Attijariwafa bank Presentation

Attijariwafa bank

December 2020

Financial Communication

2020



Agenda

Overview of macroeconomic environment in AWB's countries of presence (2020 and 2021)

Continued support of customers and communities through Covid-19 crisis

Liquidity, Capital Adequacy Ratio and Financial Performance

Back up

Overview of the measures taken by AWB's countries of presence

Morocco is among the African countries to have implemented a significant number of economic, fiscal, social and monetary measures to deal with the Covid-19 crisis

Measures implemented	USA	Euro zone	UK	Morocco	Egypt	Tunisia	EMCCA zone	WAEMU zone
Moratorium for loans repayment	x	x	x	х	X	x		x
Government backed loans	x	x	х	х				
Central Bank: Facilities provided to banks for liquidity management (including enlargement of eligibility conditions for collateral)	x	х	х	х		х	х	х
Central Bank: Liquidity injection	х	x	х	Х		x	x	Х
Central Bank: Interest rate cut	x		X	х	Х	X	X	X
Suspension / postponing of dividend distribution	x	x	x	х		x		
Asset buyback program (QE - quantitative easing) - Purchase of public debt	X	х	х					
Asset buyback program (QE - quantitative easing) - purchase of private debt	Х	x						
Easing of regulatory and / or accounting requirements	х	х	х	х			х	х

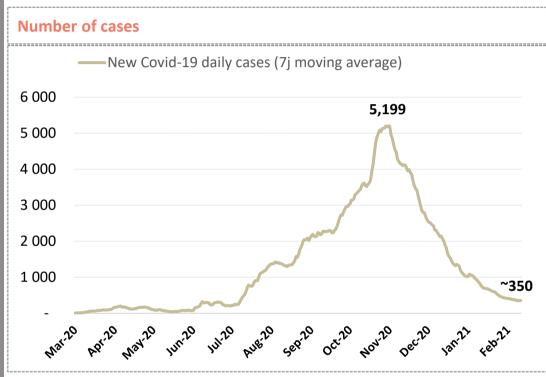
Morocco: main answers from public authorities to address the challenges of Covid-19 Creation of a special Covid-19 crisis Implementation of management fund the Economic Watch Suspension of 2 cuts in key interest (MAD 35bn; 3% of GDP) social security Committee (CVE) rate (75 pbs) contributions until June 30th, 2020 New liquidity Use of the IMF measures set by Precautionary and Restriction of non BAM Liquidity Line (LPL) necessary imports **Economic** Tax measures measures **Financial and** Social monetary Implementation of a measures series of measures measures to increase the Moratorium for government loans repayment external refinancing capacity (incl. USD 4 bn of Eurobonds) Optional postponing Financial support to Implementation of new loans of tax filing until 30 vulnerable households guaranteed by the government: June 2020 "Damane Oxygene", "Damane New 2020 Relance" and "Relance TPE" finance law

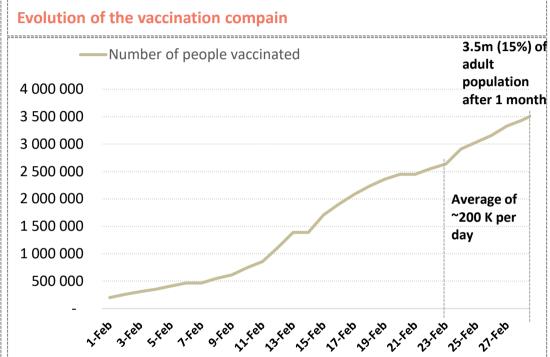
- Creation of a Special Fund for the management of the Coronavirus pandemic (MAD 35bn; 3% of GDP) including MAD 10bn from the budget and MAD 25bn from private and public companies and personal donations contributing to a social cohesion and solidarity movement
- A MAD 120bn (~11% of GDP) economic recovery plan launched by the government

Macroeconomic environment in Morocco Outlook and main indicators

Main indicators	Average 2016- 2018	2019	2020 Initial Forecast	2020	2020 BAM Forecast	2021 ^F
GDP growth (%)	2.7%	2.6%	3.5%	-7.1%	-6.6%	3.8%
Non agricultural GDP (%)	3.0%	3.3%	3.0%	-6.9%	-6.6%	3.0%
Agricultural GDP (%)	1.1%	-4.3%	6.4%	-8.1%	-5.3%	11.0%
Domestic consumption	3.5%	3.3%	3.5%	-9.4%		3.5%
Export G&S (%)	6.6%	4.2%	7.0%	-15.9%	-16.6%	7.6%
Import G&S (%)	8.4%	1.2%	5.6%	-16.5%	-17.4%*	8.0%*
Current account deficit (%GDP)	-4.3%	-4.1%	-4.6%	-4.2%	-4.2%	-3.3%
Foreign currency reserves (months of imports)	6.0	5.0	5.4	7.3	7.1	7.0
Budget deficit (%GDP)	-3.9%	-4.1%	-3.7%	-7.8%	-7.7%	-6.5%
Treasury debt (%GDP)	65.1%	65.0%	66.2%	76.2%	76.1%	76.0%

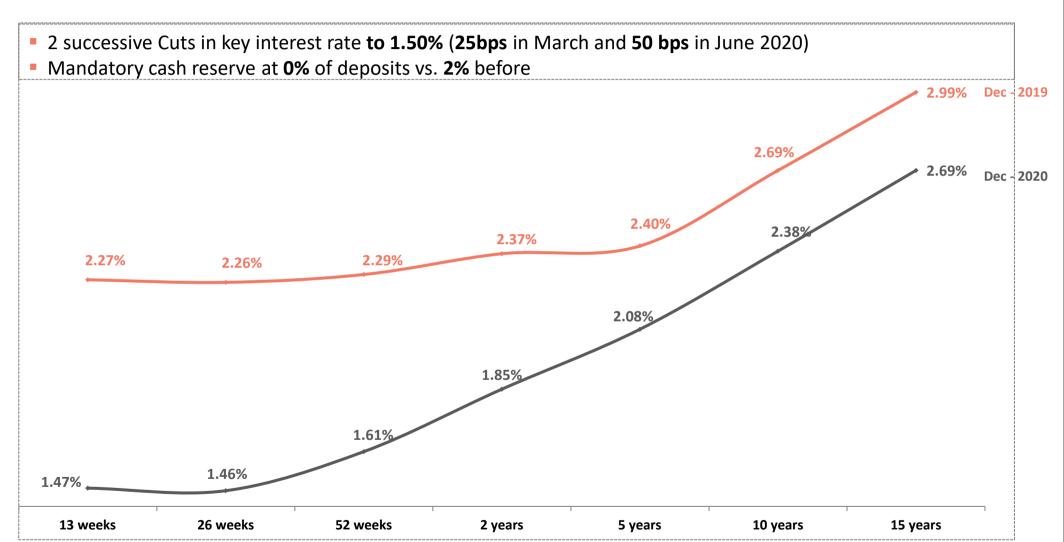
Positive trend of Covid-19 new cases and vaccination pace



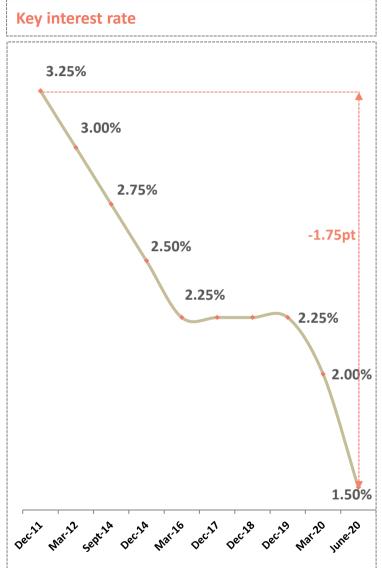


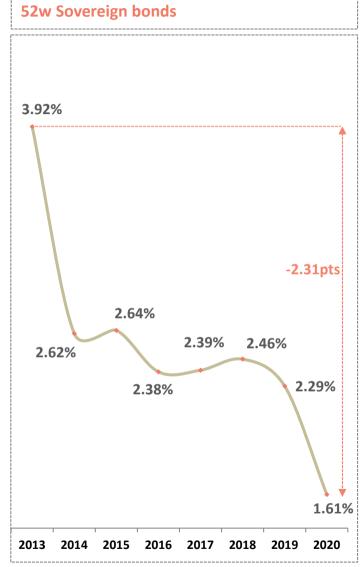
Sovereign bonds yield curve trend between Dec 2019 and Dec 2020

