01%	+20.41 pts
30- June-09	100.90%	-20.11 pts
31- Dec-09	107.98%	+7.08 pts
31- March-10	94.73%	-13.25 pts
30- June-10	91.48%	-3.25 pts
31- Dec-10	94.16%	+2.68 pts
31- March-11	87.02%	-7.14 pts
30- June-11	95.04%	+8.02 pts
31- Dec-11	95.40%	0.36 pt
30- June-12	80.56%	-14.84 pts
31- Dec-12	81.63%	1.07 pt
31- Dec-13	70.18%	-11.45 pts

Source: Attijariwafa bank



In order to ensure the convergence of Morocco's prudential framework with international standards, the central bank has implemented a major reform of Basel III relating to the short-term liquidity coverage ratio (LCR), aimed at replacing the liquidity ratio.

The "LCR" ratio, which relates high quality liquid assets to net cash outflows over a 30-day period, is intended to strengthen the liquidity profile of banks and promote their resilience to a possible liquidity shock.

Thus, from July 2015 onwards, banks are required to comply with a minimum liquidity ratio of 60%, which should gradually increase by 10 points per year to reach 100% in 2019.

The short-term liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) is as follows:

Date	Short-term liquidity ratio (LCR)	Evolution
31-Dec-14	120.00%	+38.9 pts
30-June-15	114.10%	-6.0 pts
31-Dec-15	155.00%	+35.0 pts
30-June-16	131.40%	+17.3 pts
31-Dec-16	142.00%	-13.0 pts
30-June-17	120.00%	-11.4 pts
31-Dec-17	147.00%	+5.0 pts
30-June-18	118.00%	-2.0 pts
31-Dec-18	104.00%	-43.0pts
30-June-19	115.00%	+11.0pts
31-Dec-19	127.00%	+23.0pts

Source: Attijariwafa bank





III. COUNTERPARTY RISK MANAGEMENT

In a context of profound changes in Morocco, namely economic liberalization, the opening of borders, customs dismantling and the entry into force of several free trade agreements, the banking sector's counterparty risk could deteriorate and, consequently, lead to an increase in the overall litigation ratio. This trend could be accentuated by unfavorable economic conditions.

To manage counterparty risk, the "credit risk" entity within GGR is mainly responsible for analyzing and investigating risk-taking requests from the Group's various sales teams. It also has the prerogative to assess the consistency and validity of the guarantees, the volume of activity of the relationship and the economic justification of the financing requested. Each Business Unit has a clearly independent commitment structure and recovery structure that are hierarchically linked to the Global Risk Management division.

III.1. Breakdown of the institution's commitments9

By business sector

The allocation of risks by sector of the economy is the subject of particular attention and is coupled with a forward-looking analysis that allows for a dynamic management of the Bank's exposure. It is based on studies expressing an opinion on the evolution of the sectors and identifying the factors that explain the risks incurred by their main players.

The breakdown of commitments given by sector, as a proportion of the Bank's total commitments as of end 2019, is as follows:

- Financial-holding institutions and insurance companies representing 14.0%, (vs. 19% as of December 31, 2018). Commitments in this sector are very good risk;
- Construction & building materials represent 10% (vs. 12% on December 31, 2018) and real estate development has stagnated at around 7% (vs. 8% on December 31, 2018).

By counter party

Assessed by taking into account all the commitments made to the same beneficiary, diversification is a permanent feature of the Bank's risk policy. The scope and variety of the Group's activities could contribute to this.

Any concentrations are subject to regular review and corrective action, if necessary.

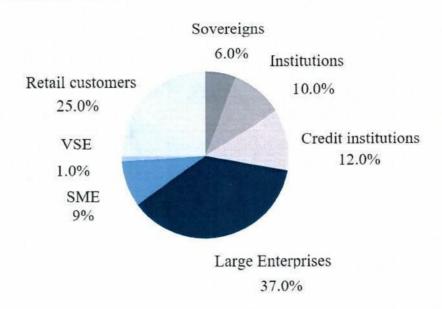
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⁹ Source: Attijariwafa bank



This diversification is as follows:

Breakdown of the bank's commitments by counterparty category as of December 31, 2019

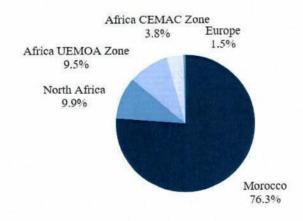


Source: Attijariwafa bank

By geographical area

The graph below shows that the Group's exposure is concentrated in Morocco with nearly 76.3%. The rest is divided between sub-Saharan African countries.