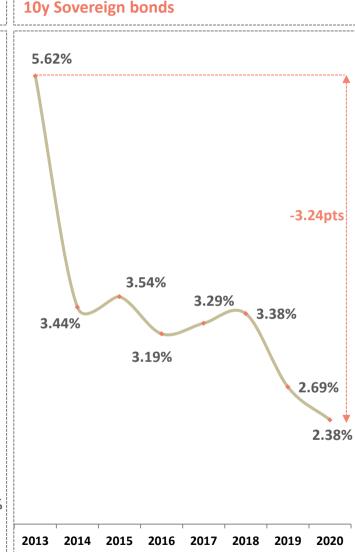
Dec - 2020
Dec - 2019



Sovereign bonds yield curve trend since 2013







Exchange rates trend in 2020



Macroeconomic environment in AWB's main countries of presence – Focus on economic growth

Real GDP growth (%)	2019	2020 ^F	2021 ^F
Egypt	5.6%	3.5%	2.8%
Tunisia	1.0%	-7.0%	4.0%
Ivory coast	6.5%	1.8%	6.2%
Senegal	5.3%	-0.7%	5.2%
Cameroon	3.9%	-2.8%	3.4%

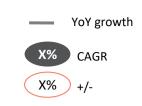
Monetary policy in AWB's main countries of presence

Main countries of presence	Monetary policy after the crisis
Morocco	 2 successive cuts in key interest rate to 1.50% (25bps in March and 50 bps in June 2020)
Tunisia	 150 bps cut of key interest rate to 6.25% (100 bps in March and 50 bps in October 2020)
Egypt	400 bps cut of key interest rate to 8.75% in 2020 (300 bps in March 2020 and 50 bps in September 2020 and 50 bps in November 2020) after 450 bps decrease in 2019 (100 bps in February 2019 and 150 bps in August 2019, 100 bps in September 2019 and 100 bps in November 2019) and 200 bps decrease in 2018 (100 bps in February 2018 and 100 bps in April 2018)
WAEMU ⁽¹⁾	50 bps cut in the main key interest rates to 2.00%
EMCCA ⁽²⁾	25 pbs cut of interest rate for to 3.25%

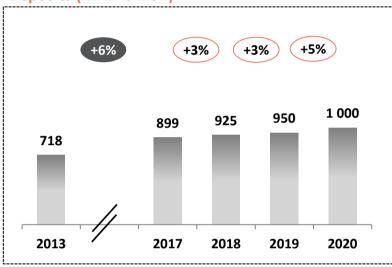
⁽¹⁾ WAEMU: Senegal, Burkina Faso, Mali, Ivory-Coast, Benin, Niger, Togo and Guinea-Bissau.

⁽²⁾ EMCCA: Cameroon, Congo, Gabon, Equatorial Guinea, Central African Republic and Chad

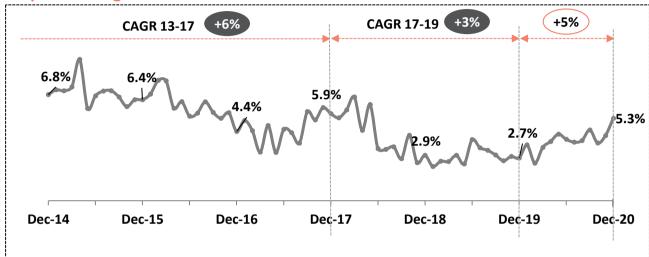
Moroccan banking sector YoY growth



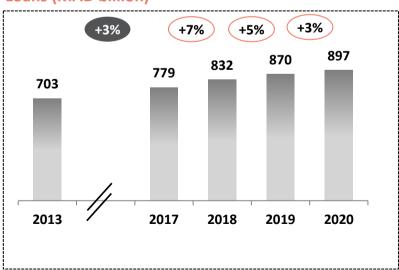
Deposits (MAD billion)



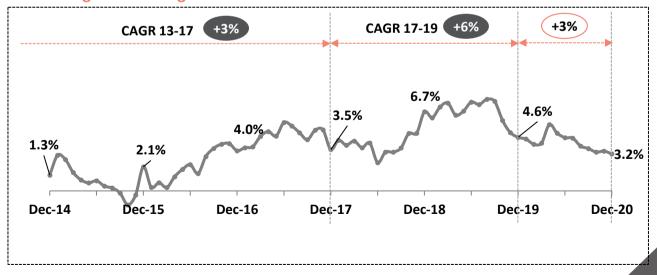
Deposits: YoY growth



Loans (MAD billion)

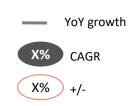


Performing loans: YoY growth

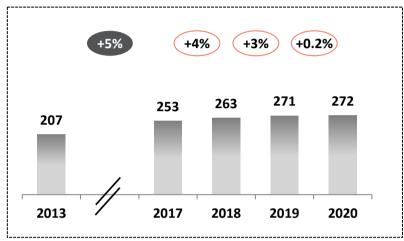


Source: GPBM (the Moroccan banking association)

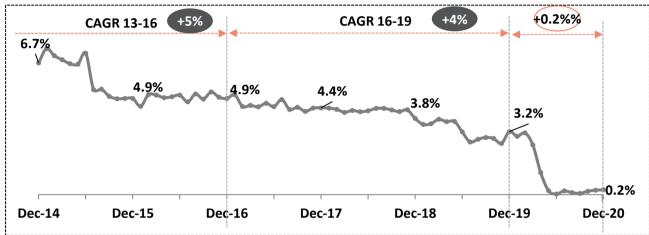
Moroccan banking sector YoY growth



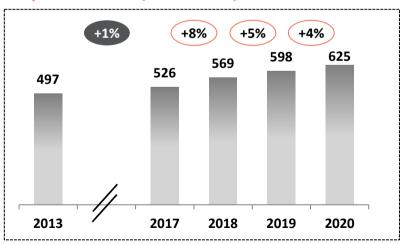
Retail loans (1) (MAD billion)



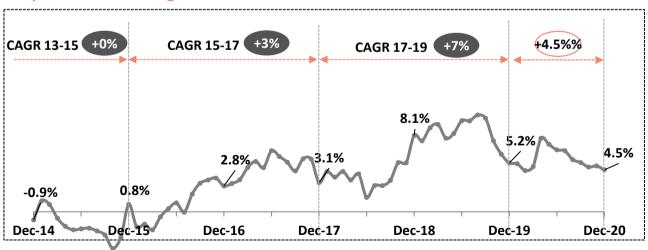
Retail loans: YoY growth



Corporate loans⁽²⁾ (MAD billion)



Corporate loans: YoY growth



- (1) Mortgage loans+ consumer loans
- (2) Loans to financial institutions + equipment and investment loans + property development loans + short-term and treasury loans + other loans

Focus on government backed loans to support VSMEs and Corporates during the crisis

April, 2020 June, 2020

« DAMANE OXYGENE »

« DAMANE RELANCE »

Purpose

- Working capital loan in order to help VSMEs to finance their expenses (Wages, suppliers) during lockdown period
- Long term loan in order to support companies restarting the business

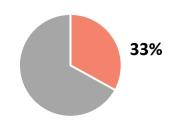
Main features

- 3 months of current expenses of companies
- Guaranteed up to 95% by the government
- Rate: key interest rate + 200 bps
- Tenor: 9 months (could be transformed to a 5 years loan)

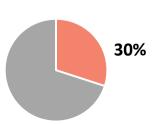
- 1 to 1.5 month of turnover
- Guaranteed for 80%-100% by the government
- Rate: key interest rate + 200 bps
- Tenor: 7 years

AWB's market share

 Total loan already disbursed MAD17 bn (AWB's market share: 33% as of 31st Dec 2020)



 Loans approved by the banking sector amounted to MAD 36bn as of 31st Dec 2020



Agenda

Overview of macroeconomic environment in AWB's countries of presence (2020 and 2021)

Continued support of customers and communities through Covid-19 crisis

Liquidity, Capital Adequacy Ratio and Financial Performance

Back up

Business continuity and operational resilience



5,548 branches, 100% of the distribution network, remained open



~100% of services maintained in all geographies



Up to ~70% of employees of various headquarters working remotely



~30 k PCR test administrated

Continued support for customers and communities



Financing of 68,700 VSMEs through disbursement of MAD 40 bn new loans in Morocco



30-35% market share for Damane loans (with government guarantee)



Financing of 6,500 young entrepreneurs



215,000 customers benefiting from loan moratoria at no additional cost (MAD 35 bn or 20% of investment, mortgage and consumer loans)



1.2 million vulnerable households receiving government aid payments through AWB ATMs and branches

Loan moratoria as of 30 June 2020

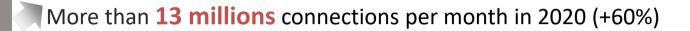
		# cases Thousands of customers	Deferred outstar MAD billion	ndingloans
Attijariwafa bank	التجاريب بنڪ Attijari bank	42	14	
Wafasalaf	وفاسلف Wafasalaf	68	5	
Wafabail	وفايـالـي Wafabail	3	6	
Total Morocco		113	25	
IRB	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	102	10	
				20 %_of investment,
Total Group		215,000 customers	MAD 35 billion	mortgage and consumer loans (on a

consolidated basis)

...leveraging on best-in-class digital assets

Preserving business continuity as well as the safety of employees and customers is possible thanks to the digital transformation of recent years

~39% of active digital customers

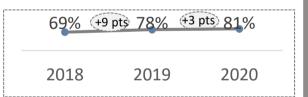


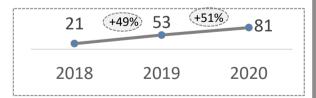
- ~19 million of transactions processed through digital platforms in 2020
- 81% of all transactions* processed through digital platforms in 2020
- 81K cutomers acquired by « L'BANKALIK », AWB's full digital Banking platform
- Attijari mobile has the **highest rating for banking app in Morocco** (between **4.6 and 4.7** according to Android and Apple stores, vs. a sector average of 3.8)
- 98% customer satisfaction rate for the AWB digital experience

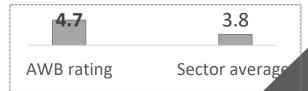












Agenda

Key measures taken by the Moroccan government and Central Bank to manage the global Covid-19 pandemic and its socioeconomic impacts

Overview of Macroeconomic environment and banking sector growth in Morocco in 2020

Liquidity, Capital Adequacy Ratio and Financial Performance

Back up

FY 2020 consolidated P&L

(in MAD million)	FY 2019	FY 2020	Growth Rate	Growth Rate at a constant exchange rate
Net banking income	23,473	23,858	1.6%	1.1%
Net interest income	14,937	15,785	5.7%	5.1%
Net fee income	5,148	4,771	-7.3%	-7.8%
Income from market activities	3,709	3,031	-18.3%	-18.5%
Others	-321	271	NA	NA
General operating expenses	11,223	11,084*	-1.2%	-1.8%
Gross operating income	12,250	12,775*	4.3%	3.8%
Cost of risk	1,589	5,454	243.2%	242.2%
Net income group share	5,816	3,018	-48.1%	-48.4%
Net income group share excl. the contribution to COVID-19 special fund	5,816	3,696	-36.5%	-36.7%

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^(*) excl. the contribution to COVID-19 special fund

FY 2020 key financial indicators

	FY 2019	FY 2020
Net interest margin* (bps)	461	473
Non-interest income** (bps)	160	142
Cost income ratio	47.8%	46.5%***
NPL ratio	6.6%	7.8%
Cost of risk	0.46%	1.51%
RoA	1.31%	0.78%***
RoE	14.8%	8.9%***
Leverage	9.9x	10.5x

^(*) Net interest income / Customer loans

^(**) Non-interest income / total assets

^(***) Excl. the contribution to COVID-19 special fund

Growth of NBI by business line



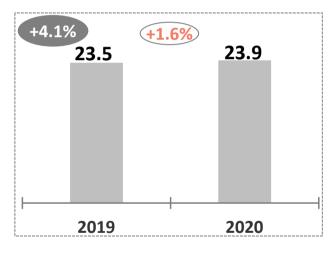
+/-

x%

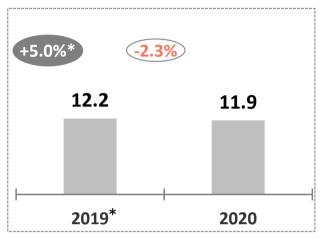
CAGR 17-19

MAD billion

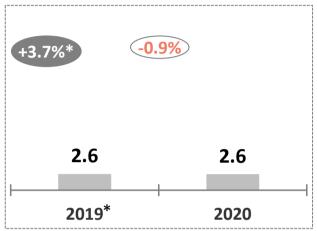
NBI



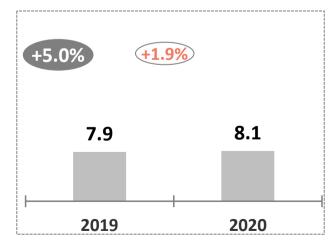
BMET



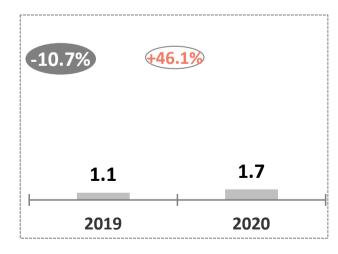
Specialized Financial Subsidiaries



International Retail Banking



Insurance



Net Interest Income by business line



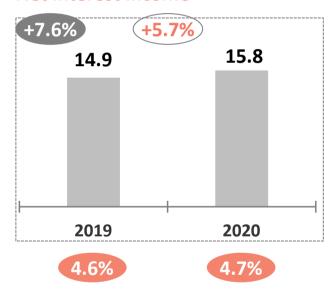
+/-

x%

CAGR 17-19

MAD billion

Net interest income

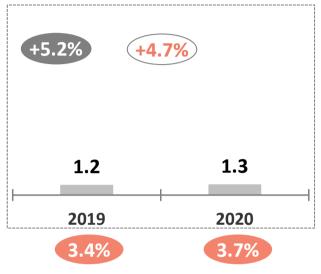


BMET

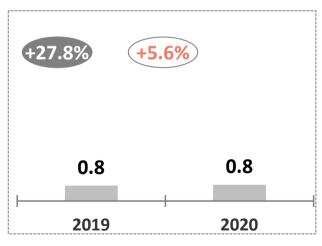




Specialized Financial Subsidiaries



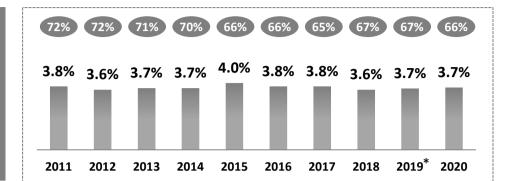
Insurance



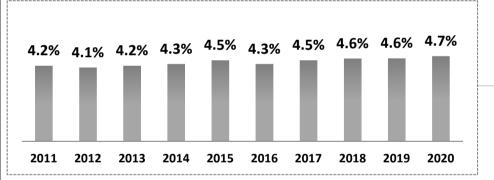
Net interest margin by business line between 2011 and FY2020

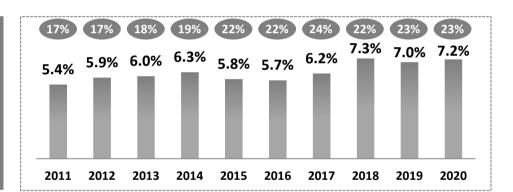
xx% Contribution to net customer loans (end of period)

BMET



Net interest margin/ customer loans (end of period)

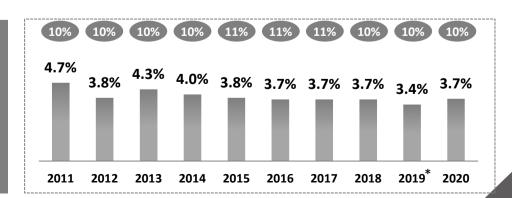




(*) BMET and SFS proforma: Reclassification of "Bank Assafa" from BMET to SFS

Note:

BMET: Banking in Morocco, Europe and Offshore ; IRB: International Retail Banking SFC: Specialized Financial Subsidiaries



Loans by business line



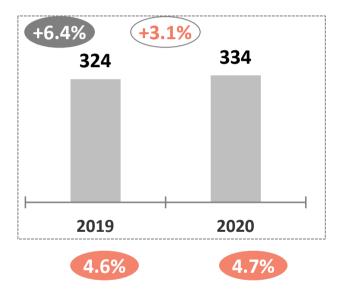


(x%)