Breakdown of the bank's commitments by counterparty category as of December 31, 2019



Source: Attijariwafa bank

By portfolio quality

In order to assess all its counterparties, the Group has developed a rating system in line with Basel II requirements. Thus, the implementation of the internal rating approach is based on minimum requirements that enable the Group to assess counterparty risk.

Indeed, the rating system is characterized by the probability of default. The time horizon for default risk assessments is estimated at 1 year.



This system is regularly validated and its performance monitored through a proven statistical approach. The fundamentals of the model, its design and operational procedures are formalized. In particular, the aspects of portfolio differentiation, rating criteria, responsibility of the various stakeholders, frequency of the review and management involvement are discussed in depth. The documentation system in place demonstrates to the central bank that their validation process allows it to assess, in a consistent and meaningful way, the performance of their internal rating and risk assessment systems.

Data relating to the rating system are collected and stored in historical databases allowing the periodic review and back-testing of risk models.

As early as June 2003, a first generation of Attijariwafa bank's internal rating systems was developed with the technical assistance of the International Finance Corporation and Mercer Oliver Wyman. This system took into account two parameters: a six-point rating scale (A, B, C, D, E and F) and estimated default probabilities (PD). The initial model was limited to five financial factors that explain credit risk.

In 2010, the Attijariwafa bank Group deployed a new internal rating model in the bank's operating system that is in line with Basel II requirements. This model, dedicated to companies, not only takes into account financial factors, but also qualitative and behavioral factors. It covers most of the bank's commitments. Its design is based on the analysis of homogeneous classes and proven statistical analyses.

The rating system is essentially based on the Counterparty Rating, which reflects its probability of default over a one-year observation horizon. The rating is assigned to a risk class within the rating scale, which consists of eight risk classes, one of which is in default (A, B, C, D, E, F, G, and H).

The rating system has the following characteristics:

- scope: portfolio of companies excluding local authorities, financing companies and real estate development companies;
- the rating system of the Attijariwafa bank Group is essentially based on the Counterparty's Rating, which reflects its probability of default over a one-year observation horizon;
- the calculation of the system rating results from the combination of three types of ratings: Financial rating, qualitative rating and behavioral rating;
 - ✓ the financial rating is based on several financial factors related to the size, dynamism, indebtedness, profitability and financial structure of the company;
 - ✓ the qualitative rating is based on information about the market, the environment, shareholders and company management. This information is provided by the Network;
 - ✓ the behavior rating is based on the account's physiognomy.
- any counterparty system rating is subject to approval (at each rating) by the Credit Committee in accordance with the delegations of authority in force;
- the probability of default only assesses the creditworthiness of the counterparty, regardless of the characteristics of the transaction (guarantees, ranks, clauses, etc.);
- the risk classes of the model have been calibrated against the risk classes of the international rating agencies;
- use of internal rating: the internal rating system is currently an integral part of the credit assessment
 and decision-making process. Indeed, when processing the credit proposal, the rating is taken into
 consideration. The levels of delegation of powers in terms of credit decisions are also a function of
 the risk rating;
- update of the rating: counterparty ratings are reviewed at each file renewal and at least once a year. However, for clients falling within the scope of the files of companies under supervision (Class F, G or pre-recovery), the Counterparty rating must be reviewed on a semi-annual basis. In general, any significant new information must be an opportunity to question the relevance of the Counterparty's rating for an upward or downward adjustment.



As part of its risk quality monitoring, the Risk Management Systems unit produces periodic reporting on risk mapping according to various analytical areas (Commitment, business sector, pricing, networks, expired files, etc.) and ensures that the portfolio's coverage rate is improved.