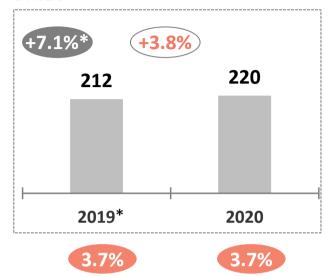
CAGR 17-19

MAD billion

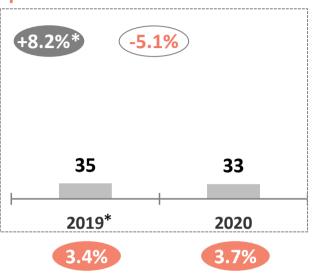
Loans



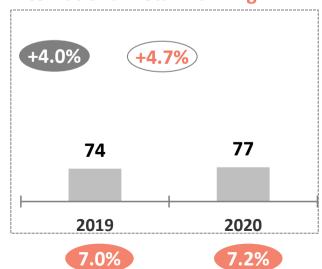
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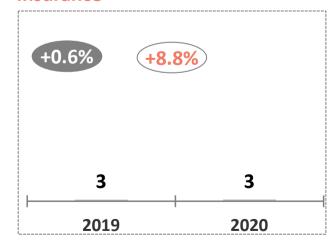
Specialized Financial Subsidiaries



International Retail Banking



Insurance





Net interest income / Loans

Fees by business line



+/-

x%

CAGR 17-19

MAD billion

Net fee income



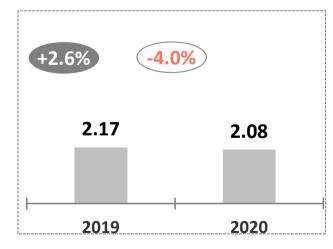
BMET



Specialized Financial Subsidiaries



International Retail Banking

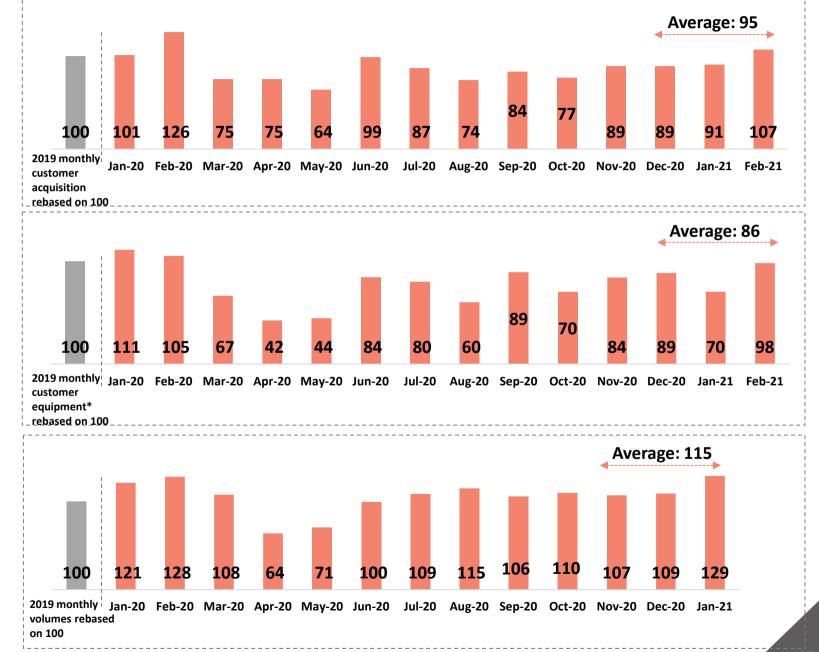


Customer acquisition

Customer* equipment

Electronic payments

Fee income: main drivers – The bank in Morocco Acquisition and equipment of retail customers



Fee income: main drivers – The bank in Morocco Loans distribution

Consumer* loans

Mortgage loans



Income from market activities by business line



+/-

MAD billion

Income from Market activities



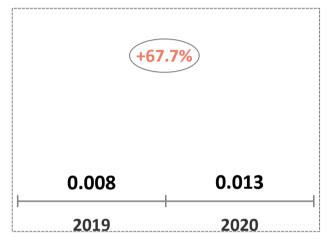
BMET



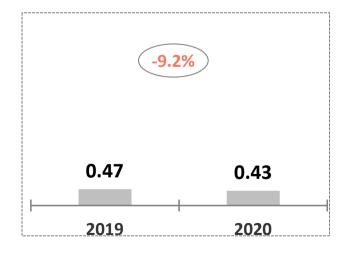
International Retail Banking



Specialized Financial Subsidiaries



Insurance

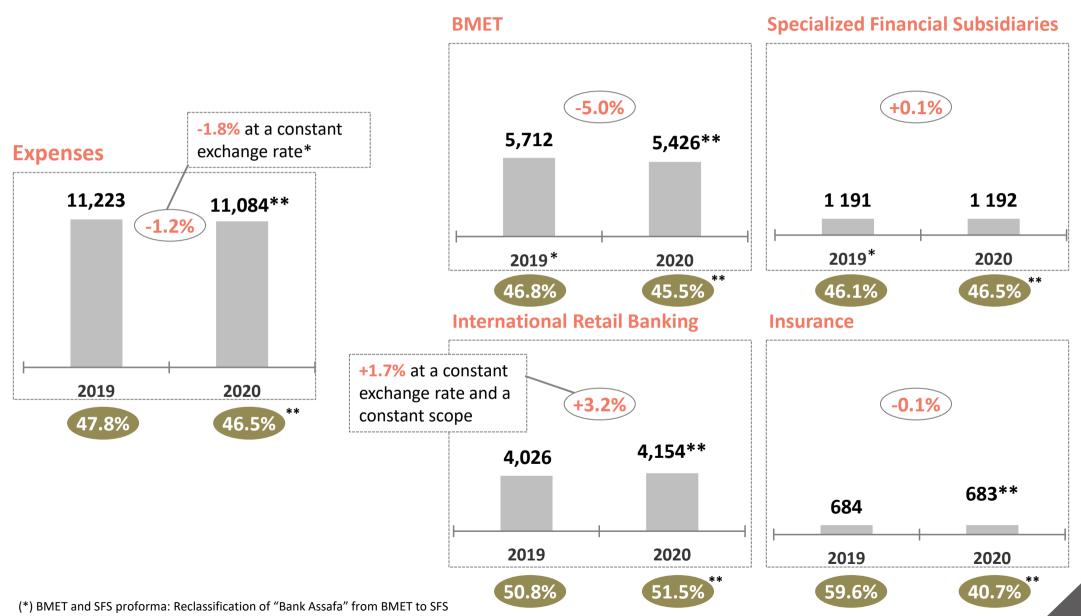


Expenses by business line

X% +/
Cost-Income ratio



(**) excluding contribution to COVID-19 special fund



IFRS 9 Provisioning methodology

Description

Stage 1 – Performing Loans

12 months ECL

ECL = EAD X PD _{1year} X LGD

Stage 2 – Performing loans but with significant credit risk deterioration since origination

Lifetime ECL

ECL = EAD X PD Life time X LGD

Stage 3 – NPL (Credit impaired)

Lifetime ECL

ECL = EAD X LGD

Probability of Default



Probability of Default "Point in Time"



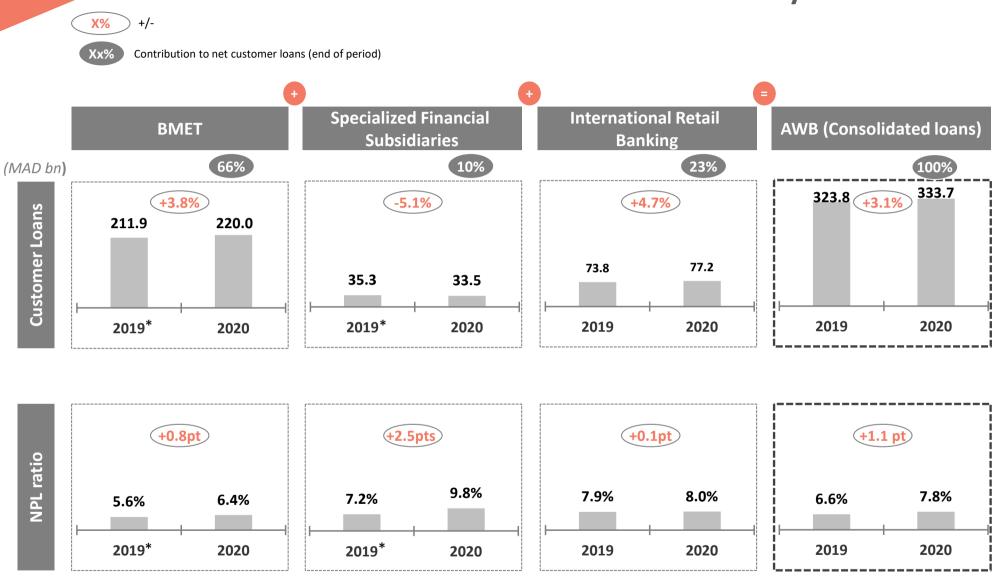
Forward looking

Forward looking main assumption:

	2019	2020
Economic growth	2.6%	-7.1%
Budget deficit	-4.1%	-7.8%
Current account deficit	-4.1%	-4.2%

ECL: Expected Credit Loss EAD: Exposure at default PD: Probability of default LGD: Loss given default

Growth of customer loans and NPL ratio by business line



(*) BMET and SFS proforma: Reclassification of "Bank Assafa" from BMET to SFS

Growth of customer loans and NPL ratio by business line: Focus on IRB*





- (1) North Africa: Tunisia, Mauritania and Egypt
- (2) WAEMU: Senegal, Mali, Ivory Coast and Togo
- (3) EMCCA: Cameroon, Congo and Gabon

Exposures, staging & coverage

In MAD million, figures as of 31 Dec. 2020

GROUP	Exposure at default				
	Bucket 1	Bucket 2	Bucket 3	Total	
Loans	298 680	33 404	28 066	360 150	
off balance loans	138 859	14 568	558	153 985	
Total (31 Dec. 2020)	437 539	47 972	28 624	514 135	
Total (31 Dec. 2019)	435 443	37 271	23 467	496 181	
Change (in MAD million)	+ 2 096	+10 701	+ <i>5 157</i>	+17 954	
Change (in %)	+ 0,5%	+ <i>28,7%</i>	+22,0%	+ 3,6%	

Coverage ratio						
Bucket 1	Bucket 2	Bucket 3	Total			
0,7%	14,3%	69,4%	7,3%			
0,4%	1,5%	35,2%	0,6%			
0,6%	10,4%	68,7%	5,3%			
0,6%	12,0%	66,1%	4,6%			

of which Bank in Morocco	Exposure at default				
	Bucket 1	Bucket 2	Bucket 3	Total	
Loans	186 554	26 390	15 091	228 034	
off balance loans	120 303	14 199	425	134 927	
Total (31 Dec. 2020)	306 856	40 589	15 516	362 961	
Total (31 Dec. 2019)	308 073	29 469	12 983	350 525	

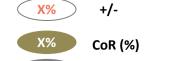
Coverage ratio						
Bucket 1	Bucket 2	Bucket 3	Total			
0,5%	13,8%	65,4%	6,3%			
0,2%	0,9%	22,1%	0,4%			
0,4%	9,3%	64,2%	4,1%			
0,4%	11,3%	61,1%	3,6%			

of which IRB*		Exposure at default				
	Bucket 1	Bucket 2	Bucket 3	Total		
Loans	73 132	4 536	6 723	84 391		
off balance loans	14 074	365	132	14 572		
Total (31 Dec. 2020)	87 207	4 902	6 855	98 964		
Total (31 Dec. 2019)	81 635	5 558	6 428	93 621		

Coverage ratio					
Bucket 1	Bucket 2	Bucket 3	Total		
1,4%	20,5%	77,5%	8,5%		
2,1%	21,4%	77,4%	3,2%		
1,5%	20,5%	77,5%	7,7%		
1,6%	17,2%	71,7%	7,3%		

^(*) IRB: International Retail Banking

Evolution of Cost of Risk by business line



1,103

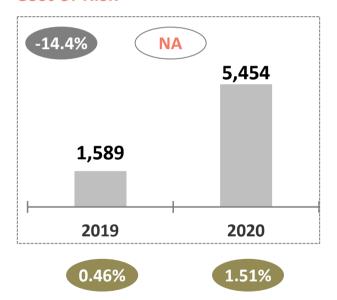
2020

3.00%

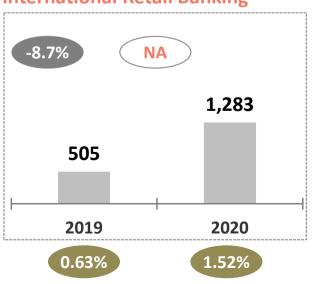
CAGR 17-19

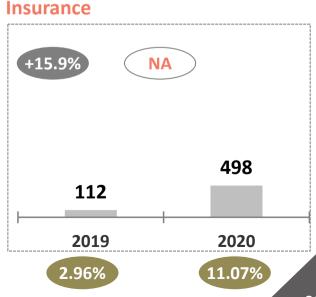
MAD million

Cost of Risk



BMET Specialized Financial Subsidiaries -26.1% NA +19.4% 2,571 706 2019 2020 2019 0.32% 1.10% 0.71% **International Retail Banking**



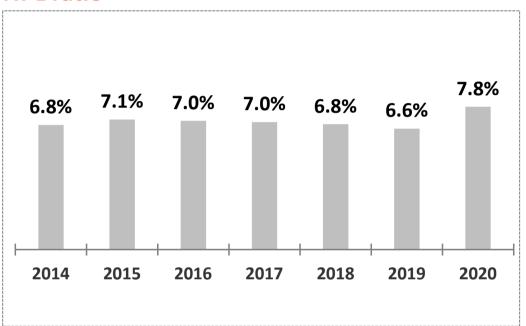


NA

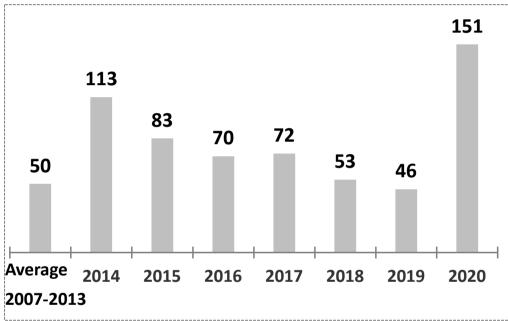
265

IFRS consolidated financial statements NPLs and cost of risk

NPL ratio



Cost of risk (in bps)