In 2017, following the completion of back-testing, which aims to test the predictive power of the rating model and ensure that the probabilities of default are correctly calibrated, a new rating model was developed to assess the counterparty risk of companies, while maintaining the same process. The system rating is still based on a combination of three types of ratings (Financial, Qualitative and Behavioral), but is adjusted by a series of qualitative criteria and decision rules. The rating grid remains structured into eight classes (A to H), including the H class reserved for default.

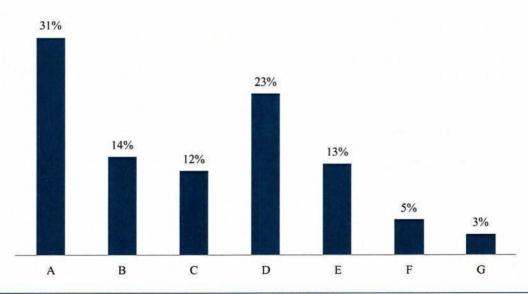
- the rating is assigned to a risk class of the rating scale, which consists of 8 classes grouped into 3 categories:
 - ✓ healthy counterparties: classes A to E;
 - ✓ sensitive counterparties: F and G;
 - ✓ defaulting counterparties: class H.

Rating	Risk level
A	Very good
В	Good
С	Quite good
D	Average
E	Fair
F	Poor
G	Very poor
Н	Default

Source: Attijariwafa bank

In terms of commitments as of end 2019, the breakdown of risks relating to the corporate scope is as follows:

Breakdown of the bank's commitments (corporate scope) by risk class as of December 31, 2019*



Source: Attijariwafa bank

* Financing companies, public administrations, real estate development companies and litigation cases are outside the scope.

A rating system for real estate development based on two main dimensions (client / project) is operational.

This approach is part of the process to align with the advanced Basel II approaches and the new IFRS 9 accounting standard in force since January 2018.



Rate risk

The net book value of Attijariwafa bank's marketable and investment securities as of December 31, 2019 stood as follows:

	Gross book value	Present value	Repayment value	Unrealized capital gains	Unrealized capital losses	Provisions
Trading securities	65 479 998	65 479 998	\$ 4	1 <u>2</u>		2 <u>24</u>
Bills and similar securities	45 226 552	45 226 552				
Bonds	101 807	101 807		10 5 6	-	
Other debt securities	4 812 321	4 812 321		(E	1880	-
Equities	15 210 341	15 210 341		8 2 8	-	(#)
SUKUKUS certificates	128 977	128 977				
Investment securities	2 437 607	2 407 049	-	17 182	30 558	30 558
Bills and similar securities	54 524	54 524	-1	1 037	8 = 8	
Bonds	1 616 285	1 616 285		4 204	-	
Other debt securities	700 214	700 214		\$ 75.	•	
Equities	66 584	36 026		11 941	30 558	30 558
SUKUKUS certificates	0			-		
Investment securities	8 323 935	8 323 935	9 2 3	284	(4)	(Sec
Bills and similar securities	8 251 986	8 251 986		1.00 M	y e :	(- X
Bonds	-	-				
Other debt securities	71 949	71 949				
SUKUKUS certificates						

It should be noted that the book value of trading securities is equal to the market value. For investment securities, the book value is the historical value while the present value corresponds to the market value. In the event of an unrealized capital loss, a provision is recorded.

IV. REGULATORY RISKS

2017 - 2019 solvency ratio

Attijariwafa bank has a solid financial base enabling it to meet all its commitments, as evidenced by the solvency ratio achieved over the 2017 –2019 period:



	2017	2018	2019	Var.18/17	Var.19/18
Core capital (Tier 1) (1)	23 861	27 074	29 303	13.5%	8.2%
Regulatory capital (2)	30 209	35 253	38 870	16.7%	10.3%
Weighted risks (3)	237 420	248 423	264 449	4.6%	6.5%
Core capital ratio (1) / (3)	10.05%	10.90%	11.08%	+0.85pt	+0.18pt
Solvency ratio (2) / (3)	12.72%	14.19%	14.70%	+1.47pt	+0.51pt

MAD million - Source: Attijariwafa bank - Social accounts

The preparation of solvency ratios on an individual and consolidated basis complies with the international standards of the Basel Committee and is governed by Bank Al-Maghrib's regulatory guidelines:

- Circular 26/G/2006 (detailed in the technical notice NT 02/DSB/2007) on the calculation of capital requirements for credit, market and operational risks using the standard approach;
- Circular 14/G/2013 (detailed in the technical notice NT 01/DSB/2014) on the calculation of banks' and credit institutions' regulatory capital according to the Basel III standard.