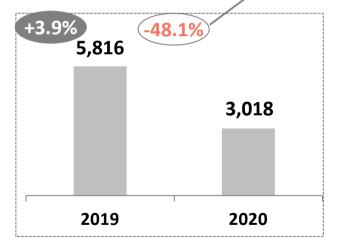


NIGS by business line

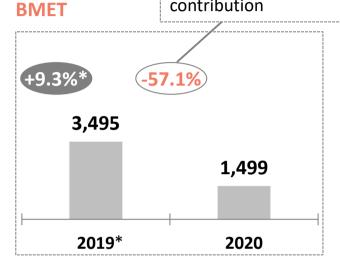
MAD million

-36.7% at a constant exchange rate and excluding covid19 contribution

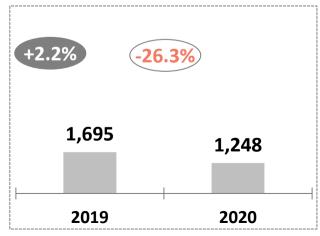
Net income group share



-39.1% at a constant exchange rate and excluding covid19 contribution

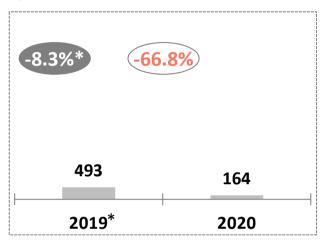


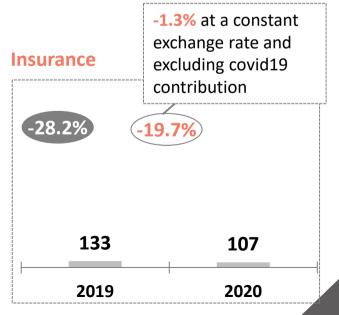
International Retail Banking



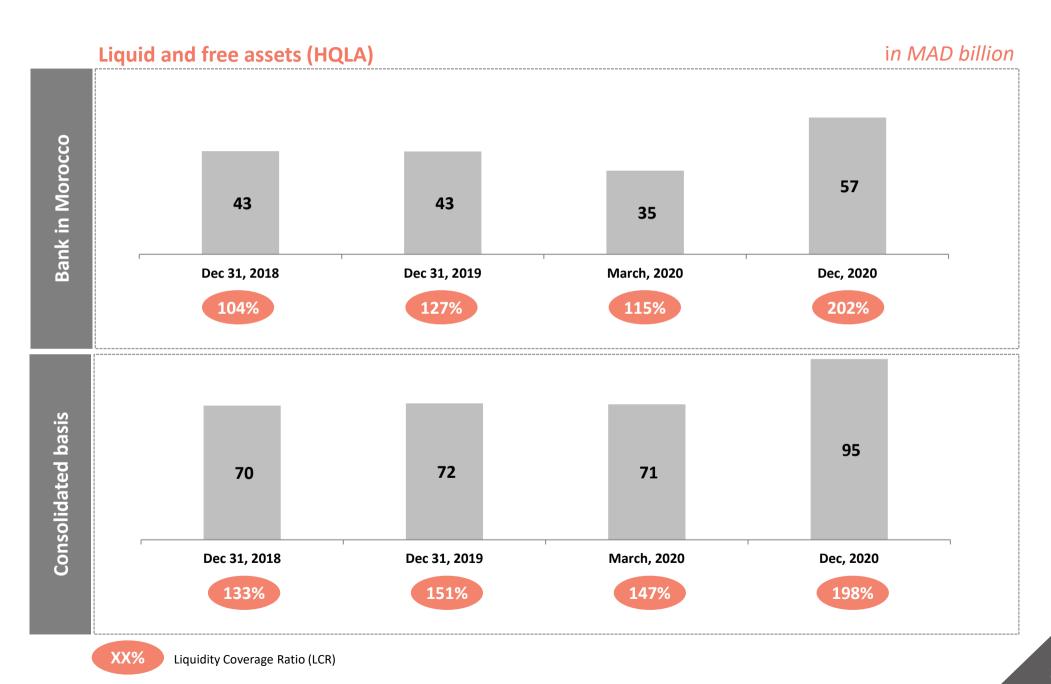


Specialized Financial Subsidiaries

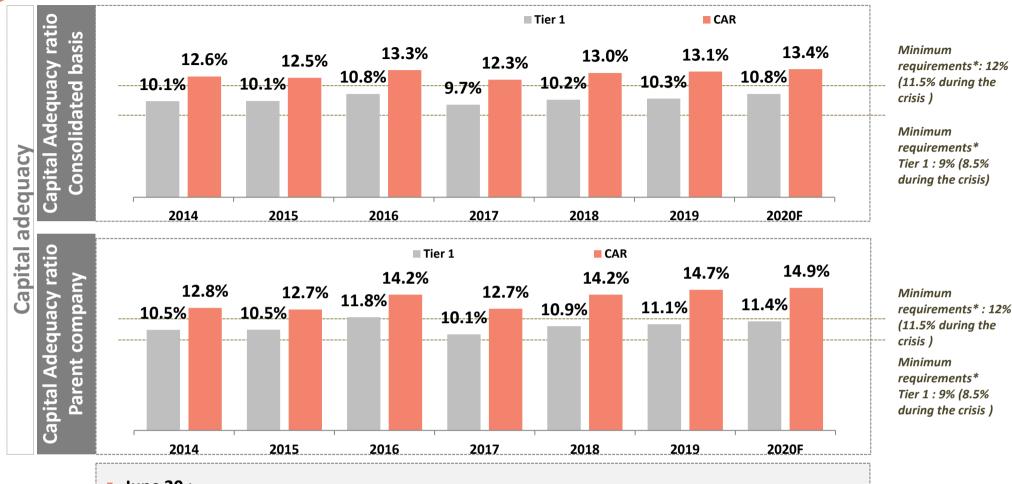




Solid liquidity position



Solid capital position



- June 20:
 - Issuance of MAD 1.0 bn AT1 (230 bps of risk premium)
 - Issuance of MAD 0.5 bn of Tier2 (50 bps of risk premium)
- Dec 20:
 - Issuance of MAD 0.5 bn AT1 (240 bps of risk premium)
 - Issuance of MAD 0.5 bn of Tier2 (60-70 bps of risk premium)
- Feb 21 :
 - Capital increase through conversion of dividends for an amount of MAD 1.3 bn

(*) Minimum requirements during the Covid-19 crisis: **8.5%** for Tier1 and **11.5%** for CAR

A solid, resilient and diversified business model

Satisfactory growth of the top line and resilient margins

Main indicators

Net banking income	+1.6%		
NIM (%)*	+12 bps		
141141 (70)	+15 ph2		

Strong operating performance & improvement of cost efficiency

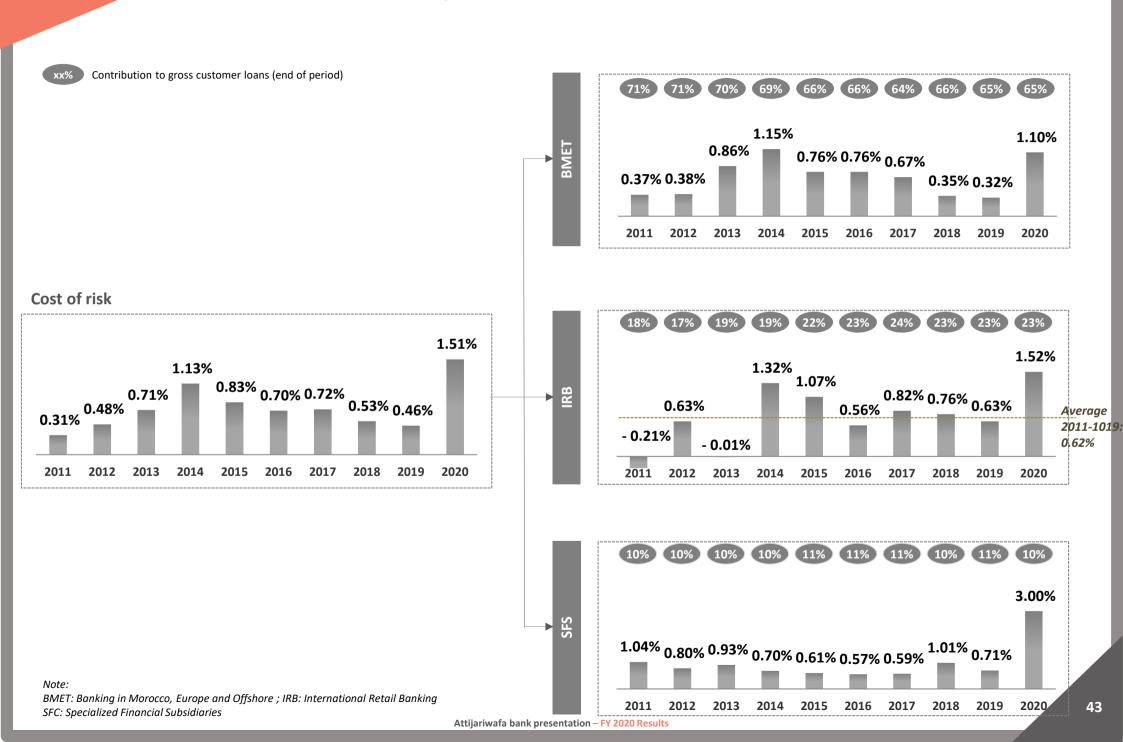
General Operating Expenses	-1.2%**
Gross Operating Income	+4.3%**
Cost-income ratio	-1.4 pt**

Sound liquidity and capital position

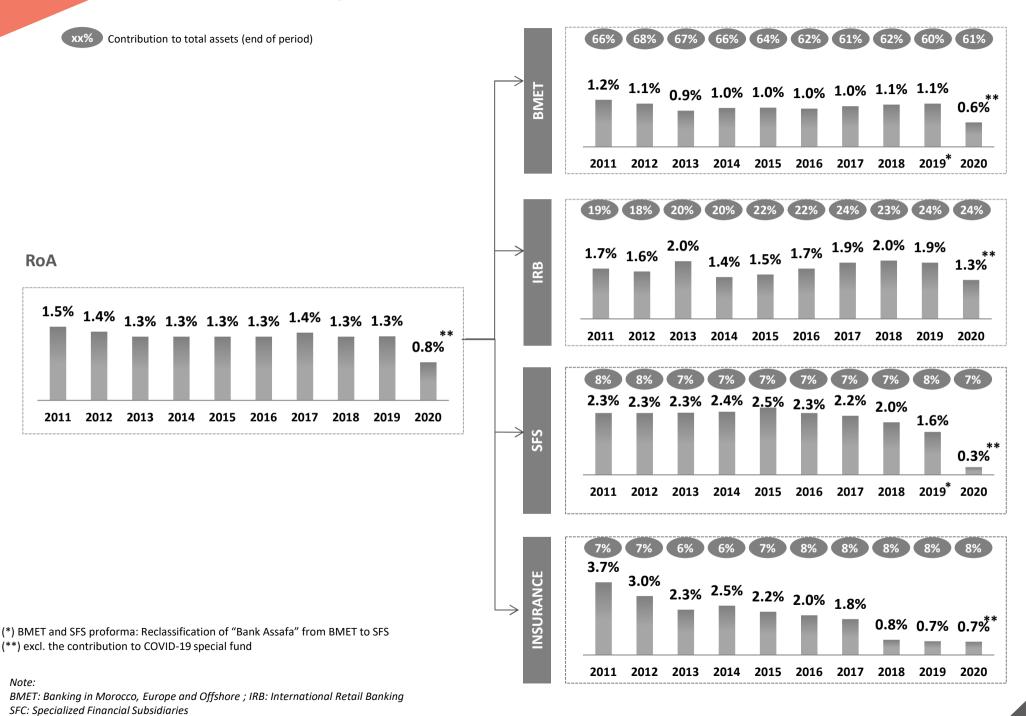
Bank in Morocco		
LCR	202%	
CAR	14.9% ^F	
Tier1	11.4% ^F	
On a consolidated basis		
LCR	198%	
	13.4% ^F	
CAR	13.4% ^F	
Tier1	13.4% ^F	