Attijariwafa bank group is required to comply with, on an individual and consolidated basis:

- a core capital ratio of at least 8.0% (this threshold includes the obligation to build a retention buffer from core capital equivalent to 2.5% of weighted risks);
- a Tier 1 capital ratio of at least 9.0%;
- a ratio of total Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital of at least 12.0%.

Attijariwafa bank is also required to build up an additional capital base to absorb the shocks of regulatory and internal stress tests and to ensure compliance with the thresholds described above after stress tests:

- stress tests on credit risk: default of the most vulnerable counterparties, migration from 10% to 15% of high-risk receivables;
- stress tests on market risk: depreciation of the MAD against the EUR, shift in the yield curve, depreciation of the net asset value of the various UCITS (bonds, money market funds, etc.);
- country risk stress tests: Stress tests on non-resident loans in countries with risks of political instability;
- scenarios combining several hypotheses.

From January 2019, for macro-prudential supervision considerations, Bank Al-Maghrib may ask credit institutions to set up a so-called "counter-cyclical capital cushion" on an individual and/or consolidated basis. The said cushion, the level of which is within a range of 0% to 2.5% of the weighted risks, is composed of core Tier 1 capital. Compliance with this additional threshold is preceded by a 12-month notice period.

The frequency of reporting solvency ratios to the regulator is half-yearly. This is accompanied by the publication of Pillar III, which is designed to ensure transparency of financial information: details of prudential ratios, composition of regulatory capital, distribution of weighted risks, etc.

Projected solvency ratio

Attijariwafa bank's forecast ratios on an individual and consolidated basis over the next 18 months are well above the regulatory minimum in force: 9.0% for the solvency ratio on Tier 1 core capital and 12.0% on overall capital thanks to the internal capital management policy.

The capital trajectory below corresponds to the central scenario of the COVID-19 crisis as presented to the Board of Directors on May 7, 2020, which also integrates the projected June 2020 capital raising at the level of additional Tier 1 capital as well as complementary capital.

Prudential capital is calculated in accordance with Circular 14 G 2013 and the technical notice 01/DSB/2018 integrating IFRS9 impacts.



Taking into account the uncertainties related mainly to the sanitary context of the "Covid-19" epidemic, the Attijariwafa bank group proceeded to the review and revision of its projections over a period of 12 months. In this context, the table below presents the evolution of the projected solvency ratio of Attijariwafa bank over the next 12 months.

The table below presents the evolution of Attijariwafa bank's projected solvency ratio over the next 12 months:

binant site of the second second	Dec-19	Dec-20 F
Tier 1 capital (1)	29.3	31.0
Tier 2 capital	9.6	8.9
Regulatory capital (2)	38.9	39.9
Weighted risks (3)	264.4	254.0
Core Tier 1 ratio (1) / (3)	11.1%	12.2%
Overall solvency ratio (2) / (3)	14.7%	15.7%

MAD billion - Source: Attijariwafa bank - On an individual basis

The evolution of the projected solvency ratio of Attijariwafa bank Group over the next 12 months is as follows:

	Dec-19	Dec-20 F
Tier 1 capital (1)	41.4	41.4
Tier 2 capital	11.3	10.4
Regulatory capital (2)	52.7	51.7
Weighted risks (3)	401.6	407.0
Core Tier 1 ratio (1) / (3)	10.32%	10.16%
Overall solvency ratio (2) / (3)	13.14%	12.71%

MAD billion - Source: Attijariwafa bank - On an individual basis

V. COUNTRY RISK MANAGEMENT

The study conducted by the Country Risk entity with the support of an external consultant, to automate the country risk management has allowed:

- the diagnosis of the system in place and its adequacy with regulatory requirements while identifying the necessary actions for change in relation to an international benchmark;
- the development of a conceptual model for optimal country risk management (functional blocks and dedicated information system) for IT implementation with a gradual extension of the system to foreign subsidiaries.