Back up

Cost of risk by business line between 2011 and FY 2020



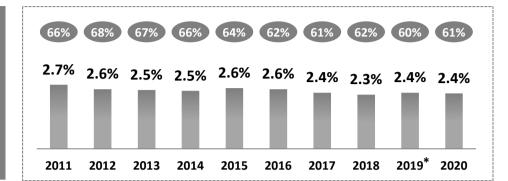
RoA by business line between 2011 and FY2020



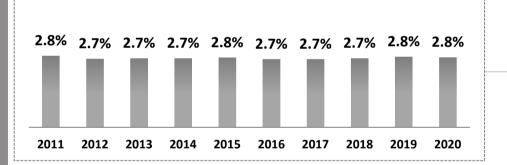
Net interest margin by business line between 2011 and FY2020

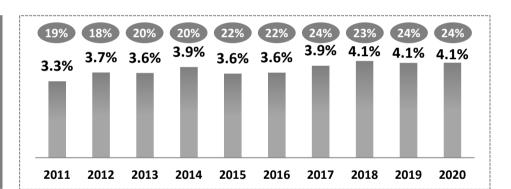
xx% Contribution to total assets (end of period)

BMET



Net interest margin/ Total assets (end of period)

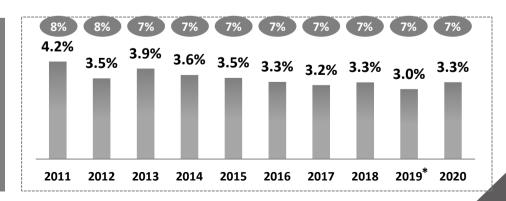




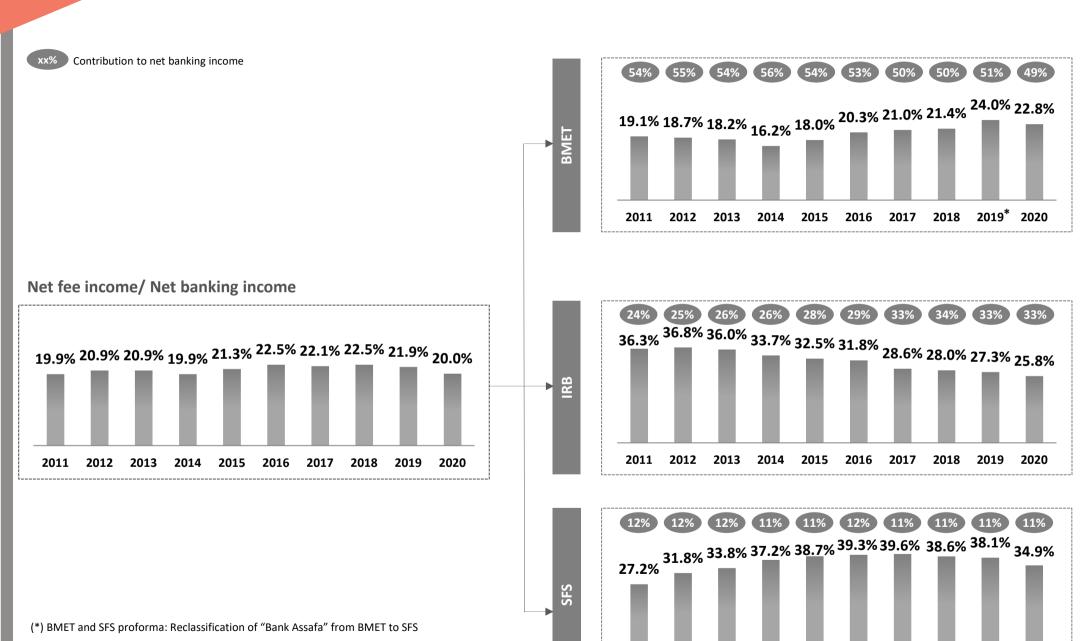
(*) BMET and SFS proforma: Reclassification of "Bank Assafa" from BMET to SFS

Note:

BMET: Banking in Morocco, Europe and Offshore ; IRB: International Retail Banking SFC: Specialized Financial Subsidiaries



Net fee income by business line between 2011 and FY2020



BMET: Banking in Morocco, Europe and Offshore ; IRB: International Retail Banking SFC: Specialized Financial Subsidiaries

Note:

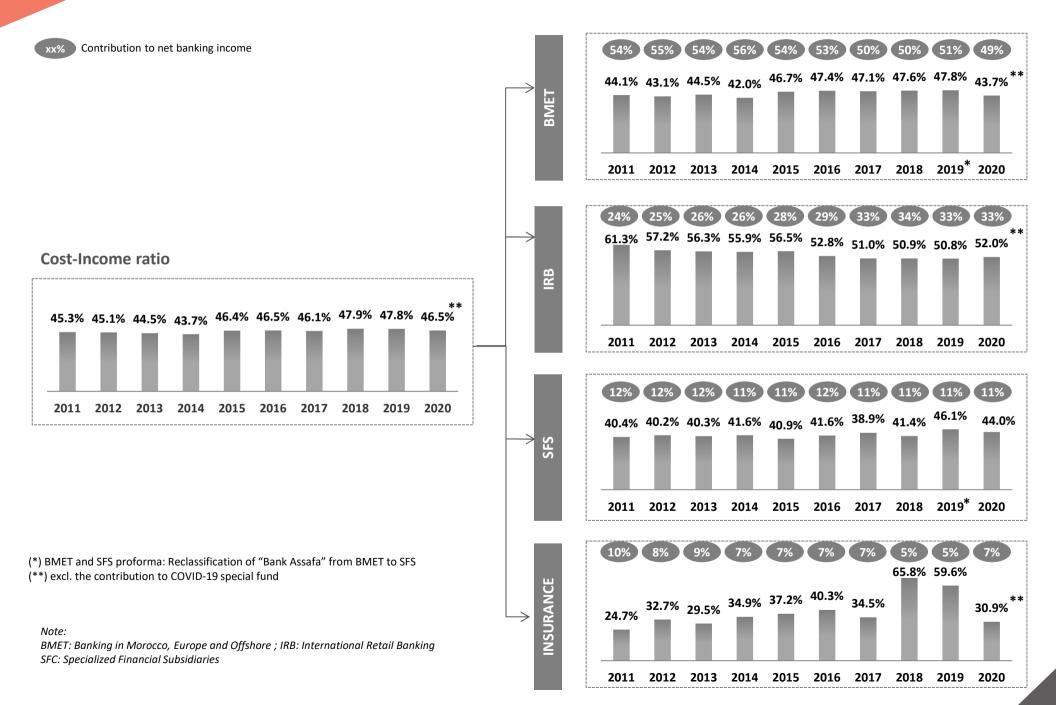
2017 2018 2019^{*} 2020

2015

2014

2016

Cost-Income ratio by business line between 2011 and FY 2020



Key measures taken by the Moroccan government and Central Bank to manage the global Covid-19 pandemic and its socio-economic impacts

Executive Summary

- An early declaration of a state of health emergency and 3 months lockdown period in order to mitigate the pandemic health impacts
- Several economic measures deployed by the government to support Moroccan companies through injection of MAD 120bn into the economy (~11% of GDP) including MAD 75bn (~8% 2019 loans) new government backed loans
- Various social measures deployed by the government in order to help and support
 ~5.5m Moroccan vulnerable households
- Significant support from Bank Al Maghrib easing its monetary policy and supporting the banking sector liquidity

Implementation of a recovery plan

Injection of MAD 120bn into the economy (~11% of GDP)

Loans guaranteed by the government

- MAD 75bn targeting a wide range of economic sectors and business segments
- For all business segments including the business most affected by the crisis:
 - "DAMANE OXYGENE" to help VSMEs to finance their expenses during the lockdown period
 - "DAMANE RELANCE" to support compagnies restarting their business after the lockdown: "DAMANE RELANCE VSE", "DAMANE RELANCE SME" and "DAMANE RELANCE HÔTELIER"

New strategic investment fund

- MAD 45bn (MAD 30bn from national and international institutions and MAD 15bn financed by the government - 2020 Finance Law) in order to:
 - Finance investments projects through public-private partnerships
 - Reinforce strategic compagnies' equity

Prevention and business continuity plan

The Group has implemented a series of measures for its COVID-19 prevention plan to ensure business continuity, to reduce the risk of spreading, and to control the risks and impact on its P&L and balance sheet

Health safety
and protectic
of employees
and customers

Implementation of a rigorous, strict health protocol to limit the transmission/spreading of the virus: restricted access between the various sites for employees and external suppliers, limited access to branches, and measures introduced to ensure social distancing, gel distribution, face masks, etc.



Up to 70% of employees of various headquarters working remotely

- Introduction of a specific procedure for hygiene and cleaning
- Optimized management of employees and work spaces at central and network sites (on-site physical presence, remote working, team rotation, paid leave)
- Suspension of meetings, events and travel, with video conferences encouraged (as from February 24, before the first cases are recorded in countries of operations)
- Establishment of a protocol for free medical and social services: availability of PCR tests for all employees, with regularly scheduled targeted testing; free treatment of suspect cases (positive or contact); psychological support for employees; remote working for all fragile employees; special COVID loan for employees whose household has been affected by lower revenues; regular, proactive internal communication, etc.



27K PCR tests administered

On average 2 tests per employee in the hardest-hit countries (e.g., Morocco)

Implementation

of BCP



- Identification, duplication and distribution of BCP teams at various sites
- Identification of critical duties/employees, separation of teams and activation of backup sites
- Identification of backup teams working remotely but able to intervene if needed
- Faster availability of infrastructures and appropriate technological solutions (IT solutions, VPN, video conferences, etc.) and encouragement to use distance channels and remote working
- Implementation of supervisory and safety procedures adapted to the new work organization
- Introduction of an interaction policy for "sensitive" suppliers in terms of business continuity
- Preparation of logistics and safety procedures in the event of tighter lockdown conditions or extreme scenarios



~100% of services maintained in all countries of operations

Prevention and business continuity plan

The Group has implemented a series of measures for its COVID-19 prevention plan to ensure business continuity, to reduce the risk of spreading, and to control the risks and impact on its P&L and balance sheet

Financial adaptability



 A liquidity crisis management unit was set up after the outbreak of the crisis, with voluntary actions plans implemented to strengthen liquidity buffers in local and foreign currencies



+100 bps de Tier1 in 2020

- Implementation of a **capital reinforcement plan** and use of levers to soften the impact of lower 2020 results on solvency ratios
- Review of risk appetite framework favoring customer activities over own-account activities, thereby protecting the P&L against financial market volatility
- Faster implementation of three-year optimization plan for expenses and investments



+50 points liquidity ratio in 2020

Dialogue with governments and regulatory authorities



Active member and driving force for proposals on Morocco's Economic Monitoring Committee

Ongoing dialogue with representative institutions from the private sector (industry associations and federations representing companies, chambers of commerce and industry, etc.), unions, the media and various ministerial departments in the countries of operations

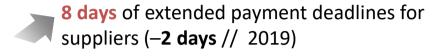
- Ongoing interaction with central banks
- Driving force for proposals concerning regulatory and legal changes (e.g., electronic signature bill in Morocco for faster digital development)

Supporting and helping our customers and communities in all countries of operations

Attijariwafa bank has introduced a series of measures to help customers and "communities" in various segments and geographic areas of operations to meet the COVID 19 challenges and its unprecedented socioeconomic effects

Supporting our customers and communities in all countries of operations

 Introduction of "fast track" procedure for Covid 19 purchases and an electronic payment system for suppliers

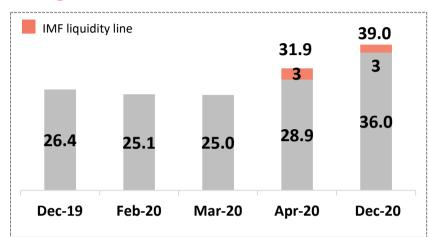


- Implementation of nonfinancial aid to help customers and project initiators during this unprecedented period, especially:
 - Launch of **DigiDam**, a DAM internet platform (training, consulting, B2B, etc.)
 - Regular dialogue with sector federations and professional associations
 - Implementation of quality opinion polls and surveys to understand the impact of the crisis on customers and their needs
 - Organization of a series of thematic digital conferences and webinars relating to various effects of the COVID 19 health crisis with regard to health, economic, psychologic, social and societal aspects

- 10,000 VSE founded, 2,000 remote meetings held and 42 B2B sectors
- 15 meetings with sector federations
- 5 quality surveys
- 20 webinars organized

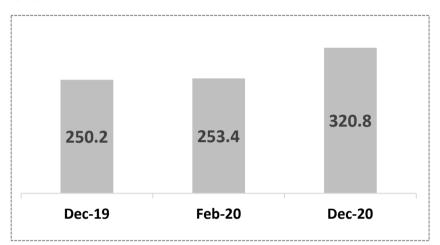
Moroccan banking sector liquidity: exogenous factors

Foreign reserves in USD bn



- Improvement of foreign reserves (even excluding IMF liquidity line)
- Decrease of inflows offset by the significant drop in outflows

Cash in MAD bn



 Significant increase of cash due to the monthly assistance to vulnerable households distributed mainly in cash

	2019	2020	Change in MMAD	Change in %
Imports	527.5	440.5	-87.0	-16.5%
Imports excl. Energy	451.2	390.7	-60.5	-13.4%
Exports	423.4	356.1	-67.4	-15.9%
Exports excl. phosphates	374.5	305.3	-69.2	-18.5%
Tourism	57.8	25.8	-32.0	-55.3%
Remittances from MLA	64.8	68.0	+3.2	-5.0%

Key measures taken by the Bank Al Maghrib (BAM) and impacts on AWB

Monetary policy

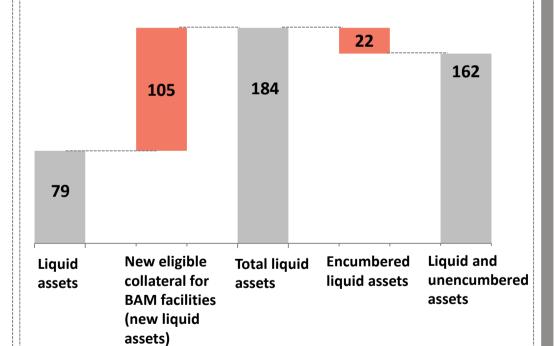
- 2 successive cuts in key interest rate to 1.50% (25bps in March and 50 bps in June 2020)
- Mandatory cash reserve at 0% of deposits vs. 2% before

Liquidity

Main measures implemented by BAM

- New FCY facility instruments put in place by BAM
 - Foreign currencies funding, guaranteed by an eligible collateral denominated in foreign currency or in dirhams
 - Foreign currency swaps against dirham
- Extension of assets accepted as collateral with BAM to include:
 - Debt securities, denominated in dirhams or in foreign currencies, issued by companies and public establishments
 - Debt securities issued by collective investment funds in securitization
 - Bonds issued by finance companies
 - Loans with the Government guarantees
 - Loans on Public Enterprises and Establishments
 - Mortgage backed loans
 - Broadening of VSE (very small enterprises) refinancing program to capital working loans in addition to investment loans
- Authorization of banks, if necessary, to use, during the second quarter of 2020, the liquidity buffers constituted in the form of High Quality Liquid Assets below the minimum LCR ratio, noting that the widening of eligible collateral for operations with BAM is likely to allow banks to best preserve these buffers
- Promotion of the use of mobile payments and reduction of cash currency stock

Impacts on AWB liquid and free assets (HQLA) in MAD billion, December 31, 2020



BAM: Moroccan Central Bank