The process of strengthening the regulatory framework and the implementation of the new organization have had the combined effect of strengthening the monitoring of BDI risks and consolidating the country risk management system. Similarly, the establishment of the Country Risks committee, the adoption of the Country Risk appetite framework and the project to set up a Risk database will contribute decisively to the culmination of this consolidation trend.

In addition, investments are tested for impairment at each closing date. The result of this test is sensitive to the different hypotheses (rate, volatility, fiscal framework, prudential system, regulatory environment, etc.) which leads to a sensitivity of the participating interests.

Country risk management system:

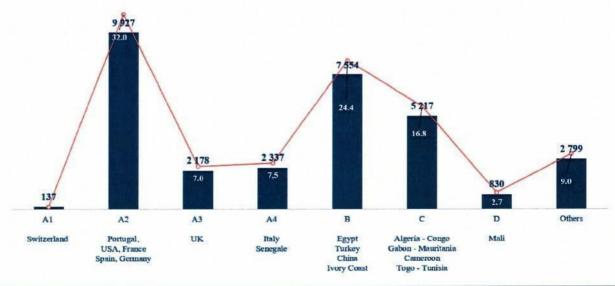
The roll-out of the bank's international growth strategy and the provisions of Bank Al Maghreb's Directive 1/G/2008 prompted the implementation of a country risk management system in view of the ever-increasing importance of international business in the group's overall exposure.

This system is structured around the following areas:



- a country risk charter adopted by the management body and approved by the administrative body, which constitutes the reference framework governing the bank's international risk generating activities;
- the identification and assessment of international risks: The Attijariwafa bank group carries out its banking and para-banking activities both on its domestic market and in foreign countries through subsidiaries and even branches. As such, its exposure to international risks includes all types of commitments made by the bank as a creditor entity towards non-resident counterparties in both dirhams and foreign currencies;
- the restatement and calculation of country risk exposure according to the risk transfer principle. This makes it possible to highlight the areas and countries with high exposure (in value and as a % of the bank's equity) and the corresponding risk typologies. Thus, as indicated in the graph below, we note that 30.5% of the bank's exposure to international risks at the end of December 2018 is concentrated in countries with a graduated risk profile ranging from very good (A1) to acceptable (A4), i.e. the equivalent of Moroccan risk. Otherwise, it mainly concerns the bank's strategic investments in the context of the acquisitions of African banking subsidiaries;

<u>Distribution of country risk exposures by Coface scale - Social Exposure - December 31, 2019</u>



Source: Attijariwafa bank

- rules for consolidating country risk exposures that allow, in addition to an individual analysis of the commitment by country of each subsidiary and headquarters, an overview of the group's total commitment;
- the preparation and distribution of a weekly report on the evolution of country risk summarizing all the highlights that occurred during the week (agency rating changes and others...) with an update of the "World" database on country ratings by Standard & Poor's, Moody's, Fitch, Coface, OECD, the bank's internal score and the countries' CDS;
- the development of an internal economic country risk score reflecting the vulnerability index by country. This score is based on a multi-criteria evaluation approach combining macroeconomic indicators, agency ratings and market data, mainly CDS (Credit Default Swap), as a barometer of the probability of default associated with each issuer;
- the development of an internal political country risk score reflecting a country's vulnerability to political instability. This score is based on a multi-criteria evaluation approach combining the assessment of qualitative indicators relating to justice (legal guarantee, regulatory environment), administration and bureaucracy, redistribution of wealth, the Democracy Index as well as the Doing Business score which makes it possible to study regulations that promote economic activity and those that limit it;



- the allocation of limits, calibrated according to the country's risk profile and the level of the bank's equity capital and broken down by zone, country, sector, type of activity, maturity...);
- monitoring and surveillance of compliance with limits;
- the provisioning of country risk based on the deterioration of exposures (materialization of risk, debt rescheduling, default, benefit of debt relief initiatives, etc.) or due to highly significant negative alerts:
- stress testing, a half-yearly process that consists of ensuring the bank's ability to withstand extreme
 risk factors (such as the materialization of political risk in Tunisia and Côte d'Ivoire) and measuring
 its impact on capital and profitability.

Ultimately, country risk management is governed by a system that ensures the coverage of international risks from their origination to their final unwinding.

Country risk management system Commitment calculation with respect Stress Tests to each country and consolidation Establish and maintain an ongoing management process of Limits authorization by an ad hoc international committee and compliance Preventive provisioning in the case of loans' portfolio monitoring as well as the strategies a country's solvability deterioration adopted Reporting and alerts on recorded overspendings

Source: Attijariwafa bank

VI. OPERATIONAL RISK AND BCP

VI.1. Operational risk

The implementation of the operational risk management (ORM) system is in line with the "Basel 2" reform and its implementation for Morocco by Directive DN/29/G/2007, issued by Bank Al Maghrib on April 13, 2007. The latter defines operational risk as "a risk of loss resulting from deficiencies or failures attributable to internal procedures, personnel and systems or external events". This definition includes legal risk but excludes strategic and reputation risks.

For Attijariwafa bank, this operational risk management system is managed by the "Operational, Legal, IT and Human Risks" entity created within the "Global Risk Management" department. This entity has drawn up a risk map for each of the business lines based on the Bank's process reference framework. Each of the risks in the mapping is defined according to a frequency of occurrence and an impact in the event of an occurrence.

For major risks in risk mapping, action plans are defined to mitigate or prevent risks.

This risk mapping is regularly updated on the basis of incidents identified in each of the entities and/or changes in the Bank's products and services.

The methodological approach to risk mapping adopted by the Attijariwafa bank group is presented in the following 6 steps:

process validation;



- risk identification and assessment;
- identification of risk monitoring indicators;
- development of a risk reduction action plan;
- collection of incidents and monitoring of risks to be monitored;
- Back-Testing & risk reassessment.

I.1. Business Continuity Plan (BCP)

The implementation of the BCP, which is the responsibility of the "Operational, legal, IT and human risks" entity, enables the bank to complete the operational risk management system set up in 2009, which resulted in the drafting of a charter and a complete mapping of operational risks.

The establishment of the BCP is in line with the provisions of the second pillar of Basel II and BAM Circular No. 47/G/2007, which stipulates that the BCP is a regulatory obligation.

The implementation of a Business Continuity Plan ensures the continuity of the bank's activities and the respect of its commitments when there is an occurrence of:

- a major crisis or operational disruption affecting a large urban or geographical area;
- a disruption affecting physical infrastructure;
- a natural disaster;
- an external attack;
- a major failure of information systems;
- a dysfunction resulting from a significant rate of absenteeism (e.g. Pandemic);
- a failure of a critical service.

VII. CONCENTRATION OF RISKS ON THE SAME BENEFICIARY

The concentration of credit risk is the risk inherent in an exposure to a small group of counterparties likely to generate significant losses, in the event of default by these counterparties that could threaten the financial strength of an institution or its ability to continue its essential operations.

In accordance with Circular 3/G/2001 on the maximum risk division ratio of credit institutions, credit institutions must at all times, on an individual and consolidated basis, comply with a maximum ratio of 20% between the total risks incurred on the same beneficiary impacted by a weighting rate according to their degree of risk, excluding the risks incurred on the State, and on the other hand, their net equity.

This coefficient is used to identify potential sources of risk concentration and to measure, manage, monitor and control them.

Risk concentration table for the same beneficiary 2017-2019

Years	NUMBER OF BENEFICIARIES	TOTAL COMMITMENT (in MAD thousand)
2017	17	54 763 809
2018	20	63 272 712
2019	16	56 302 225

Source: Attijariwafa bank - comptes sociaux





DISCLAIMER

The aforementioned information constitutes only part of the prospectus approved by the Moroccan Capital Market Authority (AMMC) under the reference VI/EM/009/2020 on June 10, 2020. AMMC recommends that the entire prospectus, which is available to the public in French, be read in its entirety.

